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Part I.—Notifications by Government.

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PUBLIC DEPARTMENT

(Public)

PERSONAL STAFF

APPOINTMENT

G.O. 100, August 27, 1916.

No. 548.—His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make the following appointment on his Personal staff:—

Captain Ernest Henry Gilpin, 1st Battalion, Durham Light Infantry, to officiate as Aide-de-camp to His Excellency the Governor with effect from the 1st day of July 1916, and William Duncan Forbes Lister, Esq., (Indian Police) nominated.

LEAVE

G.O. 100, September 5, 1916.

No. 360.—Mr. Arthur Lionel Tibot, I.C.S., privilege leave for thirteen days with effect from the 1st day of September 1916 under article 110 of the Civil Service Regulations.

TRANSFER

G.O. 100, August 24, 1916.

No. 367.—Mr. Robert James MacKean, I.C.S., to the Revenue Division of the Madras District.

VOLUNTEERS

TRANSFERS.

Gatoomand, September 5, 1914.

SACRAMENTO PORTERS' MESSING HOUSE.

No. 519.—Captain Edward Oakes King is transferred to the Sacramento Messing House. Dated the 16th August 1914.

NOTIFICATIONS

Gatoomand, September 5, 1914.

No. 518.—The following notification of the Government of India are republished:—

HOME DEPARTMENT

PATROL.

Sole, the 12th August 1914.

No. 1000.—In pursuance of the provision of section 2 of the Foreigners Ordinance (III of 1914), as in force in virtue of the Emergency Legislative Ordinance No. 100 (1915), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall take effect in the third column of the schedule annexed to the Home Department Notification No. 100, of the 12th August 1914, as subsequently amended, namely:—

For the figures "25" and "45" relating to the age of male subjects of the Dutch Empire the figures "17" and "46" respectively shall be substituted.

ARMY DEPARTMENT

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Sole, the 12th August 1914.

ASSISTANTS, PORTERS AND MESSENGERS.

Sole, the 12th August 1914.

No. 998.—Major Thomas Spinks Esq, I.M.S., to be Medical Officer, to III (existing vacancy). Dated the 16th July 1914.

Major Volunteer Spinks

No. 999.—Lieutenant Walter Spinks to be Second Lieutenant, to III (existing vacancy). Dated the 16th July 1914.

Lieut. Walter Spinks

No. 998.—Lieutenant Colonel Perry Douglas Arbuthnot is granted necessary sick of Colonel. Dated the 1st April 1914.

DAVIDSON,
Sole and Secretary.

(MINE)

APPOINTMENTS

Gatoomand, September 2, 1914.

No. 41.—Mr. Frank Gordon Smith, Port Officer as Comanda, to be Personal Assistant to the President Port Officer and Agent for Government Commissioners, Malacca, as Lieutenant Commander F. Soley, retired.

No. 42.—Mr. Thomas Clapton, Port Officer, Georgetown, to be Port Officer, Comanda, Mr. M. E. G. Smith, transferred.

[The same Public Department (Marine) Notification No. 41, dated the 16th August 1914, published on page 104 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated the 12th August 1914, per Mr. T. Clapton to Vol. 100.]

NOTIFICATION

Gatoomand, August 20, 1914.

No. 51.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

NOTIFICATION.

Sole, the 12th August 1914.

No. 7117-345-W.-I.—In modification of the Notification in this department No. 1000-W., dated the 29th November 1914, No. 629-W., dated the 11th December 1915, and No.

1915-W., dated the 29th April 1915, the following Order in Council is published for general information:—

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

THE 17th MAY OR JULY 1915.

P R E S E N T :

The King's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas by an Order in Council, dated the 26th day of August, 1914, His Majesty was pleased to declare that during the present hostilities the provisions of the Declaration of London should, subject to certain additions and modifications therein specified, be adapted and put in force by His Majesty's Government:

And whereas the said Declaration was adopted as aforementioned in connexion with His Majesty's Alliance:

And whereas it has been necessary for His Majesty and for His Allies from time to time to issue further enactments modifying the application of the articles of the said Declaration:

And whereas Orders in Council for this purpose have been issued by His Majesty on the 29th day of October, 1914, the 20th day of October, 1915, and the 26th day of March, 1916:

And whereas the issue of these successive Orders in Council may have given rise to some doubt as to the intention of His Majesty, or also as to that of His Allies, as to the strict accordance with the law of nations, and it is therefore expedient to withdraw the said Orders so far as they are now in force:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Declaration of London Order in Council No. 2, 1914, and all Orders subsequent thereto regarding the said matter are hereby withdrawn:

And His Majesty is pleased further to declare, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, and it is hereby ordered, that it is and always has been His intention, as it is and has been that of His Allies, to exercise their belligerent rights at sea as strict accordance with the law of nations:

And whereas on account of the changed conditions of commerce and the diversity of practice doubts might arise in certain matters as to the rules which His Majesty and His Allies regard as being in conformity with the law of nations, and it is expedient to deal with such matters specifically:

It is hereby ordered that the following provisions shall be observed:—

(a) The hostile destination required for the condemnation of contraband articles shall be presumed to exist, until the contrary is shown if the goods are consigned to or for an enemy authority, even agent of the enemy State, or to or for a person in territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy, or to or for a person who, during the present hostilities, has forwarded contraband goods to an enemy authority, or an agent of the enemy State, or to or for a person in territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy, or if the goods are consigned "in order," or if the ship's papers do not show who is the real consignee of the goods.

(b) The principle of continuous voyage or ultimate destination shall be applicable both in cases of contraband and of blockade.

(c) A neutral vessel carrying contraband with papers indicating a neutral destination, which, notwithstanding the destination shown on the papers, proceeds to an enemy port, shall be liable to capture and condemnation if she is ascertained to use the red of her ensign voyage.

(d) A vessel carrying contraband shall be liable to capture and condemnation if the contraband, reckoned either by value, weight, volume, or freight forms more than half the cargo.

And it is hereby further ordered as follows:—

(i) Nothing herein shall be deemed to affect the Order in Council of the 11th March, 1915, for restricting further the commerce of the enemy or any of His Majesty's Proclamations declaring nations to be contraband of war during the present hostilities.

(ii) Nothing herein shall affect the validity of anything done under the Orders in Council heretofore withdrawn.

(iii) Any case or proceeding commenced in any Prize Court before the making of this Order and, if the Court thinks just, be heard and decided under the provisions of the Orders hereby withdrawn so far as they were in force at the date when such case or proceeding was commenced, or would have been applicable, in such case or proceeding if the Order had not been made.

The Order may be cited as "The Maritime Rights Order in Council, 1915."

And the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and each of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the President of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice, all other Judges of His Majesty's Prize Courts, and all Governors, Officers, and Authorities whom it may concern, are to give the necessary directions herein as to their duty respectively appertaining.

ALFRED FISHER,

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

HOME DEPARTMENT

(Judicial)

LEAVE

Obituary, August 28, 1915.

No. 475.—Mr. Ralph Stanley Wilson, Assistant Superintendent of Police in charge of House subdivisions, Police District, combined provisions here and hereinafter as ordered certificate for one year from date of issue under articles 244, 245 (Amend. 212 of the Civil Service Regulations.

POSTINGS

Obituary, August 24, 1915.

No. 476.—M.R.Sy. Gollakota Gangadharan Venkayya Gura, temporary Subordinate Judge, Calicut, is posted to the permanent Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

No. 477.—M.R.Sy. Vennambal Arari Nannamko Acharyya Aravall, temporary Subordinate Judge, Bellary, is posted to the temporary Sub-Court, Calicut.

No. 478.—M.R.Sy. Krishnaswami Chettiar Sundaram Chetti Aravall, acting Subordinate Judge, is posted to the temporary Sub-Court, Bellary.

Obituary, September 3, 1915.

No. 479.—M.R.Sy. Subbaraj Krishnaswami Aravall, Deputy Superintendent of Police and acting Prisoner, Central Prison, Vellore, on relief, to be in charge of Kurnool sub-division, Trichinopoly District.

No. 480.—M.R.Sy. Madhav Palha Aravall Subbaraj Aravall, Deputy Superintendent of Police in charge of Kurnool sub-division, Trichinopoly District, on relief, to be Permanent Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, South Arcot District.

PROMOTIONS

Obituary, August 25, 1915.

No. 481.—M.R.Sy. Alampadi C. Subbaraj Aravall, Subordinate Judge, second grade, to be sub. pro tem. Subordinate Judge, first grade, with effect from the 15th August 1915.

Obituary, as the retirement of M.R.Sy. Subbaraj A. Subbaraj Aravall, Subordinate Judge, first grade, with effect from the 15th September 1915.

No. 482.—M.R.Sy. Kannevar Krishnaswami Acharyya Aravall, Subordinate Judge, second grade, and sub. pro tem. Subordinate Judge, first grade, to be Subordinate Judge, first grade.

No. 483.—M.R.Sy. Gollakota Gangadharan Venkayya Gura, Subordinate Judge, second grade, to be sub. pro tem. Subordinate Judge, first grade.

No. 484.—M.R.Sy. Tadjala Venkateswara Aravall Gura, Subordinate Judge, third grade, and sub. pro tem. Subordinate Judge, second grade, to be Subordinate Judge, second grade.

No. 485.—M.R.Sy. Aravall Nannamko Acharyya Aravall, Subordinate Judge, third grade, to be sub. pro tem. Subordinate Judge, second grade.

No. 486.—M.R.Sy. Krishnaswami Chettiar Sundaram Chetti Aravall, Subordinate Judge, third grade, and sub. pro tem. Subordinate Judge, third grade.

No. 487.—Mr. Ponnal Coomaraswami Lobo, temporary Subordinate Judge, to be sub. pro tem. Subordinate Judge, third grade.

No. 488.—M.R.Sy. Krishnaswami Chettiar Sundaram Chetti Aravall, District Munsif, first grade, to be sub. pro tem. Subordinate Judge, third grade.

INVESTIGATOR OF POWERS

Obituary, August 28, 1915.

No. 489.—Under the provisions of section 24 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. John Byrne Telford to be a special magistrate for the town of Coimbatore, in the district of the Nilgiris, for a period of five years, or longer if cause coming before the Bench constituted for such term under Notification No. 474, dated the 11th October 1907, published at pages 1274-1275, Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated the 21st October 1907, or amended by Notification No. 231, dated the 15th April 1910, published at page 210 of the Port St. George Gazette, dated the 9th May 1910, and to exercise as such in respect of such cases, all the authority powers conferred by a magistrate of the second class under section 26 of the Code, except the powers conferred by sections 83, 84, 85, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133 and 134.

Continued, August 30, 1916.

No. 496.—Under section 15 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, M.R.R. Gopal Ashwayer Sivaramalingam, Ashwayer Aravind alias Deputy Collector, in the District of South Arcot, is appointed to be a magistrate of the first class, and under section 21 he is invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a magistrate of that class, except the power to try cases summarily under section 26.

No. 497.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.R. Karadigudi Gopala Mahalingam Mangaraj Mahalingam Aravind to be a special magistrate for the town of Neyyeroor, in the District of Tanjore, with the powers and subject to the terms and conditions specified in Notification No. 415, dated the 30th October 1915, published at pages 1804 and 1805 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette* of the 1915 issue, as amended by Notifications Nos. 600, dated the 24th May 1916, and 567, dated the 7th August 1916, published at pages 745 and 799 of Part I of the *Port St. George Gazette*, dated the 16th June 1915 and the 14th August 1916, respectively.

No. 498.—Under section 157 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officers are authorized to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand in the English language:—

M.R.R. Nandyal Sarganatha Asheri Aravind, First-class Magistrate, in the District of Tanjore.

Continued, August 31, 1916.

M.R.R. Thamarasa Sarganayagam Rao Pandita Gera, First-class Magistrate, in the District of Kanara.

Mr. Edward Hamilton Wallis, Sessions Judge of Tanjore.

M.R. By Subrahmanya Sastri Mahalingam Sivas Aravind, Acting Sessions Judge at Tanjore.

WITHDRAWAL OF POWERS

Continued, August 30, 1916.

No. 499.—Under the provisions of section 42 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Government in Council withdraws the powers of a special magistrate for the town of Neyyeroor, in the District of Tanjore, conferred on Mahamand Naik Marudhayer Mohamand Ghouse Mahalingam Subai Behadar, who has resigned his appointment.

NOTIFICATIONS

Continued, June 15, 1916.

No. 504.—OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL OF MADRAS.

Items on the powers and duties of the Administrator-General of Madras, with an appendix containing the rules regulating his office.

Who is the Administrator-General of Madras.—The Administrator-General of Madras is an official appointed by Government to carry out the provisions of the law relating to the succession of persons who are leaving property within the limits of the Presidency of Madras. These provisions of law will be found in the Administrator-General's Act (Act III of 1914) and the rules framed by Government under the powers conferred by the Act (see G.O. No. 338, Judicial, dated 15th February 1915). Further the Administrator-General of Madras is, by the above Act, the Legislature constituted a corporation who with personal succession and as a civil servant (section 5). The effect of this provision is, that the Administrator-General of Madras can never die. The individuals who hold that office may die, but their rights and duties go on for ever uninterrupted by the change, resignation or death of any particular holder. One great advantage to the public is that fresh letters of administration, etc., have not to be taken out by each successive Administrator-General. Suppose a private individual takes out letters of administration to an estate and dies before he has completely administered the estate committed to his charge, in this country the law is that the executor or administrator of an assigned administrator cannot proceed to the administration of the deceased power. Therefore fresh letters of administration have to be taken out to the estate of the deceased in case the original administrator has died without having fully administered the estate. An already pointed out this is not the case with the Administrator-General of Madras.

Again, in the case of a private administration, security is always required by the Court, either to a large amount, before powers or letters of administration are granted. The Administrator-General of Madras is not required to furnish any such security (section 12). He can also sue and be sued in the name of office, so that no suit abates or is delayed on account of the death or resignation of any individual Administrator-General (section 13).

His jurisdiction.—The jurisdiction of the Administrator-General of Madras includes the Presidency of Madras, the Province of Coorg and each of the territories of Native States as the Governor-General in Council may direct (section 11 (3) (4)). These territories have been declared to be

(1) The States in the political control of the Government of Madras, i.e.

(a) Travancore, (b) Cochin, (c) Pudukkottai, (d) Bangalore, (e) Saurashtra.

(2) Hyderabad.

(3) Mysore.

(4) The portions of the Kingdom of Srirangapatna comprised by the Raipur-Vinayagapura section of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway (S.O. No. 1023, Judicial, dated 7th May 1914).

This definition empowers the Administrator-General of Madras to exercise jurisdiction throughout the whole of Southern India. The advantage to the public is that whereas a private applicant for probate or letters of administration in the case of estates partly situated in the States above named is obliged to apply first to the courts of Madras and secondly to the courts of the States concerned, the Administrator-General of Madras may include in his petition for probate or letters of administration all property whether situated in British India or in any of the States above named, thus saving the trouble and expense of two or more grants of probate or letters of administration.

Power of the Administrator-General of Madras.—(1) The Administrator-General of Madras may be appointed executor of a will (but as a private person may be, but where this is done the Administrator-General of Madras should always be appointed the sole executor. It is sufficient to say "I appoint the Administrator-General of Madras to be the executor of this my will"). It is often the practice of persons who have appointed the Administrator-General of Madras executor of their will to lodge the same with the Administrator-General. This is convenient as it obviates any uncertainty as to the death of the testator or whether he has died leaving a will or not and who affords such security for such will. It has this further advantage that the Administrator-General of Madras being free from the necessity of finding any security for his acts of administration—(section 25)—can proceed with his petition for probate immediately. It may be added that it would be a great convenience to the Administrator-General of Madras if persons who either have executed or intend to execute his will as executor would kindly notify him of the fact. They may also forward their wills for safe custody or not as they may be desired.

(2) Any private person who has obtained probate or letters of administration to the estate of a deceased person may with the previous sanction of the Administrator-General of Madras transfer to the latter by an instrument in writing notified in the official gazette the care of the estate of which he has been executor or administrator. After the date of such transfer the liabilities of the private executor or administrator cease and the liability of the Administrator-General of Madras begins as if probate or letters of administration had been granted to him at the date of the transfer (section 35). Private executors and administrators may be this provision release themselves of the heavy responsibility attaching to such probate and transfer their duties to a department which is well accustomed to deal with such matters.

(3) A private person may apply for a grant of letters of administration as being the next-of-kin of the deceased. It sometimes happens that in the course of proceedings to obtain such letters of administration the person is unable to furnish the requisite security or comply with other requisition demanded by the court. On such failure the court has power to grant letters of administration to the Administrator-General of Madras (section 13).

(4) The Administrator-General of Madras may also become administrator with the will annexed as for example where a person has died leaving a will duly executed but has omitted to appoint an executor. In such a case the administration proceeds on the lines laid down by the will.

(5) The Administrator-General of Madras may also be granted letters of administration under the provisions of the Regiments' Estates Act, 1865 (No. 44 of 1865, s. 6) in respect of the estates of deceased persons who are subject to the Army Act.

(6) Limited powers.—The Administrator-General may administer under a limited grant, i.e., during the minority or absence of a person with a better right to administer than he has or until such person shall apply for a final grant to himself.

(7) In the case of an intestate. These powers are by far the larger proportion of the cases which fall under the administration of the Administrator-General of Madras.

The Act draws a sharp distinction for this purpose between "excepted" persons, i.e., Indian Christians, Hindus, Muhammadans, Parsis, Buddhists and persons exempted under the provisions of the Indian Succession Act (Act X of 1925) and others. These others may, speaking generally, be said to be Europeans and Anglo-Indians.

(1) Dealing first with the latter class, i.e., non-excepted persons, the Administrator-General (section 9) is obliged to take proceedings in certain forms of administration provided:—

(a) the deceased have left assets within the Presidency of Madras amounting in value to a thousand rupees;

(b) no person interested in the same has, within one month of the death, applied to the Presidency for probate of his will or letters of administration to his estate.

The rules require the Administrator-General to transmit the post-mortem (where there are known to exist) as to whether they desire to administer themselves before he proceeds

further [Rule I (7)]. The next-of-kin always have a better right to administration than the Administrator-General. In cases where they do not desire to administer or neglect to do so, as Power of Attorney is necessary to empower the Administrator-General to proceed with his administration.

The rules also require the Administrator-General to ascertain the wishes of relatives with regard to the disposal of the assets, due regard being paid to the rights of creditors and others. [Rule I (8).]

It may here be noted that the Administrator-General has a better right to the grant of letters of administration than a next-of-kin, a legatee (unless he be an universal legatee) or a friend of the deceased (sections 7 and 8).

Though the Administrator-General is always liable to be postponed to any person who establishes his claim to probate of the will of the deceased or to letters of administration, as next-of-kin of the deceased, and given such priority as may be required by law—(section 12)—as superior or next-of-kin of the deceased who claims probate or grant of letters of administration in preference to the Administrator-General should establish his claim *before* letters of administration are granted to the Administrator-General, but in the case of persons who have not been previously served with the citation, or have not had notice of such claim in time to appear, the Act (section 14 to 17) makes provision for the revocation of any grant made to the Administrator-General and for a grant to be made in its place to the applicant in preference to the Administrator-General. The requisite, apart from the necessity of showing this, is that the applicant to revoke the grant to the Administrator-General should be made within six months after the grant to the Administrator-General, and the Court is satisfied that there has been an unreasonable delay in making the application (section 18).

If in such cases a petitioner has claim within a time deemed to be reasonable by the Court or establishes himself as next-of-kin to grant of letters of administration in opposition to the Administrator-General but fails to give security, &c., the Court may grant letters of administration to the Administrator-General (section 15). In any case the Administrator-General is not precluded from applying for letters of administration within one month from the death of the deceased (section 16).

(2) In the case of persons, whether "exempted" or not, who die leaving assets within the Admiralty District of Christ Church the High Court the Court has power to make an order directing the Administrator-General to apply for letters of administration to the estate of such person. In order to found the jurisdiction of the High Court the letter must be satisfied

(a) that danger is to be apprehended of misappropriation, deterioration or waste of such assets unless letters of administration of the estate are granted. This order may be made upon the application of the Administrator-General or of any person interested in the due administration of the assets. In such a case the Court may direct that the Administrator-General be indemnified against costs and other expenses. In practice this direction is always given.

(b) The Court may refuse such an application in the case of the estate of an exempted person (i.e., an Indian Christian, Hindu, Mohammedan, Parsi or Buddhist) or person exempted under section 202 of the Succession Act from its operation if the Court is satisfied that such grant is unnecessary for the protection of the assets (section 10).

(c) In the case of persons whether "exempted" or not who die leaving assets within the Admiralty District or the ordinary original and jurisdiction of any of the High Courts and the Court is satisfied (a) that there is no person immediately available who is legally entitled to succeed to such assets, or (b) that danger is to be apprehended that such assets will be lost or dissipated before the legal successor to them can be determined or before it can be determined whether or not the Administrator-General is entitled to letters of administration to such estate the Court may order the Administrator-General upon his own application or that of any person interested in the assets or their due administration to collect and take possession of such assets and to hold, deposit, realise, sell or lay out the same according to the directions of the Court.

An order of this nature entitles the Administrator-General to take proceedings to recover such assets and to apply if he thinks fit for letters of administration to the estate of such deceased person (section 11).

If the Administrator-General, after he has obtained letters of administration, receives a notice of the existence of a will or of any other fact which would render such letters of administration void, his rights are unaffected unless proceedings are commenced within one month from the time when he received such notice, to prove the will or to cause the letters of administration granted to the Administrator-General to be revoked and such proceedings are prosecuted without unreasonable delay (section 20).

The payments made by the Administrator-General and the other acts of the Administrator-General prior to revocation are validated by the Act (section 21).

In short the distinction drawn is that in the case of Europeans and Anglo-Indians the Administrator-General may take proceedings unless some person to whom the Court could commit administration has within one month after the death applied for probate of the will of the deceased or for letters of administration in his estate. It may be noted that in this case

the person may die before he has made assets according to the provisions of the Act, 1860 within the Presidency in which the Administrator-General has jurisdiction. Whereas in the case of "accepted" persons who die leaving assets within the original and jurisdiction of the High Court the Administrator-General has only power to administer under an order of the High Court. The consequence being that the High Court in giving such an order has been criticised above.

It frequently happens that executors and administrators of the estates of persons who have died out of India, e.g., in the United Kingdom, find it necessary to realize assets in India. There is often a difficulty in finding anybody to act for them in this country and it is therefore worth while bearing in mind that if any portion of such Indian assets are situated in the Presidency of Madras the Administrator-General of Madras can always take the necessary steps in this country and an execution will assist the proceeds to the executor or administrator abroad. A writ request in writing from the latter to the Administrator-General is sufficient.

Where a "non-accepted" person dies outside the Presidency town, it is the duty of the District Judge to report the fact with particulars to the Administrator-General (section 34).

Effect of probate or letters of administration granted to the Administrator-General.—(1) All property both movable and immovable of a deceased person whether "accepted" or otherwise vests in the Administrator-General on a grant of letters of administration to him (cf. *Attor v. Chatterjee*, *Chatterjee v. Chatterjee*—cf. *L.I.L.*, 34 Madras, page 1124).

(2) They have effect over all the assets throughout the Presidency. The High Court has also power to direct when granting the same that such probate or letters of administration shall have effect throughout and in every part of the Presidency (section 34).

(3) Such a grant is conclusive as to the representative title of the Administrator-General against all others of the deceased and all persons holding his assets.

(4) Such a grant entitles him accordingly to all debts owing to him and all persons delivering up the assets belonging to the deceased to the Administrator-General (section 34).

Provision is made in the Act for transfer to the Official Trustee of any assets that remain in the hands of the Administrator-General after he has satisfied the claims of creditors and legacies, etc. (section 27). After probate or letters of administration have been granted to the Administrator-General or an administrator, has been transferred to him, the Administrator-General is required by the rules to publish a notice in two consecutive issues of the *Port St. George Gazette* inviting claims from creditors, next-of-kin, legacies and others. Two times allowed for such claims is never less than one month from the first publication of this notice. Claims must be supported by proper evidence and when such claims are presented they are considered and either allowed or rejected by the Administrator-General. Claims which are rejected by the Administrator-General may be prosecuted by means of legal proceedings commenced within one month after notice of rejection and passed without unnecessary delay (section 36). Otherwise the rejected claimant will have no remedy against the assets of the deceased in the hands of the Administrator-General. This does not however preclude the claimant from following the assets in the hands of the persons to whom they have been distributed. This is only reasonable as it is obviously unfair to delay the distribution of the assets longer than is absolutely necessary.

The Act contains a valuable provision whereby the Administrator-General or any person interested in the assets of the deceased administration thereof may apply to the Court for directions to be given to the Administrator-General as to any return in his charge or in regard to the administration of any such estate (section 28). The practice of the Madras High Court is to allow such applications to be made by means of a Judge's summons bearing a five-rupee stamp. An order made by the Court under this section has the same effect as a decree (section 16).

Grant of certificates of administration.—(a) When a person has died (whether "accepted" or not) leaving assets within this Presidency and according to the date of death or the whole or some portion of the assets in value the Administrator-General may, after the elapse of one month from the date of death or before the elapse of the month if requested in writing by the executor or widow of the deceased or other person entitled to administer the estate, grant to any person claiming to be interested in such assets or to the duly administration thereof otherwise than as a creditor a certificate of administration. This certificate will enable the holder to receive the assets of the deceased as therein mentioned.

This is an expeditious and inexpensive way of obtaining succession to small estates and it will however incur the liability of loss [see rule 12 (1) (4)] that the charge for the grant of such certificate is only 3 per cent on the value of the assets. No certificate can be granted, however, where probate or letters of administration have been granted, nor can the certificate effect any deposit in a Government Savings Bank or Provident Fund. These institutions have their own rules for payment out to the widow or other legal representatives of the deceased and these rules are not affected by the Administrator-General's Act (section 21).

(b) If, under the circumstances set out under (a) above, nobody applies within three months of the death for a certificate as mentioned above or the probate or letters of administration and the deceased was not an accepted person or if an accepted person had left assets within the original and jurisdiction of the High Court, the Administrator-General has power to administer the estate without letters of administration. In such a case if the Administrator-General

neglects or refuses to administer such estate a creditor has the right to the grant of a *certificata*, provided the Administrator-General may if he thinks fit require the creditor to give reasonable security for the due administration of the estate (section 55).

In neither of the cases (a) and (b) above is the Administrator-General bound to grant the *certificata* unless he is satisfied by evidence (1) of the title of the applicant; and (2) of the value of the assets left by the deceased within the Presidency. Applicants for *certificata* must therefore be prepared to satisfy the Administrator-General on both these points. The practice of the Administrator-General of Madras is to take evidence on applications for grants of *certificata* on *Friday* between 3 p.m. and 5 p.m.

Previous notice of such application should be given in writing to the Administrator-General and an appointment obtained.

The effect of such a *certificata* is precisely the same as if the holder were the grantee of Letters of Administration except that he is relieved from the necessity of filing accounts or inventories of the assets and from giving any security (except possibly in the case of a creditor) for the due administration of the estate.

The Administrator-General may revoke a *certificata* granted by him on the ground—

(a) that a *certificata* was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation;

(b) that the *certificata* was obtained by means of an untrue allegation of a material fact, though such allegation was made in ignorance or inadvertently (section 55).

When a *certificata* is thus revoked the holder must deliver it up to the Administrator-General (section 56).

After the Administrator-General has revoked such a *certificata* or certifies that the value of the estate exceed Rs. 1,000 he may take out Letters of Administration to the estate (section 57).

The Administrator-General as the holder of a *certificata* after discharging the lawful claims against the estate in this country may, in the case of a person not domiciled in British India and who has died leaving assets in the Presidency and in his country of domicile, transfer any surplus assets to the executor or grantee of Letters of Administration in such country of domicile for distribution to persons living outside British India who may be entitled (section 58).

Liability of Government.—The office of the Administrator-General of Madras being a public institution the revenues of the Government of India are liable to discharge any liability which the Administrator-General would be personally liable to discharge if he were a private administrator; except where either the Administrator-General or any of his officers has in any way contributed to the liability or where neither he nor his officers could by the exercise of reasonable diligence have averted (section 59).

A creditor of an estate who brings a suit against the Administrator-General will be ordered to pay the costs, unless he is prevented, he gave notice of his claim to the Administrator-General at least one month before he instituted the suit and had supported his claim by such evidence as the Administrator-General was reasonably entitled to require (section 60).

Audit of the Administrator-General's accounts.—The public have thus a Government security in returning administrations to the Administrator-General and this is further strengthened by the fact that, under the rules regulating the office of the Administrator-General, his accounts are twice year audited by official auditors appointed by the Assistant-General of Madras. The expenses of this audit are borne by all the estates in proportion to the amount of their income-taxes. The auditors after examining the accounts are obliged to certify to Government that the books are correct and have been duly and regularly kept and the assets and securities duly kept, invested and disposed according to the Act and the rules made thereunder. Moreover the Administrator-General is obliged by the same rules twice a year to make up and deliver to Government schedules showing the receipts and expenditures and balances of all estates in his charge and of all *chuttees* in which the final balances have been paid to the persons entitled (section 45).

Fees chargeable by the Administrator-General.—There are fixed by and are payable to Government and are graduated according to the duties performed by the Administrator-General and the value of the assets collected by him. They range from 1 per cent to 7 per cent and are payable on the collection of the assets.

The table of fees and the rules relating thereto will be found in the appendix under rule I I.

Investments by the Administrator-General.—The Administrator-General is obliged to invest the cash balances of estates in his charge when these exceed in value Rs. 100 after providing for ascertained outgoings.

His trust invest is

(a) Government securities;

(b) any investment authorised by the instrument (e.g. a will), if any, under which the Administrator-General holds the estate provided the beneficiaries request him to do so.

(c) Securities authorised by the Indian Trusts Act unless expressly forbidden by the instrument, if any.

The Administrator-General is however forbidden to invest on the mortgage of immovable property unless this form of investment has been previously sanctioned by the High Court.

All securities, shares, cash, &c., are under the rules lodged for safe custody in the Bank of Madras (rule VIII).

Inspection of the Administrator-General's accounts, &c.—A person interested in the administration of an estate is entitled to inspect the books, accounts or other documents of the Administrator-General provided he satisfies the Administrator-General that he is so interested and provides the person desiring such inspection shall, at least one clear day before the day on which he desires inspection, apply in writing to the Administrator-General setting forth the following particulars:—

- (a) His name and address.
- (b) The nature of the estate as to which inspection is desired.
- (c) The nature of his interest in such estate.
- (d) The day on which he desires inspection.

He shall also deposit with the application a stipulated fee of Rs. 1 which shall be refunded to the applicant in case inspection is not granted.

The Administrator-General will if satisfied as to the interest of the applicant in the estate or matter in question and also as to his bona fides appoint a time for inspection.

A fee estimated at the rate of Rs. 1 for every half hour or fraction thereof shall be paid by the applicant in respect of his inspection provided the latter does not relate to a closed estate. For a closed estate the corresponding fee is Rs. 5.

A person can obtain copies of or extracts from the records of the Administrator-General or the books, accounts or other documents belonging or relating to estates under the charge of the Administrator-General or copies of or extracts from the reports and certificates of the auditor provided he is a person who would be entitled to inspection as above.

A fee calculated at the rate of 4 annas per folio of 72 words shall be levied in respect of every copy or extract granted and if any such copy or extract is required to be certified by the Administrator-General as a "true copy" an additional fee of Rs. 1 shall be levied (rule VI).

Endorsed notes.—Assets which have been in the custody of the Administrator-General for twelve years and upwards without any application having been made and granted shall be transferred in the event of Government. If a claimant after such transfer comes forward he must establish his claim to the satisfaction of Government. If his claim is rejected by Government he may apply by petition to the High Court against the Secretary of State for India (section 50).

Office of the Administrator-General of Madras.—The Office of the Administrator-General of Madras is situated in the High Court Buildings, Madras, and is open from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m., except on Saturdays when it is open from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. The Administrator-General will always be glad to grant interviews on the subject of either old or new estates and to give any advice or information in his power. It would tend to avoid delay and disappointment if intending enquirers would in the first instance notify the Administrator-General in writing of their intention to call upon him and also of the points upon which they require advice or information. An appointment will then be made.

OFFICE OF THE OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF MADRAS.

Notes on the powers and duties of the Official Trustee of Madras with an appendix containing the rules regulating his office.

Who is the Official Trustee of Madras.—He is a public official appointed by Government and resembles the Public Trustee in England. He is constituted partly to provide a safe and efficient agency whereby trusts may be carried out, and partly to relieve private persons from the duty of looking after and administering trust property, duties which are often very onerous and responsible. The Official Trustee of Madras is constituted by the Act governing the office (Act II of 1902) a corporate sole and has perpetual succession and an official seal. By this provision the Official Trustee of Madras has a perpetual existence and although the individuals holding the office may be absent from India, become incapacitated, resign, or die, the office is continuously carried on without any interruption in the performance of its duties. The public are thus saved the trouble and expense of appointing fresh trustees when, as in the case of private trustees, they become incapacitated, desire to retire or die. Further the Official Trustee may sue or be sued in his corporate name, irrespective of the individual holding the office.

Jurisdiction.—The jurisdiction of the Official Trustee of Madras includes the Presidency of Madras, Coorg, and such of the territories of Native States as the Government-General in Council may think fit. These territories have been declared to be—

- | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| (1) The States in the political control of the Government of Madras— | |
| (a) Travancore. | (d) Bangalore. |
| (b) Cochin. | (e) Saurashtra. |
| (c) Pudukottai. | |

(2) Hyderabad, (3) Mysore, (4) the portions of the Kathiawar State occupied by the Rajpipla-Vatnagana sections of the Tropic-Narper railway (S.O. No. 1053, Judicial, dated

7th May 1916.) This notification empowers the Official Trustee to exercise jurisdiction through the whole of Southern Ladie (sections 5) (3) (4).

Powers and duties of the Official Trustee.—Generally the Official Trustee of Madras may (a) act as an ordinary trustee, (b) be appointed a trustee by a Court of competent jurisdiction, (section 7) with the following qualifications:—

(1) The Official Trustee may decline either absolutely or conditionally to accept any trust.

(2) He may not accept any trust under any compulsion or scheme of arrangement for the benefit of creditors.

(3) He may not accept a trust of any assets known or believed by him to be insolvent.

(4) The Official Trustee may accept any trust intended for the safeguarding and investment of the property of a religious institution or of a commercial undertaking or for the protection of the interests of the creditors of such institution or undertaking provided that he shall not be liable to see to the proper performance or carrying out of the objects of such religious or charitable institution or to see to the proper management or carrying on of the business of such commercial undertaking. (Rule X.)

(5) He shall not administer the estate of a deceased person unless he is appointed sole trustee or sole trustee under the will of such person.

(6) The Official Trustee must always be the sole trustee. It is not lawful to appoint the Official Trustee to be trustee along with any other person.

Appointment of the Official Trustee.—The Official Trustee may be appointed to administer a trust in any of the following cases:—

(1) A person intending to create a trust (a settlor) may with the consent of the Official Trustee and by means of an instrument creating the trust and vesting the trust property in the Official Trustee appoint the Official Trustee trustee of such property. Upon such appointment the property subject to the trust vests in the Official Trustee and is held by him upon the trusts declared by the instrument referred to, which must be executed by the Official Trustee (section 8).

Thus, the Official Trustee may be appointed trustee for the lifetime of a limited liability company, trustee of a settlement made upon earnings or one made for the benefit of the settlor's wife and children or other persons. He may also be appointed to take charge of funds intended for charitable or religious purposes provided he be not called upon to see to the application of the money (see supra).

(2) The Official Trustee may administer the estate of a deceased person if, as pointed out above, he is expressly appointed sole trustee of and sole trustee under the will of such person (section 7 (6)).

It is to be noted that in this case the deceased must have died testate and must have appointed the Official Trustee to be sole executor and trustee of his will. The Official Trustee has no concern with the administration of intestate estates which come under the supervision of the Administrator-General.

(3) The Official Trustee may be appointed trustee under a will without having been appointed executor thereof. In this case the executor or administrator after notifying the contents of the will by forwarding to the Official Trustee either the original will or the probate copy of the same (rule X2) may transfer to the Official Trustee, with his consent, the property subject to the trust by means of an instrument in writing which must be executed by the executor or administrator and by the Official Trustee and in which the content of the letter must be recited. Whereupon the property vests in the Official Trustee and is held by him upon the trusts expressed in the will (section 9).

(4) Private trustees may appoint the Official Trustee to be trustee in their stead by an instrument in writing which must be executed by them and by the Official Trustee and in which the content of the letter must be recited. Such an appointment may be made when all the private trustees or the surviving or continuing trustee or trustees as well as all the persons beneficially interested in the trust desire that the Official Trustee shall be appointed. Upon such appointment the property vests in the Official Trustee and is held by him upon the trusts to which it was held before his appointment, the private trustee or trustees being exempted from all liability save in respect of their acts before the date of such appointment (section 11).

This provision is intended to relieve private trustees and to save the necessity of appointing new trustees of a private trust as the old ones die or retire.

(5) The interest of an incapacitated person (i.e., an infant or lunatic) entitled to a gift, legacy or share of the assets of a deceased person, may be transferred to the Official Trustee by means of an instrument in writing which must recite the content of the Official Trustee and be duly executed by him. The transfer may be effected by a donor, an executor, or administrator in the case of a legacy or share, or by any trustee of such gift, legacy or share. Any money or property thus transferred to the Official Trustee shall vest in him and be subject to the same provisions as are contained in this Act as to other property vested in the Official Trustee (section 12).

This is also intended to relieve private persons from responsibility. It saves them from the necessity of applying to the Court for the appointment of a person to receive the gift, legacy or share, which the incapacitated person is entitled to, and enables private trustees or

administration to distribute and wind up the estate without having to retain assets as a fund for possibly a considerable time till the infant attains legal capacity or arrangements can be made whereby the estate may be benefited.

(5) The High Court may appoint the Official Trustee trustee of property, provided the property in question is already subject to a trust (other than a trust where the Official Trustee is prohibited from accepting under the provisions of the Act) and there is an trustee within the local limits of the ordinary or extraordinary original and jurisdiction of the High Court willing or capable to act as the trustee. The consent of the Official Trustee must be obtained and on such order being made the property vests in the Official Trustee and is held by him upon the same trusts as the property was held previously. The previous trustee or trustees, if any, shall be exempt from liability save in respect of acts done before the date of the order (section 10).

These measures deal with cases where disputes have arisen between trustees or between trustees and beneficiaries and the Court is of opinion that the trust funds should be administered by the Official Trustee.

(7) Property vested in the Official Trustee may be transferred again by him to—

- (a) The original trustee, if any.
- (b) Any other lawfully appointed trustee.
- (c) To any other person, if the Court so directs.

The Official Trustee is authorized to retain any fees due to him from and out of such property and after the date of such transfer is free from all liability as trustee of such property (section 12).

The Official Trustee is not to be required by any Court to enter into any bond or security upon any of those appointments referred to above and is therefore still in a better position than a private trustee (section 13). The Official Trustee is also empowered by the Act in addition to any other powers of expenditure lawfully accessible by him to incur expenditure on the following:—

(a) Such acts as may be necessary for the proper care and management of property belonging to any trust administered by him.

(b) Such the services of the High Court on such religious charitable and public objects and as such improvements as may be accessible and proper in the case of such property (section 14).

Liability of Government.—Persons employing the Official Trustee to administer a trust have, the guarantee of Government that such trust will be efficiently administered, so the Act throws upon the shoulders of the Government of India the liability to make good all sums required to discharge any liability which the Official Trustee would be generally liable to discharge if he were a private trustee. An exception is made where the liability is one to which neither the Official Trustee nor any of the officers has in any way contributed or which neither is one nor of his officers would be the effect of ordinary diligences have averted (section 15).

Fee charged by the Official Trustee.—The rules lay down that the Official Trustee shall charge by way of remuneration in respect of all trust properties transferred to or vested in him under this Act a remuneration, the maximum rate of which shall be as follows:—

(1) On all capital moneys and on the capital value of all other properties and securities of any kind whatsoever constituting the corpus of the trust received by him, a commission of one per centum. On all sums received by him by way of interest or dividends in respect of moneys invested, a commission of one per centum. On all rents collected by him a commission of two and a half per centum.

(2) If in any case it appears to the Official Trustee, that the circumstances of a trust are, or probably will be, such as to render his duties in relation thereto exceptionally simple, or otherwise of an exceptional character justifying this course, he may remit part of the prescribed maximum fee.

(3) And where in the opinion of the Official Trustee the income of any trust is not liable to serious fluctuation, he may from time to time, charge a fixed half-yearly fee of such amount as shall appear to him to be reasonable.

(N.B.—This provision does not extend to the fee payable on appeal—Rule 1.)

As the Official Trustee is always appointed, either by deed or by order of Court, it is generally a matter of agreement between the Official Trustee and the parties concerned as to what remuneration should be charged in each case, provided of course that not less than the prescribed maximum rates are charged.

Thereby (7) above is intended to confer on the Official Trustee a discretion where the prescribed rate of commission would yield a sum out of all proportion to the nature of the duties to be rendered by the Official Trustee in respect of the particular trust in question.

Audit of the Official Trustee's accounts.—A further anomaly to the public is allured in respect of the trust funds under the care of the Official Trustee in that the books and accounts of the Official Trustee are audited by Government auditors twice in every year who report to Government. Furthermore the Official Trustee is required to return schedules to Government every six months showing the amount of all sums of money and securities received or paid or debited by him as account of such trust and also of all trusts which have come to an end by

payment to the persons entitled. The expenses of the audit and the schedule are defrayed by the trust estates in proportion to the amount of transactions in each; trusts with half-yearly income below Rs. 100 being exempt from paying any portion of these charges.

Inspection of the books and accounts of the Official Trustee is allowed under the following conditions:—

(1) Inspection of the books or accounts of the Official Trustee or the books, accounts or other documents belonging or relating to trusts vested in the Official Trustee will be allowed to a beneficiary under the trust, the relative books, accounts or other documents of which he desires to inspect.

(2) Every beneficiary desiring such inspection shall, at least one clear day before the day on which he desires inspection, apply in writing to the Official Trustee setting forth the following particulars:—

- (a) His name and address.
- (b) The name of the trust as to which inspection is desired.
- (c) The nature of his interest in such trust.
- (d) The day on which he desires inspection.

He shall also deposit with the application a minimum fee of Rs. 1 which shall be refunded to the applicant in case inspection is not granted.

(3) The Official Trustee shall after being satisfied as to the interest of the applicant in the trust or matter in question and also as to his bona fide appearing as bona fide the day named in the application for inspection by the applicant make such provision as he thinks fit. If for any sufficient reason inspection cannot be granted on the day named by the applicant, the Official Trustee shall appoint some other hour and day convenient to the applicant.

(4) A fee calculated at the rate of Rs. 1 for every half hour or fraction thereof shall be paid by the applicant in respect of every such inspection, as respects trusts which have not been shown. The fee is Rs. 2 for every half hour or fraction thereof in respect of an inspection relating to closed trust estates.

(5) No person shall be entitled to obtain copies or extracts from the accounts of the Official Trustee or the books, accounts or other documents belonging or relating to trusts vested in the Official Trustee or copies or extracts from the reports and certificates of the auditor unless he is a person who would be entitled to inspection under the preceding statement.

(6) A fee calculated at the rate of Rs. 4 per folio of 72 words shall be levied in respect of every copy or extract granted, and if any such copy or extract is required to be certified by the Official Trustee as a "True Copy" an additional fee of Rs. 1 shall be levied (Rule VI).

Investment of Trust funds.—The Official Trustee with regard to investments is generally guided by the directions in the deed or other declaration of trust. Where there are none as they exist he followed by savings in Government securities or in any of the trust investments authorized by section 30 of the Indian Trusts Act (Act II of 1852) except that investment of trust moneys on mortgage of immovable property is not undertaken without the previous sanction of the High Court (Rule VIII). The reason for this is the difficulty in obtaining a plain title to property and also the difficulty of ascertaining in many cases its real value and the amount it is safe to advance on it. When a first mortgage on unimpeachable security presents itself the Official Trustee will offer an opportunity to such an investment.

All such balances and all Government securities, bank, railway, and other shares are lodged by the Official Trustee for safe custody in the Bank of Madras.

Endowed Trust funds.—Where the Official Trustee has moneys in his hands payable to a beneficiary, under a trust and such moneys have remained in the hands of the Official Trustee for twelve years and upwards it is necessary for the Official Trustee having been unable to trace the beneficiary, such moneys are to be transferred in the credit of Government (section 32). A claimant however who establishes his right to the money by the satisfaction of Government is entitled to be paid or if the claim is rejected by Government he has his money by petition to the High Court against the Secretary of State for India (section 34).

Interference.—The High Court may make orders respecting any trust property vested in the Official Trustee or the interest or profits thereof (section 33). The order may be made on the application of any person beneficially interested in the trust property or a trustee thereof (section 36) and such an order has the same effect as a decree (section 37). The practice of the Madras High Court is to make such orders in Chambers on application by Judge's summons bearing a Rs. 5 stamp.

Office of the Official Trustee of Madras.—The office of the Official Trustee of Madras is situated in the High Court Buildings, Madras, and is open from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. except on Saturdays when it is open from 11 a.m. to 3 p.m. The Official Trustee will always be glad to grant interviews on the subject of either old or new trust estates and to give any advice or information in his power. It would tend to avoid delay and disappointment if interested persons would in the first instance apply the Official Trustee in writing of their intention to call upon him and also of the points upon which they require advice or information. An appointment will then be made.

APPENDIX.

Rules for the office of the Administrator-General.

Rule 1.—(1) If the Administrator-General has notice of the existence of a person or persons who would be entitled to a grant of probate or letters of administration in preference to the Administrator-General and if the applications of such person or persons as to applying for probate or letters of administration have not been sanctioned, the Administrator-General shall, before applying for a grant of letters of administration to himself, give notice in writing to such person or persons of his intention so to apply in default of such person or persons applying for grant of probate or letters of administration to himself or themselves within a reasonable time to be specified in such notice.

(2) The Administrator-General shall, in all cases, without prejudice to his duty to do everything necessary to protect the interests of creditors and other persons having superior claims to the assets of an estate, use his best endeavours to ascertain the wishes of relatives and others interested in the disposal of the assets of every estate under his administration and shall have regard to such wishes especially in respect of specific assets in which sentimental or personal associations attach, unless he considers such a course would be prejudicial to the due administration of the estate.

Provided that nothing in this rule shall prevent the immediate disposal of hereditaments or other assets subject to specific or natural decay.

Rule 2.—(1) When the Administrator-General collects and takes possession of assets under an order made under section 11 of the Act or with a view to obtain letters of administration under section 9 of the Act or to administer without letters of administration under section 32 of the Act, he shall be entitled to a commission of one per centum upon the amount of all movable assets collected or received by him as aforesaid.

In case letters of administration of any such property are afterwards granted to the Administrator-General or such property is afterwards administered without letters of administration, the said commission of one per centum shall be deemed a part payment of the commission payable to the Administrator-General under sub-rule (2) (a) infra.

(2) For every certificate granted under the provisions of sections 31 and 32 of the Act the Administrator-General shall be entitled to charge a fee, calculated at the rate of three per centum on the amount mentioned in the certificate.

(3) (a) The Administrator-General shall, in respect of every estate administered by him under any letters of administration granted to him in his official character, or under any probate granted to him of a will wherein he is named as executor by virtue of his office, or under any probate or letters of administration vested in him by section 31, clause (2), or section 32, or under section 32, without a grant of letters of administration, be entitled to receive a commission upon the amount or value of the assets which he collects in the course of administration, according to the following scale:—

	Per centum.
In the case of estates administered under section 32 without letters of administration the total value of which does not exceed Rs. 1,000	2
In the case of estates the total value of which exceeds Rs. 1,000 but does not exceed Rs. 2,000	4
In the case of estates the total value of which exceeds Rs. 2,000 but does not exceed Rs. 5,000	4½
In the case of estates the total value of which exceeds Rs. 5,000 but does not exceed Rs. 15,000	6
In the case of estates the total value of which exceeds Rs. 15,000 but does not exceed Rs. 50,000	5½
In the case of estates the total value of which exceeds Rs. 50,000 but does not exceed Rs. 75,000	6
In the case of estates the total value of which exceeds Rs. 75,000	7

(4) The last sub-rule shall not apply to cases in which the property of an officer or soldier during or service comes into the hands of the Administrator-General under the provisions of the Statute called the *Regimental Dishes Act, 1843* (5th Victoria, Chapter 6).

The Administrator-General shall charge three per centum on the gross amount of such property coming into his hands if professional charges or fees by the second section of the said Statute have been previously paid, or on the gross amount remaining in his hands after payment by him of such charges or fees as may be.

(5) Such commission shall be payable and retained by him upon the collection of the assets. In the case of any estate the administration of which has been committed to the Administrator-General before the 1st April 1914, the commission chargeable shall be at the rate of five per centum as prescribed by section 52 of the Administrator-General's Act, 1874, or at the rate of three per centum in the case of estates falling under section 53 of that Act.

(5) Notwithstanding anything heretofore contained, when the Administrator-General obtains probate or letters of administration operating in another Presidency, he shall be entitled to the same rate of commission in respect of the collection of assets collected in such Presidency as the Administrator-General of such Presidency would have been entitled to if such assets had been collected and distributed by him, and to an higher rate.

Rule III.—(3) On the grant to the Administrator-General of probate or letters of administration in any estate, or in case of an administration under section 44 of the Act without such grant or in case of a transfer of administration to the Administrator-General under section 25 of the Act, the Administrator-General shall publish a notice in two consecutive issues of the *Port St. George Gazette* in the following form:—

The Administrator-General Madras hereby gives notice that he is administering from the estate of . . . deceased, late of . . . under the provisions of section 44 of the Administrator-General's Act, 1913, without any grant of administration or under a deed of transfer executed on . . . under the provisions of section 25 of the Administrator-General's Act, 1913, or under a grant of probate (or letters of administration) made to him on the . . . by the High Court of Madras and that all persons having claims against the said estate as creditors, next of kin, legatee or in any other manner whatsoever should prefer their claims to the said Administrator-General on or before the . . . after which date he will proceed to make a distribution of the assets of the said estate and will perforce in such distribution only such claimants shall have previously been established to his satisfaction.

(2) The period allowed to claimants to prefer their claims to the Administrator-General shall in no case be less than one month from the date of the publication of the said notice, and in cases in which the Administrator-General has reason to believe that claimants may be residing out of India, the period shall not be less than two months from the date of such publication.

(3) The expenses of publishing such notices shall be charged to the estate concerned.

Rule IV.—(1) Notices of rejection or disallowance in part, by the Administrator-General, of any claim shall contain the following particulars:—

- Name of the estate.
- Name and address of the claimant.
- Particulars of the claim rejected or of the part disallowed and the reasons for such rejection or disallowance.
- Date on which notice of the claim in question was received by the Administrator-General.
- Date of the final decision of the Administrator-General rejecting the claim or disallowing it in part.

(2) For the information of the claimant, the provisions of section 24, sub-section (3), of the Act shall be cited at the foot of the notice.

Rule V.—(1) All fees and commissions leviable under these rules, except those chargeable to estates under the charge of the Administrator-General, shall be payable to him in advance by the person liable to pay the same.

(2) All fees and commission collected by the Administrator-General under the provisions of these rules shall be paid by him, on or before the 10th of the month following that in which they are realized, into the Bank of Madras to the credit of the Government of India.

Provided that the Administrator-General may make refunds of fees and commission overcharged from the fees and commissions collected by him under the provisions of these rules.

Rule VI.—(1) No person shall be entitled to inspect the books or accounts of the Administrator-General or the books, accounts or other documents belonging or relating to estates as for the charge of the Administrator-General without first satisfying the Administrator-General that he is interested in the administration of the estate, the estate's books, accounts or other documents of which he desires to inspect.

(2) Every person desiring such inspection shall, at least one clear day before the day on which he desires inspection, apply in writing to the Administrator-General setting forth the following particulars:—

- His name and address.
- The name of the estate in which inspection is desired.
- The nature of his interest in such estate.
- The day on which he desires inspection.

He shall also deposit with the application a sum in fee of Rs. 1 which shall be refunded to the applicant on inspection is not possible.

(3) The Administrator-General shall, after being satisfied as to the interest of the applicant in the estate or matter in question and also as to his bona fides, appoint as soon as the day named in the application for inspection by the applicant under such supervision as he in this is fit, fit, for any sufficient reason, inspection cannot be granted on the day named by the applicant, the Administrator-General shall appoint some other hour and day convenient to the applicant.

(4) A fee calculated at the rate of Rs. 1 for every half-hour or fraction thereof shall be paid by the applicant in respect of every such inspection as relates to estates which have not been stored in the hands of the Administrator-General. The fee for each inspection in respect of stored estates shall be calculated at the rate of Rs. 2 for every half-hour or fraction thereof.

(5) No person shall be entitled to obtain copies of or extracts from the accounts of the Administrator-General or the books, documents or other documents belonging or relating to estates under the charge of the Administrator-General or copies of or extracts from the reports and certificates of the Auditor unless he is a person who would be entitled to inspection under the preceding clauses of this rule.

(6) A fee calculated at the rate of Rs. 4 per folio of 22 words shall be levied in respect of every copy or extract granted, and if any such copy or extract is required to be certified by the Administrator-General as a true copy, an additional fee of Rs. 1 shall be levied.

Rule VII.—(1) The Administrator-General shall keep the following accounts and statements:—

- (a) Inventory book or a list of property received as belonging to each estate.
- (b) Asset book or list of the assets of each estate.
- (c) Cash book in which shall be entered in separate columns the daily receipts and issues of cash, Government securities and shares on account of each estate; to be balanced daily.
- (d) Account book in which all cash, Government securities and shares shall be entered, a series of consecutive numbers for the year being printed both on the receipts and on their counterfoils.
- (e) Receipt book for all documents having a money value other than Government securities and shares containing a series of consecutive numbers for the year printed both on the receipts and counterfoils.
- (f) Account current with each separate estate showing detailed debit and credit items and every transaction whether in cash, Government securities or shares.
- (g) Account current headed "Condition payable account" showing all unpaid dividends set apart for creditors whose claims are admitted; to be balanced half-yearly.
- (h) Chain registry book in which shall be registered all claims preferred against each estate.
- (i) Register of beneficiaries in which shall be entered the claims of the next-of-kin and legatees.
- (j) Account current book with the Bank of Madras.
- (k) Current book showing the amount collected and also the amount distributed in each month as account of each estate; to be balanced half-yearly.
- (l) Bills receivable book for entering account sales or drafts on account sales and all other securities for moneys due to each estate.
- (m) Register of contributions in which shall be noted all contributions made by the India Office, London.
- (n) Receipt book in which shall be entered all Government and other securities and shares held on account of each estate and date of redemption of interest in each half-year.
- (o) Schedule of assets, books and other securities received on account of the estates under the charge of the Administrator-General, together with the payments made thereout and the balance in hand.
- (p) Schedule of all balances of administrations paid over to the persons entitled to the same; prepared for each half-year.
- (q) Debt book in which particulars of debt received each month with the dates of each receipt shall be entered.
- (r) Book book in which shall be entered all jewelry, trinkets, stores and other assets, not being cash or Government securities, retained by the Administrator-General in his possession or lodged in the Bank of Madras for safe custody or delivered to the parties entitled thereto.
- (s) Letters of administration book containing the names of estates with the dates of their grant.
- (t) Letter delivery book in which shall be entered the names of the estates, the particulars of endowments, if any, and the names and addresses of persons to whom letters are sent.
- (u) Parcel despatch book similar to the letter delivery book, but containing in addition the amount of postage paid on letters.
- (v) Register of letters received.
- (w) Money payment charged in the Administrator-General's cash account shall be supported by a corresponding voucher which shall be passed for payment under the initials of the Administrator-General.

Rule VIII.—(1) Whenever the cash balance in the credit of any individual estate shall amount to Rs. 100 after providing for ascertained current demands the Administrator-General shall invest or cause invested such balance in (a) Government securities, (b) any of the securities authorized by the instrument under which the Administrator-General holds the estate and in which he is requested so to invest or to retain invested such cash balance by the person or persons beneficially interested in the same, (c) unless expressly forbidden by the instrument under which the Administrator-General holds the estate, in any of the securities in which trustees

are authorized to draw by the provisions of the Indian Trade Act, 1832 (II of 1832), or any amendments thereof, were and except that no instrument on mortgage of immovable property shall be made by the Administrator-General without the previous sanction of the High Court.

(3) All moneys coming into the hands of the Administrator-General, except those invested under the previous clause and those retained for current petty expenditure by the Administrator-General, shall be deposited by the Administrator-General in the Bank of Madras and shall form his current treasury.

(3) The Administrator-General shall not retain in his hands a larger sum in cash than Rs. 1,000.

(4) All Government securities and bank or other shares coming into the possession of the Administrator-General shall be retained in the name of the Administrator-General of Madras and forthwith lodged in the Bank of Madras for safe custody, except in cases in which it may be necessary for him to retain them temporarily for any purpose.

Rule IX.—(1) Remittances to the India Office, London, of sums of money payable or belonging to persons resident in Europe or in other cases when such remittances are required, shall be made by purchasing bills of exchange payable on London on demand drawn by persons of such banks as the Governor in Council shall from time to time approve. Every approval of a bank or banks for the purpose of this rule shall be given by an order in writing signed by a Secretary to the Government of Madras and shall continue in force until revoked by a like order.

(2) In other cases, remittances shall be made in accordance with the directions of the paper, and in the absence of such directions by postal money order.

Rule X.—(1) The Administrator-General shall, twice in every year, that is to say, on or before the first day in April and on or before the first day in October, deliver to the Government in quadruplicate—

(a) A schedule showing the gross amount of all sums of money and all bonds or other securities for money received or issued by him on account of such estate in his charge, and the balances, during the period of six months ending commencing on the thirty-first day of December and thirtieth day of June next before the day of delivering such schedule.

(b) A schedule of all administrators whose final balances have been paid over to the persons entitled to the same, during the same period, specifying the amount of such balances and the persons to whom paid.

Three copies of such schedules shall be sent by the Government to the Secretary of State for India, in order that each Secretary may, if he think fit, order the same to be deposited at the India Office for public inspection, and cause notices to be published in the London Gazette and other leading newspapers that such schedules are open to inspection there or make such other orders respecting the same as he think fit. Such schedules shall, within fourteen days afterwards, be published in the official gazette by the Administrator-General.

(2) The accounts of the Administrator-General shall be closed twice in each year, viz., for the schedule which under clause (1) above are required to be delivered to the Government on or before the 1st April or the 1st December next preceding that date, and for those which are by that rule required to be delivered on or before the 1st October, or the 31st June next preceding that date.

(3) The Administrator-General shall be entitled to a fee of Rs. 500 for the preparation of the schedules for every half year in addition to the costs of printing and publishing the same.

Rule XI.—(1) The accounts and schedules of the Administrator-General shall be audited every half-year and the Administrator-General shall from time to time appoint an auditor or auditors for that purpose.

(2) The auditor or auditors shall submit to Government, together with the audit report, a statement of the accounts in the forms specified below.—

(i) Abstract of cash and Government or other securities received and paid during the half-year.

(ii) Administrator-General's balance for the half-year.

(iii) Abstract of completion account of the Administrator-General for the half-year.

(iv) Statement showing particulars of assets remaining in the hands of the Administrator-General for twelve years or upwards which have to be finally credited to Government.

(v) Statement of remittances to England during the half-year for which acknowledgments have not been received.

(vi) Statement showing sums below Rs. 10 in amount at credit of different estates and trusts for which there are no disbursements.

(vii) Statement showing sums below Rs. 10 in amount at debit of different estates and trusts the recovery of which is hopeless.

(viii) Statement showing sums above Rs. 10 in amount at debit of estates the recovery of which is hopeless.

(ix) Memorandum of new suits for the half-year.

(x) Statement showing balances of Rs. 500 and upwards on the last day of the half-year with reasons for non-payment.

(3) The Administrator-General shall be entitled to a remuneration of Rs. 700 for his services in connection with each half-yearly audit.

(4) The fee due to the Administrator-General under rule X, clause (3), above, for the preparation of the schedule for every half-year together with the costs and expenses of preparing and publishing the said schedule and the copies thereof and the said remuneration of the Administrator-General and all other expenses incidental to the said shall be defrayed by all the estates to which such schedule relates in proportion to the amount of transactions in each of the said estates. This proportion shall be ascertained and settled by the auditor or auditors and shall be paid out of the said estates accordingly by the Administrator-General. Estates with transactions below Rs. 100 in the half-year will, however, be exempted from each and several or more charge of audit shall not be deemed to be a transaction under this sub-rule.

(5) Where an estate is about to be closed, the Administrator-General may call upon the auditor or auditors to ascertain and fix a definite sum to be received by the Administrator-General to defray the costs and expenses referred to in sub-rule (4) upon the report of the estate in question. The sum thus fixed by the auditor or auditors shall be treated as the proportion of the above charges to be contributed by the estate in question.

Rule XII.—(1) All undivided assets transferable to the credit of the Government of India under section 53 of the Act shall be paid into the Bank of Madras to the credit of the Government of India.

(2) Any person claiming payment of the same under the provisions of section 53 of the Act shall establish his claim to the satisfaction of Government.

Rule XIII.—The Administrator-General may, after clearing the administration of any estate in his hands, destroy any printed papers, bills, receipts, memoranda and other similar documents of no value which he has received along with the estate and which are not claimed by the beneficiaries, creditors or any other persons entitled thereto within three months after such clearing has taken place.

Rule XIV.—Without the sanction of Government the Administrator-General shall not order upon any litigation in connection with an estate in his charge the expenses of which are likely to exceed the assets of the estate already in his hands, unless he is properly and sufficiently indemnified against such expenses.

Resolutions.—By "proper and sufficient indemnity" is meant indemnity sufficient to cover all probable costs and expenses in the deposit of Government securities, such as premium to an amount to be determined by the Administrator-General.

Rules for the office of the Official Trustee.

Rule I.—(1) The Official Trustee shall charge by way of remuneration in respect of all trust properties transferred to or vested in him under this Act a commission, the maximum rate of which shall be as follows, that is to say,—

On all capital monies, and on the capital value of all other properties and securities of any kind whatsoever constituting the corpus of the trust received by him, a commission of two per centum. On all sums received by him by way of interest or dividends in respect of monies received, a commission of one per centum. On all rents collected by him a commission of two and a half per centum.

Provided that, as to trusts accepted by the Official Trustee prior to the 1st of April 1914, the rate or rates of commission chargeable by him shall be the same as the rate or rates charged prior to the said date in respect of such trust estate.

(2) If in any case it appears to the Official Trustee that the circumstances of a trust are, or probably will be, such as to render his duties in relation thereto exceptionally simple, or otherwise of an exceptional character justifying this course, he may credit any part of the prescribed maximum fee; but in every such case the reasons for so doing shall be recorded by him, and a report of such case shall be submitted every half-year to the Government.

(3) When, in the opinion of the Official Trustee, the income of any trust is not liable to serious fluctuations, he may, from time to time, charge (in lieu of the commission other than commission on capital payable in pursuance of sub-rule 1 above), a fixed half-yearly fee of such amount as shall appear to him reasonable. A report of such case shall be submitted every half-year to the Government.

Rule II.—(1) All fees and commissions payable under these rules except those chargeable to trust under the charge of the Official Trustee shall be payable to him in advance by the person liable to pay the same.

(2) All fees and commissions collected by the Official Trustee under the provisions of these rules shall be paid by him on or before the 30th of the month following that in which they are collected, into the Bank of Madras, to the credit of the Government of India.

* Provided that the Official Trustee may make drafts of fees and commissions prepaided from the fees and commission collected by him under the provisions of these rules.

Rule III.—The Official Trustee shall keep the following registers, books of account, etc.:—

(1) A register of trusts in which shall be entered—

(a) a summary of all trusts vested in the Official Trustee on the 31st April 1914 and of all trusts which shall become vested in him thereafter, numbered with consecutive numbers;

- (e) the date of each order of asset or deed of trust appointing the Official Trustee;
- (f) a statement of the accounts from time to time received and the disposal thereof;
- (g) the names of the persons entitled to the income and capital of such estate;
- (h) the rate of commission chargeable in each estate.

(3) A cash book showing in separate columns every receipt and payment through the office and every receipt and payment through the Bank of Madras, the date of receipt and payment and the voucher numbers for each payment as well as the particular amount of all receipts and cash to be balance daily.

(4) A ledger which shall contain a separate account with each trust estate. The dates of receipts and payments, the amount of Government and other securities, and of the cash transactions shall appear in separate columns, and each account in the ledger shall be balanced twice every year, viz., on the 31st of June and 31st of December.

(5) A register of all Government securities, bank shares and other securities deposited in the Bank of Madras showing the collection of interest and dividends half-yearly.

(6) A rent book in which shall be entered each item under the management of the Official Trustee, the name of the trust estate to which it belongs, the name of the tenant, the amount of rent if any due, the amount due for the current month, the date of collection and the amount realized.

(7) A receipt book containing suitable forms of receipts with serials numbered consecutively in print. These forms shall be used for all receipts given for cash and Government and other securities.

(8) A commission book showing the receipts on account of commission and fees payable to the Official Trustee and payment thereof.

(9) A postal despatch book for letters sent through post.

(10) A letter delivery book for letters delivered by messenger.

(11) A register of letters received.

Part IV.—(1) The Official Trustee shall, twice in every year, that is to say, on or before the first day of April and the first day of October, deliver to the Government a true schedule showing the gross amount of all sums of money and all bonds or other securities received or paid or delivered by him on account of such trust of which he is the trustee, and the balances during the half-year ending on the thirtieth day of June and thirty-first day of December next before the day of delivering such schedule and a true schedule of all trusts which shall have come to an end or of which the Official Trustee shall have ceased to be the trustee and the property subject to which shall have been paid or made over to the persons entitled to the same or to new trustees during the same period specifying the nature and amount or value of such property and the persons to whom the same has been paid or made over.

(2) The Official Trustee shall be entitled to the payment of a fee of Rs. 100 for the preparation of the half-yearly schedules under the last preceding rule.

Part V.—(1) The accounts and schedules of the Official Trustee shall be audited every half-year and the Assistant-Comptroller shall from time to time appoint an auditor or auditors to examine the accounts of the Official Trustee.

(2) The auditor or auditors shall submit to Government together with the audit report a statement of the accounts in the forms specified below:—

(a) Abstract of cash and Government or other securities received and paid during the half-year.

(b) Official Trustee's balance for the half-year.

(c) Abstract of the Official Trustee's commission account for the half-year.

(d) Statement of cash balance of Rs. 100 and upwards on the last day of the half-year with reasons for non-investment.

(3) The Assistant-Comptroller shall be entitled to a fee of Rs. 150 for every half-yearly audit.

(4) The costs and expenses of preparing the said schedules and accounts, and of every such audit and examination as aforesaid, shall be defrayed by all the trust estates to which such schedules or accounts relate in proportion to the amount of transactions in each of the said trust estates. This proportion shall be ascertained and settled by the auditor or auditors, and shall be paid out of the said estates accordingly by the Official Trustee. Trusts whose income falls below Rs. 100 in the half-year will however be exempted from bearing any portion of the above charges.

Provided that more commission of securities into cash and vice versa or more change of security shall not be deemed to be a transaction under this sub-rule.

(5) When a trust estate is about to be closed, the Official Trustee may call upon the auditor or auditors to ascertain and fix a definite sum to be retained by the Official Trustee to defray the costs and expenses referred to in sub-rule (4) herein in respect of the estate in question. The sum thus fixed by the auditor or auditors shall be treated as the proportion of the above charges to be contributed by the trust estate in question.

Rule VII.—(1) No person shall be entitled to inspect the books or accounts of the Official Trustee or the books, accounts or other documents belonging or relating to trusts vested in the Official Trustee without first satisfying the Official Trustee that he is a beneficiary under the trust, the relative books, accounts or other documents of which he desires to inspect.

(2) Every beneficiary desiring such inspection shall, at least one clear day before the day on which he desires inspection, apply in writing to the Official Trustee setting forth the following particulars:—

- (a) His name and address
- (b) The name of the trust to which inspection is desired.
- (c) The nature of his interest in such trust.
- (d) The day on which he desires inspection.

He shall also deposit with the application a statement fee of Rs. 1 which shall be refunded to the applicant in case inspection is not granted.

(3) The Official Trustee shall, after being satisfied as to the interest of the applicant in the trust or matter in question and also as to his bona fides, appoint an hour on the day named in the application for inspection by the applicant and such supervision as he thinks fit. If for any sufficient reason inspection cannot be granted on the day named by the applicant, the Official Trustee shall appoint some other hour and day convenient to the applicant.

(4) A fee calculated at the rate of Rs. 1 for every half hour or fraction thereof shall be paid by the applicant in respect of every such inspection as relates to trust moneys which have not been placed in the hands of the Official Trustee. The fee for such inspection in respect of closed trust estates shall be calculated at the rate of Rs. 2 for every half hour or fraction thereof.

(5) No person shall be entitled to obtain copies of, or extracts from, the accounts of the Official Trustee or the books, accounts or other documents belonging or relating to trusts vested in the Official Trustee or copies of or extracts from the reports and certificates of the auditors unless he is a person who would be entitled to inspection under the preceding clauses of this rule.

(6) A fee calculated at the rate of Rs. 4 per folio of 72 words shall be levied in respect of every copy or extract granted; and if any such copy or extract is required to be certified by the Official Trustee as a true copy, an additional fee of Rs. 1 shall be levied.

Rule VIII.—(1) Whenever, owing to doubts or disputes as to the person or persons beneficially entitled to or for any other cause, there shall remain in the hands of the Official Trustee a sum balance of Rs. 100 belonging to any trust estate, he shall without delay, in the absence of any directions in this respect in the deed or other instrument of trust, invest the same in any Government securities or in any of the securities in which trustees are authorized to invest by Government securities or in any of the securities in which trustees are authorized to invest by the provisions of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 (II of 1882), or any amendment thereof, save and except that no investment or mortgage of immovable property shall be made by the Official Trustee without the previous sanction of the High Court.

(2) The Official Trustee shall provide that all Government and other securities which may be issued, delivered, or transferred to him on account of any trust estate, whether by endorsement or otherwise, shall be issued, delivered or transferred in his name or office.

(3) The Official Trustee shall set at any time within his keeping a larger sum in cash than Rs. 500. All sums received by him shall from time to time be lodged in the Bank of Madras to the credit of a separate and distinct account to be kept by him as Official Trustee with the said bank, and shall be drawn against when necessary in his name or office.

(4) All Government securities and bank, railway or other shares coming into the Official Trustee's charge shall forthwith be lodged by him in his name or office as Official Trustee in the Bank of Madras and be kept there for safe custody, except when it may be necessary for the Official Trustee to retain such securities or shares for a temporary purpose.

Rule VIII.—(1) Remittances to the India Office, London, of sums of money payable or belonging to persons resident in Europe or in other parts where such remittances are required, shall be made by procuring bills of exchange payable in London as demanded drawn by some one of such banks as the Governor in Council shall from time to time approve. Every approval of a bank or banks for the purpose of this rule shall be given by an order in writing signed by a Secretary to the Government of Madras and shall continue in force until revoked by a like order.

(2) In other cases, remittances shall be made in accordance with the directions of the paper, and in the absence of such directions by postal money orders.

Rule IX.—(1) All moneys beneficially due to the credit of the Government of India, under section 20 of the Act shall be paid to its credit into the Bank of Madras by the Official Trustee.

(2) Any person claiming payment of the same under the provisions of section 24, clause (1), of the Act, shall establish his claim to the satisfaction of Government.

Rule X.—The Official Trustee may accept any trust intended for the safeguarding and investment of the property of a religious institution, or of a commercial undertaking, or for the protection of the interests of the creditors of such institution or undertaking, provided that he shall not be liable in respect to the proper performance or carrying out of the objects of such religious or charitable institution or in respect to the proper management or carrying on of the business of such commercial undertaking.

Rule XI.—Notification of the contents of a will under section 9 of the Act shall be made by forwarding to the Official Trustee either the original will or the printed copy of the same.

Rule XII.—The Official Trustee may, after closing the accounts of any trusts in his hands, destroy any private papers, bills, receipts, memoranda and other similar documents of no value which he has received along with the trust and which are not claimed by the beneficiaries, or any other persons entitled thereto, within three months after such closing has taken place.

Rule XIII.—Without the sanction of Government the Official Trustee shall not enter upon any litigation in connection with an estate in his charge the expenses of which are likely to exceed the assets of the estate already in his hands, unless he is properly and sufficiently indemnified against such expenses.

Explanation.—By "proper and sufficient indemnity" is meant indemnity sufficient to cover all probable costs and remaining in the deposit of Government securities, cash or jewels to an amount to be determined by the Official Trustee.

Ordinance, August 22, 1918.

No. 605.—Under the proviso to section 1 (2) (i) of the Malaya Highway Carriage Act, 1911, notice is hereby given that it is proposed to extend the provisions of that Act, on or after the 1st January 1917, to the municipality of Cuddapah in the Cuddapah district, and that it is proposed to appoint the District Superintendent of Police, Cuddapah, to perform the functions of Commissioner under the Act.

Persons objecting to the proposed extension of the Act are invited to lodge their objections before the District Magistrate, Cuddapah, within two months of the publication of this notice.

Ordinance, August 26, 1918.

No. 633.—The following draft rules which the Governor in Council proposes to issue under section 24 of the Provident Insurance Societies Act, 1912 (V of 1912), in re-arrangement of the existing rules on the subject, are published for general information:—

Draft rules under section 24 of the Provident Insurance Societies Act, 1912.

1. In these rules unless there is anything repugnant to the subject or context,—

- (a) "The Act" means "the Provident Insurance Societies Act, 1912";
- (b) "Society" means a Provident Insurance Society to which the Act applies;
- (c) "Provident Insurance business" means any class of business to which the Act applies;
- (d) "Dividing society business" means provident insurance business under which the amount payable on the policy is not becoming due in full but depends either partly or wholly on the results of the division of any portion of the premium income or funds amongst the policies which have become due for payment in proportion to the premiums received under such class in any specified period;
- (e) "Bond investment business" means the issue of bonds or policies by which the society in return for premiums or subscriptions payable at periodical intervals of one year or less undertakes to pay the legal holder of the bond or policy a sum at a future date either with or without the other specified benefits such as the right to share in the profits of the society or to an advance for certain specified objects and not being life assurance business;
- (f) "Ordinary Life Assurance business" means life assurance business transacted on similar lines to those adopted by ordinary life assurance companies namely by granting annuities on human life or by issuing a fixed sum payable at death, on survivorship or on the happening of any contingency dependent on human life in return for a premium which is fixed at the outset for each age at entry. This shall not exclude the case of *non-assured* and *renewable* which may be the result of bonus accumulated by an *assured* valuation conducted in the manner provided for in Schedule IV of the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912.

2. The provisions of the Act shall, in addition to the contingencies of birth, marriage and death provided in section 4 (b) of the Act, extend to the receipt of premiums or contributions for insuring money to be paid on the happening of the following contingencies and shall apply to any society receiving such premiums or contributions, namely:—

- (a) Accident.
- (b) Attainment of a certain age.

- (b) Begging among Christians.
 (c) Bond investment business.
 (d) Police of law.
 (e) Namaschasti (serving of a child).
 (f) Polygamy (no more than three for Mohammedans and Hindus, Turpiti, Hinduism, etc., for the Hindus).
 (g) Sickness.
 (h) Banquet among Mohammedans.
 (i) Unemployment or retirement from business.
 (j) Unemployment (the third ceremony among the Hindus).
 (k) Polygamy (the school-going ceremony).
 (l) Attachment of property.
 (m) Confinement.
 (n) Kaitikidharma in Malabar.
 (o) Sinsinam (the ceremony during the last pregnancy of a woman).
 (p) Widowhood.
- } In the case of women.
- in the provisions of the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912.

Provided always that the Act shall not apply to any society which is subject to and merges with the provisions of the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912.

3. In accordance with the provisions of section 5 of the Act every society

(1) If already existing, shall provide, within six months from the date of these rules, for each of the matters mentioned in the attached schedule as are not already provided for in their rules; always subject to the condition that the terms of the then existing contracts shall not be altered to the detriment of the policy-holders.

If in any case it is made to appear to the Registrar that the circumstances are such that a longer period than six months should be allowed he may extend that period by such time as he may think fit.

(2) If not existing, shall provide in their rules before registration under the Act, for the matters mentioned in the said schedule.

The Registrar may exempt any society from providing for any of the matters in the schedule on the ground of their inapplicability in such society.

A copy to be kept of the rules of the society shall, within fifteen days from the date of the adoption of the rules, be sent to the Registrar. The copy of the rules or amended rules of a society required to be forwarded in compliance with this rule and sections 6 and 7 of the Act shall not be accepted for registration unless it is certified to be a correct copy and is signed by the Chairman or Managing Director as well as by the Manager or one of the other responsible officers of the society.

Section 4: Application for registration.

4. All applications for the registration of societies shall be in form I.

5. No society, other than a society registered under the Indian Companies Act before the date of these rules, may register hereunder with a name in which occur (a) the words "Life Insurance" or "Life Insurance," or

(b) words expressing or implying the sanction, approval or patronage of the Crown or of the Government except in cases where the Government have signified by writing their consent to the use of such words.

Nor shall a society have a name identical with that by which a society in existence is already registered, or so nearly resembling that name as to be likely to lead to confusion.

6. Upon the registration of a society the Registrar shall grant an acknowledgment to the society in form II and on the registration or delivery of any document required to be registered or delivered he shall grant an acknowledgment in form III.

7. The register of societies prescribed by section 10 of the Act shall be maintained in form IV.

8. Every society shall maintain a register containing the names of all policy-holders under each class of insurance in form V or in such terms as circumstances admit.

9. Every society shall keep at its registered office a register containing the names, addresses and occupations of its directors, managers, secretaries and all other officers or agents of the society and shall send to the Registrar a copy thereof and shall within 30 days of the occurrence of any change among such directors, managers, secretaries or other officers or agents.

10. The names of the society to be displayed outside its office under section 12 of the Act shall be in English and also if the office of the society be situated outside the Presidency town in the vernacular of the district.

11. The accounts of every society not subject to audit in accordance with the provisions of any law for the time being in force in British India regarding the registration of companies shall be audited in accordance with that law.

12. Every auditor auditing under the Act the accounts of a society shall make a report which shall state—

(a) whether or not he has obtained all the information and explanations he has required; and

(b) whether, in his opinion, the balance sheet referred to in the report is drawn up in conformity with the law; and

(c) whether such balance sheet exhibits a true and correct view of the state of the society's affairs according to the best of the information and the explanations given to him and as shown by the books of the society;

(d) whether or not he has personally verified the whole of the instruments with the securities and other vouchers and is satisfied as to their correctness;

(e) any other matters that he considers should be brought to the notice of the members or policy-holders of the society.

13. The accounts shall consist of the revenue account, profit and loss account and balance sheet as prescribed in forms VI, VIII and IX. A society may, if it so desires, submit a separate revenue account (specimens of which are in form VI) for any class of business carried on by it, but the transactions in respect of a class of business not prescribed under the Act shall not be shown in a revenue account showing the transactions in respect of any business which is so prescribed. The accounts shall be verified and the certificate of verification shall be signed by all the directors of the society and by the manager and one of the other responsible officers. If any of them fail to sign the reason shall be stated. Statements in the following forms VII and X to XVII shall also be prepared each year and signed by the chairman or managing director (if any) as well as by the manager or one of the other responsible officers of the society:—

Form of accounts.

Form VII—giving particulars of expenditure which has not been charged as such.
Form X—giving particulars of the membership existing between the lives assured and those effecting policies.
Form XI—giving particulars of the number of policies effected at different ages.
Form XII—showing the magnitude of the society's policy business.
Form XIII—giving particulars of the new business each year.
Form XIV—showing for each year the additions to and deductions from the number of policies and the same assured thereunder.
Form XV—giving particulars for each year since the formation of the society of the number of policies that have gone off the books for various reasons.
Form XVI—showing the claims under existing society business arranged according to the duration of the policies.
Form XVII—giving examples of the same paid in past years under existing society business.

The Registrar may, on the application, and with the consent of a society, alter those forms as regards that society for the purpose of adapting them to the circumstances of that society.

14. The accounts and statements referred to in rule 13 signed by the chairman or managing director (if any) as well as the manager and one of the other responsible officers of the society shall be delivered to the Registrar.

15. The revenue account and balance sheet together with the auditor's report shall be laid before an annual general meeting within six months of the expiration of each financial year of the society, and if the general meeting before which the accounts are laid does not adopt them, a statement of the fact and of the reasons therefor shall be annexed to the balance sheet and to all copies thereof.

16. The following persons shall be entitled to be auditors and in addition such in respect of the accounts of any society, viz:—

(1) Members of the following six bodies, namely:—
(i) the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales,
(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

(2) Members of the following six bodies, namely:—
(i) the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales,
(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

(3) Members of the following six bodies, namely:—
(i) the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales,
(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

(4) Members of the following six bodies, namely:—
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(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

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(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

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(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

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(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

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(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

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(i) the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales,
(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

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(i) the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales,
(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

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(i) the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales,
(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

(12) Members of the following six bodies, namely:—
(i) the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales,
(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

(13) Members of the following six bodies, namely:—
(i) the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales,
(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

(14) Members of the following six bodies, namely:—
(i) the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales,
(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

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(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

(16) Members of the following six bodies, namely:—
(i) the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales,
(ii) the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors,
(iii) the Society of Accountants in Edinburgh,
(iv) the Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow,
(v) the Society of Accountants in Aberdeen,
(vi) the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

(15) Fellows or Associates of the Institute of Actuaries, London, or of the Faculty of Actuaries in Scotland.

(16) Members of such other bodies as may from time to time be notified by the Governor-General in Council under the powers in section 144 (5) of the Indian Companies Act, 1912, as applied to audit companies' accounts.

(17) The holder of any certificate granted by the Government of Madras under section 146 (2) of Act VIII of 1913 or of an unrevoked certificate granted by any other Local Government in exercise of the same statutory power.

17. The following persons, that is to say—

- (i) a director, officer, or agent of the society,
 - (ii) a partner of such director, officer or agent, and
 - (iii) any person in the employment of such director, officer or agent
- shall not be appointed an auditor of the society.

18. The report of insurance effected on lives other than lives of the persons bearing referred to in section 15 of the Act shall be maintained in form XVIII. The copy delivered to the Registrar shall be signed in the manner prescribed in rule 14.

Section 17. Term of report of insurance effected on lives other than lives of persons bearing.

19. (1) Any person who, as an actuary, investigates the financial condition of a society or signs valuation returns of a society shall be either—

Section 17. Actuary's qualifications.

(a) a Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries, London, or a Fellow of the Faculty of Actuaries in Scotland; or

(b) where application is made by a society or by the Registrar and whom, in the opinion of the Governor in Council, special circumstances exist—

(c) as an Associate of such Institute of Actuaries or of such Faculty of Actuaries, or

(d) such other person having actuarial knowledge as the Governor in Council may authorize to be employed to perform the duties of an actuary.

(2) Every application by a society for permission to employ as an actuary any person other than a Fellow of the Institute or Faculty of Actuaries shall state the work for the performance of which such person is required, and the Governor in Council, if he grants the application, shall cause a certificate to be issued to the society permitting, subject to such conditions and restrictions as he thinks fit, the employment of the person mentioned in the application.

20. An actuary, when investigating the financial condition of a society shall either audit himself as to the accuracy of the particulars extracted from the books or require a certificate of their accuracy from the manager and one other responsible officer of the society.

Section 17. Actuary's duties.

21. An actuary when investigating the financial condition of a society shall comply with the requirements of the forms set forth in the fourth and fifth schedules of the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912, or as near thereto as circumstances will permit, and in addition he shall report—

(a) whether the calculations are correct and made on the principles which are contained in the statement required by the fourth schedule to the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912;

(b) whether these principles have his approval;

(c) whether he has obtained all the information and explanations that he has required;

(d) what adjustment was used in the valuation to allow for unexpired interest of the premium income, and for pensions payable more than once a year;

(e) the method by which both the age at entry and the age at valuation were arrived at;

(f) the rate at each age of the mortality assumed and of the security values used in the valuation where the tables employed are not published;

(g) whether all negative values were eliminated from the valuation; and

(h) the reserve values held against policies effected at ages 25, 30, 40, 45 and 50 and which have been in force for 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 15 and 20 years, respectively, in respect of—

(i) Whole Life Assurance, with pensions payable throughout life;

(ii) Whole Life Assurance, with pensions payable for 20 years;

(iii) Endowment Assurance payable at age 60 or previous death.

22. In the event of the actuary finding that the financial condition of the society is such, in his opinion, that no payment should be made, either of bonus to policy-holders or of dividend to members, he shall state whether or not he finds the society to be solvent. If he finds it to be insolvent—

(a) he shall state whether he considers that the society could be made solvent as regards existing contracts by the transfer of his subscribed capital (whether paid or unpaid) to make good the deficiency in the funds. If so, he shall state what in his opinion is the amount so required and whether or not any alteration would require to be made in the rates of premium for future business;

(b) he shall state whether he considers that the society could be made solvent as regards existing contracts by the transfer of his subscribed capital (whether paid or unpaid) to make good the deficiency in the funds. If so, he shall state what in his opinion is the amount so required and whether or not any alteration would require to be made in the rates of premium for future business;

(4) if he ascertains that the society cannot be made solvent as regards existing contracts by the transfer of the whole of the subscribed capital to the credit of the funds in deficit, he shall state what proportion of the same he would transfer to the society, in his opinion, to enable it to meet such contracts, if all the provisions thereunder were reduced proportionately with the same amount and all subscribed capital were fully paid up and transferred to such funds.

23. The Registrar before cancelling the registry of a society under section 18 may—

(a) suspend further proceedings for such time as he thinks fit, to enable the unpaid subscribed capital, or a sufficient part thereof, to be called up for the purpose of making good deficiencies in the funds;

(b) consent to the society reducing the amount of its contracts upon such terms and subject to such conditions as he thinks just as a means towards winding up.

24. The Registrar shall not appoint a liquidator under section 19 in the case of a society subject to the law for the time being in force in British India relating to registration of companies.

25. Any liquidator appointed by the Registrar may be removed by him if it is proved to his satisfaction that the duties entrusted to such liquidator have not been faithfully discharged. Any vacancy so caused shall be filled by the Registrar.

Liquidator's remuneration.

Liquidation procedure, section 19 (7) (g).

(c) He shall immediately take into custody or under his control all the property, estate and receivable claims to which the society is or appears to be entitled and the documents and records belonging to the society.

(d) He shall within one month from the date of his assuming charge hold a meeting of the creditors of the society of which not less than seven days' notice shall be sent by post to all persons who appear to him to be creditors, specifying the time and place of the meeting. He shall also advertise notice of the meeting once in the local official gazette and once at least in some newspaper (if any) circulating in the district where the registered office or principal place of business of the society was situate.

He shall at the meeting explain to the creditors the financial condition of the society and ascertain from each creditor how much is due to him from the society.

(e) He may at any time convene a general meeting of the creditors or contributories for the purpose of ascertaining their wishes, and he shall summon such meetings on such times as the creditors or contributories by resolution may direct or whenever requested in writing to do so by one-third in value of the creditors or contributories.

(f) He shall in the administration of the assets of the society and in the distribution thereof among its creditors have regard to any directions that may be given by creditors or contributories at any general meeting or by the Registrar.

(g) He may with the sanction of the Registrar employ such legal assistance as may be necessary in the institution or defence of any legal proceedings and such establishment as may be required.

(h) He shall keep proper books in which shall be entered the proceedings at meetings and such other matters as the Registrar may prescribe.

Any creditor or contributory may, subject to the control of the Registrar, personally or by his agent inspect any such books; and

(i) He shall submit to the Registrar a report of the progress of liquidation at such intervals as the Registrar may direct.

26. When a liquidator has been appointed in terms of section 19 of the Act he may, if he thinks fit, reduce the amount of each of the creditors of the society upon such terms and subject to such conditions as he may think just, as a means towards winding up. If the creditors are not to be reduced in amount as here provided, the liquidator shall ascertain the value of the

liability of the society to each person appearing by the books of the society to be entitled to or interested in policies granted by such society. He shall give written notice to such person of the value so ascertained.

Section 19 (4) —Fines.

27. The following fine shall be payable to the Registrar in cash or by postal money order for notices transmitted under the Act:—

(1) Liquidation of a society (section 6) Rs. 50

Provided that a society which has already been registered under the Indian Companies Act on payment of the prescribed fee, need pay only a society of this fee, viz., Rs. 20 for registration under this Act.

(2) Registration of amendment of a rule (section 6) 5

Provided that no more than a single fee of Rs. 5 shall be leviable for the amendment of more than one rule when such amendment is intimated to the Registrar in the same communication. Provided also that in the case of a society which is also registered under the Indian Companies Act a fee of one rupee only shall be charged for an amendment of rule passed by means of special resolution.

(3) Filing balance sheet and revenue account 6

Provided that in the case of a society which is also registered under the Indian Companies Act a fee of one rupee only shall be charged for filing balance sheet and revenue account.

30. Documents required under the Act or the rules made thereunder to be submitted by a society to the Registrar shall be open to inspection on payment of a fee of one rupee; and any person may procure a copy of any such document or a part thereof on payment of a fee of six annas for every hundred words or fractional part thereof required to be copied.

When application is made for a certified copy and a printed form is supplied by the applicant for the preparation of such copy, only the portion which is in manuscript in the certified copy shall be charged for at the ordinary rates for copying, and in addition a fixed fee of six annas shall be levied for comparing and certifying such copy when the total number of words including printed matter exceeds 100.

31. A notice or other document shall, unless otherwise specially provided for by the Act or the rules, be deemed to have been duly published under the Act if copies printed in English and in the vernacular or vernaculars of the district in which the head office of the society is situate,

are sent to the Registrar and to all members and policy-holders and are also displayed in a conspicuous place in the registered office of the society and in any branch office thereof where any part of its business is transacted.

32. The receipt of any return or statement by the Registrar or an acknowledgment by him of the fact that it has been received and filed by him shall be receivable for the purpose of evidence, and shall not imply that a valid return has been made or indicate approval of any thing it contains.

Schedule showing matters to be prescribed by the rules of a society. [Rule 5.]

(a) The name and place of the head office in British India, the object of the society and the whole of the contingencies in respect of which it will receive premiums.

(b) That the society shall not issue any policy either to or for the use of any person other than the life assured, without inserting in the policy the name of the person by whom, and for whose use, it is effected and unless the life assured has given his consent in writing to the insurance being effected (if the latter be not of age the written consent of his legal guardian is required). The rules shall also provide that the amount to be assured under a policy effected by or for the use of a person other than the life assured shall not be unreasonable for the purpose of covering the expense or loss which such person has a bona fide expectation that he will incur in the event of the death of the life assured.

(c) The persons who may effect policies and the persons on whose lives policies may be effected, stating for each class of contingency the limits of age for male and female lives respectively; also the conditions to be complied with by persons applying for insurance in respect of each class of contingency, stating the payments to be made—

(1) on application;

(2) on admission;

(3) as weekly or other periodical premiums or contributions and the period for which they are payable;

(4) as fee or other charge for late payment of premiums or contributions;

(5) on any other account in respect of the insurance.

(d) The maximum sum, including all bonus, dividends or other benefits payable (1) at death and (2) on the happening of each other contingency insured against by the society under policies effected on any one life since the date of the Act, and the maximum number of policies under each different class of Provident Insurance between which a single person may hold.

(e) The conditions under which any policy-holder may become entitled to any of the benefits assured, especially as regards—

(1) the period, if any, during which the happening of the contingency insured against will entitle the policy-holder

to receive on payment;

- (4) to receive a reduced payment, in which case the particulars will require to be stated in the rules;
- (5) any advance or loan which is guaranteed after payment of premiums for a stated number of years;
- (6) any benefits of whatever kind which are determined by lot or ballot;
- (7) the exact method of division in the case of dividing society business;
- (8) the nature of the evidence required to prove birth, marriage, death or any event, on the happening of which, the insured amount is payable;
- (9) Disqualifications due to change of occupation, residence, or other specified cause;
- (10) The length of notice to be given to policy-holders of any required payment of premium before the benefits under the policy lapse or are modified in any way as a result of non-payment, after the consequence of delay in paying any premium, or other contribution also; the condition under which the right to full benefit will be restored to a policy-holder whose policy has been altered in any way in consequence of any payment being made late.
- (11) The terms under which any policy may be (1) surrendered for a cash payment or (2) kept in force for a reduced benefit without liability to payment of further premiums.
- (12) That the conditions governing policies as regards the matters mentioned in (5), (7), (8) and (9) above shall be fully set forth in each policy issued after a period not exceeding one month from the date of the registration of the rules providing for such matters.
- (13) The appointment, qualifications and powers of the managing body and of those of the society, the amount of security that any of them should deposit for the due and faithful fulfilment of their duties, the conditions under which they may be removed, the method of voting at the meetings of the managing body and the number constituting a quorum.
- (14) As to the rights (if any) of policy-holders (1) to vote at a general meeting of the society, (2) to appoint persons to represent them on the managing body, and (3) to appoint an auditor.
- (15) The length of notice to be given of general (or special) meetings of the society; the length of notice required to be given of any resolution to be proposed at these meetings; the method of voting at them and the number constituting a quorum; and the matters which must be brought before such meetings.
- (16) The extent of security in which the funds of the society may be invested.
- (17) The procedure to be adopted in making new rules or in altering or repealing existing rules, and providing that no such amendment or repeal shall detrimentally affect the terms of contracts then existing, and that copies of amended rules required under section 8 (1) to be sent to the Registrar shall be so sent within fifteen days from the date of their adoption, and that within one month after their registration a copy of any alteration in the rules which in any way applies to or affects the rights of the then existing policyholders shall be sent to each policyholder.
- (18) Prescribe (1) the allowances payable to agents or managers, (2) the proportion of the annual income of the society derived from premiums or contributions which may be distributed for the expenses of management of the society, and the method of apportioning the income and the expenses between each class of profitable business and any other class of business which the society may transact.
- (19) In the case of a society which by rule or practice divides any part of the funds thereof, provide for the payment of all debts due by the society existing at the time of division before any such division has taken place.
- (20) That every society shall keep a separate account of all receipts and disbursements in respect of each class of business transacted, and the receipts (less the disbursements) of each class shall be carried to and form a separate fund with an appropriate name. Provided that nothing in this rule shall require the investments of any fund of a class of business provided under the Act to be kept separate from the investments of any other such fund, but the rule shall provide that the investments of any fund of a class of business not provided under the Act shall be kept separate from the investments of the funds of business which it so provided and shall not be shown in the Balance Sheet (Form IX) for the latter business.
- (21) That a fund of any particular class of business provided under the Act shall be as absolutely the security of the policy-holders of that class as though it belonged to a society carrying on no other business than insurance of that class, and shall not be liable for any contracts of the society for which it would not have been liable but for the business of the society being only that of insurance of that class, and shall not be applied, directly or indirectly, for any purposes other than those of the class of business to which the fund is applicable.
- (22) The provision, if any, made for the financial position of the society being assumed by an actuary, and providing that if ordinary life assurance business be transacted by the society it shall neither use any portion of the Life Assurance Fund towards payment of dividend nor shall any bonus to its life assurance policies either by way of addition to the sum assured or to the amount of maturity or to a cash payment or a reduction of premium, except as the result of an actuarial valuation ascertained as prescribed by sections 8, 9 and 10 of the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912. The rules shall also provide that any society transacting ordinary life assurance business shall undergo such a valuation at any time it may choose before

the 1st January 1917 and at intervals of not more than seven years thereafter and submit the returns to the Registrar in the form as prescribed by the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912.

(c) The method of mortgaging the assets of profit made by the society and the method of distributing such profit amongst policy-holders and shareholders.

(d) That the paid-up capital shall not be treated as part of the society's assets for the purpose of showing a divisible surplus at the time of any statutory investigation of the financial condition of the society.

(e) That no portion of the paid-up capital or other assets shall be released from liability in respect of provident insurance business until the funds applicable to such business are solvent in relation thereto by a reduction of the policy contracts. The rules shall also prescribe that no money shall be allocated for payment of dividends on shares at any time while such funds are not solvent otherwise than by a reduction of such contracts.

(f) That after the accounts have been duly audited, a copy thereof and of the statements detailed in rule 13 shall be sent to every member and policy-holder entitled to vote at a general meeting, as that, at least seven days shall intervene between the day on which they are sent and the day on which notice of any resolution to be brought before the general meeting will be accepted. That during the period from the day when such accounts and statements shall be sent to members until the time of their adoption in general meeting, they shall be kept at the head office and copies thereof at the principal branch or agency office in each of the provinces in which the society transacts business, for the inspection of any member or policy-holder of the society.

(g) That the accounts and statements prescribed under the Act shall be laid before the annual general meeting within six months of the expiration of each financial year of the society (except in the case of a report by an auditor as the financial position of the society when twelve months are allowed), and within 15 days after having been laid before the general or special meeting of the society and before the expiration of the bi-monthly period of six months (or twelve months, in the case of an additional report) there copies in English, and one in the vernacular, of copy, of such accounts, statements and financial report (if any) as well as of the resolution, if any, of such accounts, statements, and of such resolution adopted at such meeting, report of the directors or other managing body, and of such resolution adopted at such meeting shall be sent to the Registrar. The rules shall also prescribe that after the accounts have been audited and the report adopted by the society, they, together with a copy of such resolution passed and the report adopted by the society, shall within one month from the date adopted at the meeting placing such accounts or reports, shall within one month from the date thereof be sent to each member and to each policy-holder.

(h) That any member or policy-holder shall be entitled at any time to be furnished by the society with a copy of any part of any account, statement, or report, which has been submitted to the members or policy-holders at a change not exceeding six annas for every hundred words or part thereof required to be copied.

(i) The procedure to be followed in the event of voluntary winding-up of the society if it is not regulated under the Indian Companies Act, prescribing also the notice to be given to the Registrar regarding the appointment of a liquidator and the final dissolution of the society.

Form I.

[Rule 4.]

(The Provident Insurance Societies Act, 1912.)

Application to register a Society.

Name of society

To

The Registrar of Provident Insurance Societies, Madras.

Application to register a society under the above name is made by the undersigned.

1. The society is a Provident Insurance Society providing for the contingencies mentioned in annexure I appended hereto.

2. The notice required to be set forth in the rules are provided for in the manner shown in the schedule given in annexure II appended hereto.

Witness to the signature
(with address and description.)

Signature (with address and description.)

Date

[Annexure I to Form I.]

Contingencies which the society provides for.

(a)
(b)
(c)

[ANNEXURE II to FORM I.]

Statement showing the numbers of the rules of the society which provide for the several matters required to be set forth in the rules under the Act.

Rules required to be set forth in the rules	Number of the rule or rules of the society in which the matter is provided for
(a)	1.
(b) From the Schedule to the rules under (the Act.)	2.
(c)	3.
(d)	4.

Form II.

[Rule 6.]

Acknowledgment of Registration.

The Registrar of Provident Insurance Societies, Madras, has the honour to acknowledge the receipt of the Rules of "the _____" Society and its rules have been registered as No. _____ of _____ under the Provident Insurance Societies Act, 1912.

Seal.

Dated

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Registrar of Provident Insurance Societies.

Form III.

[Rule 6.]

Memorandum acknowledging receipt of documents.

Office of the Registrar of Provident Insurance Societies.

The Registrar of Provident Insurance Societies, Madras, has the honour to acknowledge the receipt of the undermentioned document and has. The document has been ^{registered} pursuant to Act V of 1912.

Dated

Registrar of Provident Insurance Societies

Document.

For.

To

The

Form IV.

[Rule 7.]

Register of members maintained pursuant to section 10 of the Provident Insurance Societies Act, 1912.

Rule in the Register of the Rules.	Serial number	Date of admission.	Name.	Father's name.	Occupation and address.	Signature of the member, with full name.	Amount paid or received, as by rule, or such other.	Date on which he is entitled to receive the amount payable.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)

Form V.

[Wele 8.7]

Regener of polypropylene.

[illegible]

Form VI. [State 12.]		13 (for all incomes,	
Revenue account of the		Society for the year ending	
		provided under the Act)	
Amount of funds at the beginning of the year—	Rs.	Amounts to shareholders payable on 13 for the year ending, 19	Rs.
Life Assurance Fund		[This is to be stated here by society not supplying a Profit and Loss Account.]	
Marriage Insurance Fund		Claims under policies paid and outstanding—	
Investment Reserve Fund		By death	
Dividend Reserve Fund		By survivorship	
Other funds (to be stated separately).		By marriage	
		By birth	
		(Other claims to be specially stated.)	
Shareholders' capital paid up at beginning of year.		Available	
Shareholders' capital paid up during the year	Rs.	Deductions, including surrender of	
Freemans—		Society's additions.	
entering society at death		Deductions in cash	
" " on survivorship		Deductions on reduction of premiums ..	
" " on marriage		Expenses—	
" " at birth		Commission	
" " other benefits (to be specially stated.)		Agents' and correspondents' allowances.	
Contribution for expenses granted ..		Salaries, etc. (other than to agents and correspondents).	
Interest, dividend, and other falling due in year.	Rs.	Traveling expenses	
- Less income-tax thereon ..		Director's fees	
		Auditors' fees	
		Medical fees	
		Attorneys' fees	
		Society for office belonging to and occupied by the society.	
		Rents of other offices occupied by the society	
Estimate fees		Law charges	
Charges for policy stamps		Advertising	
Fines or other charges on account of premiums paid late.		Printing and stationery	
Other sums falling due in year (to account to be specially stated).		Other expenses incurred in year (to account to be specially stated).	
		Other payments (account to be specially stated)	
		Shareholders' capital paid up at end of year as per balance sheet.	
		Amount of funds at the end of the year as per balance sheet.	
		Life Assurance Fund	
		Marriage Insurance Fund	
		Investment Reserve Fund	
		Dividend Reserve Fund	
		Other funds (to be specially stated).	

Balance (1) being at the amount to be not payable after deduction of the amounts paid and received in respect of re-assurances of the society's risks.

(2) Every society insuring, holding, society insurance shall show in its account both the premium amount and the status of each class of such business separately from the premium and status of the other classes of business transacted by the society.

(3) If any class of policy is not specified for full benefit until after the first year or other stated period, the premium income of that class shall be reported accordingly in the above account. In the case of a society having more than one qualifying period for any such business the premium income shall be shown separately for each qualifying period.

(4) If any sum has been deducted from the deposits account and taken credit for in the balance sheet as an asset, the sum so deducted shall be shown as a sum due to the society and shall be subtracted along with the revenue account. Any sum treated as an asset in the margin of the balance sheet shall be shown as a sum due to the society from the date on which the sum was received. But, in any case, the amount so treated shall not be included in the sum of any other assets which are included in the society's assets and liabilities.

(5) The society must, at the end of the year, show in this account the amount of accumulations or new business separately from accumulations or new business.

Verified with the books, accounts and vouchers and found correct.

Director.
Manager.
Secretary or other responsible officer.

Form VII.

[Rule 11.]

Statement regarding preliminary expenses, retentions of business, &c.

Balance at beginning of year of preliminary and other expenses not shown as expenditure in the Revenue Account, but appearing as assets in the Balance sheet of the society for the year ending 19
 Addition thereto during the year not shown as expenditure in Revenue Account
 Less amount written off during the year as per Revenue Account
 Balance at the end of year of preliminary and other expenses not yet shown as expenditure in the Revenue Account but meantime shown as assets in the Balance sheet

Total

The society shall state what arrangements, if any, have been made to write off the balance of—

- (1) Preliminary expenses, &c.
- (2) Cost of furniture.

Form VIII.

[Rule 13.]

Profit and Loss Account of the *society*
for the year ending 19 .. *(to be completed by all societies except*
those carrying on no other business than ordinary life assurance.)

	ss.		ss.
Balance of last year's account ..		Dividends to shareholders payable on 19 for the year ending 19 ..	
Interest and dividends not carried to other accounts* ..		Expenses not charged to other accounts ..	
Less income-tax thereon ..		Loss realised † (accounts to be specified) ..	
Profits realised † (accounts to be specified) ..		Other payments (accounts to be specified) ..	
Other accounts (accounts to be specified) ..		Balance as per Balance Sheet ..	

* The only case in which it is permissible to enter here in the account of interest and dividends paid by the life company's representing the policy capital.

† Profits (or losses) which do not belong to any specific fund and any profit (or loss) on the collection of investments representing policy capital shall be entered here.

Verified with the books, accounts and vouchers and found correct.

} Directors.

Manager.

Form 10.

[Rule 12.]

Balance sheet of the society for the year ending ID for the
 class of business prescribed under the Act which are transacted by the society

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Funds	Life Assurance Fund	Mortgages of property	
	Marriage Insurance Fund ..		
	Investment Reserve Fund ..		
	Dividend Reserve Fund ..		
	Other Funds contained in ..		
Capital	Balance of Profit and Loss Account	Other loans (to be specified) ..	
	Total funds as per Revenue and Profit and Loss Account.		
	Shareholders' capital paid up and of year as per Revenue Account.		
	*Divide admitted or estimated but not paid, as under—		
	Life Assurance		
Outstanding liabilities.	Marriage Insurance	Interest on Government securities, or in other bonds, debentures, stocks and shares (to be given in detail here, or if numerous the details may be stated on a schedule, the total of the schedule agreeing with the Balance Sheet figure)	
	Other classes of business (to be specified).		
	Unpaid Dividends		
	Deposits		
	Charges incurred but not presented for payment.		
Other sums owing by the society *	Other sums owing by the society *	Cheques paid into Bank and in course of collection	
	(such as sums borrowed by the society, commission due but unpaid, counter value outstanding, to be stated separately under each class of business)		
		Cash on deposit with the ... Bank. Cash in hand or in current account with the ... Bank. Other assets (to be specified) ..	

* These sums are to have been included in the accompanying statement in Form VI.

(1) The balance sheet must state how the value of the stock exchange securities are arrived at and a certificate must be appended, signed by the same persons as signed the balance sheet, to the effect that in their belief the sums set forth in the balance sheet are in the appropriate fully of the above-stated accounts, free from any fraud or error.

(2) A schedule must be appended hereto, signed by the same persons as signed the balance sheet and by the auditor, to the effect that any fraud has been applied hereto or solely for any purpose other than the above-stated business, to which it is applicable.

(3) Directors having connections with any specified liability shall state separately the full amount thereof.

(4) Particulars must be given of all loans, including temporary advances, except loans on policies within their respective terms, made at any time during the year in any form or in any way, or in any other manner in which any of the said directors or officers may hold the position of director or of officer.

(5) Directors must be given of all amounts, in whatever form, that are paid to any director or manager or other responsible officer of the society in respect of any business transaction.

(6) Directors must be given of the balance of the above-stated branch and agency balances and outstanding promises, interest, dividends and other monies due after the date of the balance sheet.

In the Revenue Account should be entered all the financial transactions of the society by way of income and expenditure during the year, whether such transactions have been completed by the actual receipt or payment of cash, or are outstanding at the end of the year.

On the Income side of this account should appear the premiums for each different class of business, all entrance fees, fines and other sums due to the society during the year (whether received or not) under the several items provided in the form.

(a) Investments made or realized should not be entered in this account, but only the gain or loss made on their realization, which should appear as income, if gain, and as expenditure, if loss.

(b) No deposits in, or withdrawals from, Bank are to be brought into this account.

On the Expenditure side should appear all expenses incurred during the year (whether paid or outstanding) under the several items provided in the form. Bad debts, losses on Agency balances should be shown as expenditure.

No item can be included in the funds at the end of the year which was not included in the funds at the beginning of the year unless it is shown as an item of income of the year. Similarly no item can be included in any of the funds in any year without appearing as an item of expenditure in the Revenue Account for that year.

The amount of each different fund at the beginning of the year should be the same amount which was stated in the Revenue Account of the society's last return as the amount of those funds at the end of the year.

If the balance of any account shown in the previous return be found incorrect, the corrected balance should be brought forward in the next return, and an explanation of the difference given on the form Part II.

On the left-hand (or left-hand) side of the Revenue Account there should be brought from the Revenue Account the amounts of the Funds at the end of the year, as indicated on the form; and the particulars stated of any debts incurred on behalf of the society, each (if any) due by the society, and any other liabilities incurred by it which may be outstanding at the end of the year.

On the right-hand (or right-hand) side should be shown the society's assets together with the cash in hand and any other assets of the society. Amongst such other assets will be, for instance—

- branch and agency balances;
- outstanding premiums;
- outstanding interest;
- interest accrued but not payable;
- cheques paid into bank and in course of realisation.

The amounts of these items shown in the balance sheet will, in the main, be received during the next financial year, but they must not again be included amongst the premiums, interest or cash in the Revenue Account, as they have already been included in the amount shown in this year's Revenue Account as "Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year."

Some of these outstanding items which have been taken credit for as an asset may never be paid at all. The amount of these not realised will have to be written off through the Revenue Account and the Funds will be decreased accordingly.

Valued with the books, accounts and vouchers and found correct.

} Directors.

Manager.

Secretary or other responsible officer.

Form X.

[Rule 12.]

TABLES

191

Submitted by the		society for the year ending		1921				
				Number of policies in possession of society—				
				Table No. 1.	Table No. 2.	Table No. 3.		
				(1)	(2)	(3)		
(1) Number of policies assuring money to be paid on death of a male life—								
affected during the year by the life assured				..	..	..
..	..	his wife	..	..	..	..
..	..	son	..	..	..	..
..	..	daughter	..	..	..	..
..	..	father	..	..	..	..
..	..	mother	..	..	..	..
..	..	brother	..	..	..	..
..	..	sister	..	..	..	..
..	..	any person other than the above relations.	..	..	..	..
(2) Number of policies assuring money to be paid on the death of a female life—								
affected during the year by the life assured				..	..	..
..	..	her husband	..	..	..	..
..	..	son	..	..	..	..
..	..	daughter	..	..	..	..
..	..	mother	..	..	..	..
..	..	brother	..	..	..	..
..	..	sister	..	..	..	..
..	..	any person other than the above relations.	..	..	..	..
Total number of policies (assuring money to be paid on death) effected in the year under each different class.								

Form XI.

[Rule 13.]

Submitted by the

society for the year ending

191

Age of life assured.	Number of policies effected in the year or for which amount payable at death.			
	Table No. 1	Table No. 2	Table No. 3	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Under 5 years				
Over 5 and under 10				
" 10 " 15				
" 15 " 20				
" 20 " 25				
" 25 " 30				
" 30 " 35				
" 35 " 40				
" 40 " 45				
" 45 " 50				
" 50 " 55				
" 55 " 60				
" 60 " 65				
" 65 " 70				
Total number effected under each of the life assurance tables.				
(These totals should agree with the totals in Form X.)				

Form XII.

[Rule 13.]

Submitted by the

society for the year ending

191

Largest amount of annuity paid during the year on any one life under a policy or policies issued after the commencement of the Act: namely, 18th March 1913.

Largest amount of annuity which the society contracted during the year to pay in the future on any one life.

Largest amount at risk during the year on any one life under life assurance policies effected since the commencement of the Act.

Largest amount of whole life premiums received or undertaken to be received during the year under life assurance policies on any one life effected since the commencement of the Act.

Largest amount of premiums received or undertaken to be received during the year under life assurance policies effected since the commencement of the Act on any one life where the premiums are payable for the following limited periods—

1 year	
2 years	
3 "	
4 "	
5 "	
6 "	

and so on up to the largest term for which.

What for each class of insurance business other than that of life insurance was the largest sum insured during the year against the happening of any one contingency connected with any one person, no matter whether the insurance be under one or more policies—

Class of Insurance.	Maximum sum insured.
Birth	
Failure of issue	
Marriage	
Real investment business	
Unemployment	
Sickness	
Accident	

When the amount payable under a policy varies it shall, for the purposes of statements XII, XIII and XIV, be taken as exceeding the amount of the maximum limit which the society stipulates will not be exceeded. If there be no such limit then the largest amount definitely undertaken to be paid shall be entered in these statements.

Form XIII.

[Rule 15.]

Submitted by the _____ society for the year ending _____ 191 ____.

Contingency on which sum insured or other benefit payable.		Total new insurances effected during the year under review.				
		Total in prospect of society.	Number of policies.	Sum insured or actual benefit payable.*	General premium.	Single premium.
Death	No. ..			Rs.	Rs. & P.	Rs. & P.
(Including death combined with some other contingency.)	No. ..					
	No. ..					
	Rs. ..					
	Total ..	†				
Savings of a fixed period only.	No. ..					
	No. ..					
	Rs. ..					
	Total ..					
Marriage	No. ..					
	Rs. ..					
	Total ..					
Birth	No. ..					
	Rs. ..					
And so on for other classes.	Total ..					

* See footnote to Form XII.

† This total should agree with the total number shown in Forms I and II.

Form XIV.

[Rule 13.]

Submitted by the

society for the year ending

19

	Policies leaving society to be paid on death.		Policies leaving society to be paid only on survivorship.		Annuities.		Marriage policies.		Paid on the death of the insured.
	No.	Sum insured (including bonus withdrawn).	No.	Sum insured.	No.	Amount payable per annum.	No.	Sum insured.	
(1) Policies at end of previous year.	1.		2.		3.		4.		
(2) New policies issued as per statement XIII.									
(3) Old policies revived.									
(4) Old policies changed and increased.									
Total ..									
Discontinued during year.									
(5) By death ..									
(6) By maturity or the happening of the contingency insured against.									
(7) By expiry of term.									
(8) By surrender ..									
(9) By forfeiture ..									
(10) By change and decrease.									
(11) By not taking up ..									
Total discontinued ..									
Total existing at end of year.									

See Schedule to Form XII.

Form XV.

[Rule 15.]

Submitted by the

society up to the close of the year ending

19

Year when policy effected.	Number of policies effected in each year.	Number terminating in force at end of year under review.	The difference between the figures of columns (2) and (3) being made up of the following				
			Claims by death.	Claims by expiry of policy other than by death.	Surrenders.	Forfeitures.	Total policies expired.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
(Continued with the first page the Company printed memoranda at the top and give the particulars for each year thereafter.)							

A statement in which every item would be given for each year under which the society has placed its insured policies. Statements required by this form need not be given until within six months after the close of the first financial year in which they enter the statistics of these rules.

Form XVI

[Rule 13.]

Statement submitted by the
of claims arising in the year ending 19 under each class of dividing
society business.

Number of claims arising in year by death of life assured—

After payment of premium.	Table No. 1.	Table No. 2.	Table No. 3.	Total.
for less than one year				
" one year but less than two years ..				
" two years .. three				
" three .. four				
and so on.				

If the amount of the sum payable in event of death in the first few months be ascertained by a different rule than for deaths occurring later, the first column should be altered accordingly, so that the deaths may be ascertained during each period for which a different method of calculation applies. For instance, in the case of a society paying nothing in event of death before six months' premiums have been paid and retaining the premiums paid in the case of claims when six let. five then seven months' premiums have been paid, the first column would be shown as follows:—

For less than six months
" six months but less than eleven months
" eleven months but less than twelve months
" one year but less than two years
and so on.

A similar statement must be given of claims by marriage, by birth and under such other class of dividing society business undertaken by the society, and a reconciliation shown between the figures in each statement and the surplus shown in the revenue account.

Form XVII.

[Rule 14.]

Statement submitted by the
up to the close of the year ending 19 society
of the claims by death under its dividing society policies.

statement giving examples of the total sum (including all advances or further benefits up matter when paid) that would have been paid in past years under a policy becoming a claim by death shortly before the policy had been in force for 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 full years, respectively, all premiums having been paid up to date of death.

Total sum paid at death in return for premiums of Rs. entered in each year.

Financial year in which claim occurred.	Number of years premiums paid prior to date of death.				
	1	2	3	4	5
19	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(This being 1st year of society).					
19					
19					
19					
19					
1912					
1913 and so on					

If the premiums required by the above table vary for different ages at entry, particulars must be given separately for ages at entry 10 and so on, as well as for the youngest and for the oldest ages at entry for which such policies are now obtainable according to the rules of the society.

published on pages 459-462 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated the 2nd May 1915 :-

- (i) conversing with accuracy and fluency in the vernacular;
- (ii) reading with fluency and translating correctly two or three Acts or other official manuscripts written in a plain running office hand;
- (iii) taking down in English evidence given in the vernacular and asking questions thereon in the vernacular;
- (iv) dictating an order on a given subject in the vernacular;
- (v) translating in writing, with due accuracy of idiom and grammar, on any passage of English prose relating to Indian subjects and containing no words that have not familiar vernacular equivalents; such passages shall, as far as possible, bear upon questions connected with the department to which the candidate belongs.

P. RAJAGOPALA SCHARIYAH,
Secretary to Government.

Port St. George, December 2, 1915.

No. 548.—Under the explanation to section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act (Act XXVI of 1881), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that, in addition to the public holidays expressly defined as such in the said explanation, viz., Sundays, New Year's day (Saturday, the 1st January), Christmas day (Monday, the 25th December) and Good Friday (Friday, the 21st April), the following days shall be public holidays in the year 1916 :-

Tuesday	September 20th, 1915	..	Mahabysa Asaravai.
Thursday	October 15th	..	Ayudhya.
Wednesday	" 25th	..	Dussehra.
Tuesday	November 7th	..	Moharvam (first day).
Tuesday	December 19th	..	"
Wednesday	" 27th	..	Christmas.
Friday	" 29th	..	"
Saturday	" 30th	..	"

9. The Governor in Council further notifies that on the following days, which are not declared to be public holidays under statutory provision, all public offices in the Presidency town and in the mofussil, with the exception of (1) the Sea Customs office, (2) the Reserve Treasury and office of the Commissioner of Paper Currency, (3) the General Stamp office (which will be opened from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.) will be closed.

Saturday	December 25th, 1916.	} Christmas.
Thursday	" 25th "	

C. O. TOMLINSON,
Acting Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

(Financial)

NOTIFICATIONS

Colombad, September 8, 1916.

No. 38.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :-

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

LEADS AND APPROPRIATIONS.

South, the 21st August 1916.

* No. 318 F.E.—Mr. P. Mohan Rao has been posted to Assistant Accountant-General, Madras with effect from the 4th August 1916.

Calcutta, September 3, 1912.

MEMORANDUM of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure at the Government of Madras for June 1912.

[illegible]

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Scientist.

(Separate Revenue)

NOTIFICATION.

Dated, 24th September 1908.

No. 22.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished:—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

CUSTOMS.

No. 1022-W.-II.—24th August 1908.

No. 1022-W.-II.—In pursuance of the notification in this Department No. 1022-W., dated the 21st August 1908, the following regulations regarding certificates of origin for foreign goods imported into India are published for general information:—

Regulations necessary proof of origin of foreign goods.

I. The following will be accepted as proof of the origin of goods subject to Customs duty at the rates of the "Conventional" or, as the case may be, "General" Tariff for European trade:—

1. Certificates of origin issued by:

- (a) Russian diplomatic and consular officers, with the official seal affixed;
- (b) Consuls of Consulars, stationed at Foreign Authorities with the official seal affixed;
- (c) Customs houses discharging the goods from the country where produced are assessed in Russia as "Conventional" rates, or, as the case may be, "General" rates of the tariff;

2. Assesses, invoices, or letters of manufacturers, wholesale stores, merchants' examinations, officers and traders.

II. The documents enumerated in point 1 (letters a and b) and point 2 of section I, will be recognised as sufficient proof of origin only when the said documents have been endorsed by Russian diplomatic or consular officers, if there be such in the country of origin. But only the signatures of the documents must be checked, but also the accuracy of the statements regarding the origin of the goods indicated. In the case of invoices, receipts, and letters of foreign manufacturers, etc. (point 2 of section I), the above officials must also certify that the persons furnishing these documents do in fact possess the commercial or industrial undertakings in the name of which the documents are submitted.

As a temporary measure and for the duration of the war owners of goods may obtain certificates of origin from the competent Consuls of allied or neutral countries resident in the country through which the goods pass, or from which they have been received. These certificates, however, as well as the accuracy of the declaration as to the origin of the goods made thereon, must be further verified by the local Russian diplomatic or consular officer.

No. 1022-W.-II.—In countries where there are no Russian diplomatic or consular representatives, the documents may be attested by English, French, or Belgian diplomatic or consular officers, according to a list mentioned by the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

III. Should (Russian) Customs authorities require any difficulties in interpreting the design test of documents presented, the owner of the goods must be deemed to have a translation in Russian, certifying the correctness of the same with his signature.

IV. The documents referred to in section I will be accepted only if issued by persons residing, or institutions established in the country of origin of the goods, and not in countries through which they are being transported or transited.

V. These documents must contain information as to the quantity of packages, their marks and numbers, gross and net weight, and description of the goods by their technical or trade name, the following exceptions being admitted:—

- (a) In proof of origin of articles assessed in the Tariff not by weight but by piece, documents will be accepted without indication of the net and gross weight;
- (b) In documents concerning vessels (ships), the documents may be indicated by gross capacity in tons.

(c) The net weight need not be given in the case of the following: all goods assessed in the Tariff by gross weight and all goods assessed a definite rate for tax if imported in packing specially named in the Tariff table mentioned by the Minister of Finance;

(d) slight disparities in the marks and numbers of goods' packages, as compared with the entries in the documents need not diminish the documents of the Customs authorities here as long as the documents refer to the goods imported;

VI. It is sufficient to present one of the documents indicated in Section I if the goods come to Russia direct from the country of origin.

VII. By direct importation of goods from the country of origin it is to be understood:—

- (a) the carriage of goods from a port of the country of origin to a Russian port without transshipment and without discharge at a port of a third country;
- (b) the carriage of goods by rail or by a mixed route, by rail and by steamer, with through way bills or bills of lading, if the place of dispatch indicated in these documents is situated within the bona fide of the country of origin and the place of destination is any office or loading point of Russia, even if the goods have to be transhipped after arrival in the products of which favourable tariff rates are applied.

VIII. The transshipments of goods through German, Austro-Hungarian, or Turkish territories, as also the transshipment or discharge of goods at ports of these countries, shall deprive the goods of any right to favourable tariff rates.

IX. On the delivery of goods imported indirectly from the country of origin the following will be required:

1. For goods coming from Customs warehouses, in addition to one of the documents indicated in Section I, a certificate of a Customs House of the country from which the goods are imported and drawn to the effect that the packages indicated in the said documents were not removed from the warehouses of that Customs House, and indicating by what symbols or bills of lading they were despatched directly to Russia. This certificate must be attested by Russian diplomatic or consular officials; and

2. For goods required in a foreign interior market, a certificate of origin from Russian diplomatic or consular officials indicating that the goods, on delivery into that country did not pass in transit through German, Austro-Hungarian or Turkish territory, and were not reexported or re-shipped at ports of those countries.

3. Goods specified in the appended list, on direct import into Russia from the country of origin, do not require certificates of origin. If these goods are imported, indirectly from the country of origin, they require a certificate of the Customs House of the country from which they were despatched direct to Russia, this certificate indicating the country of origin, the place whence the goods were consigned at the place where the Customs House issuing the certificate is situated, and the routes by which the goods were proceeding to Russia. These certificates must be issued by a Russian diplomatic or consular official.

Certificates of origin will be dispensed with in the case of foreign goods which arrive in the Empire direct from Allied countries; nor will such certificates be required in the case of foreign goods despatched to Russia from Allied countries by parcel post.

When goods from Allied countries are imported into the Empire after passing in transit through other countries, or after transshipment at intermediate ports, certificates of origin issued at the place of despatch only will be required. Russian diplomatic and consular officials will verify only the signatures on the certificates and not the accuracy of the statements regarding the origin of the goods covered by the certificates.

Note.—At the desire of the owners of the goods, transit of the Customs certificates mentioned in this Section, documents referred to in Sections I and IX may be presented.

XI. Goods imported by Persia, Afghan, Mongolian and certified Chinese frontiers, do not require certificates of origin.

XII. In goods' declarations, when the amount of the duty depends on the country of origin, the owner must indicate the country of origin, otherwise the declaration will be treated for the purposes of this regulation.

XIII. Documents showing the origin or place of despatch of goods (Sections I to X) may be presented at Customs Houses at the time of import of the goods together with the landing documents, or on delivery of the declaration, or afterwards with a separate statement handed in previous to the discharge of the goods from the Customs House, but in any case, not later than six months from the date of arrival at the goods at the Customs House. Proof of origin may also be submitted after the clearance of the goods through the Customs House. In such cases however, a sum must be deposited with the Customs officials to cover the possible difference in the amount of duty payable; and the Customs officials will retain samples of the goods, or drawings, photographs and descriptions thereof until such time as the duty is paid.

XIV. On importation of the goods, the Customs authorities must see that the proofs of origin presented correspond with the goods, and, in cases of reasonable doubt, must verify the goods, apart from the documents referred to above, and make an export examination of the goods.

XV. If the number of packages of goods presented for inspection should be found to be less than that entered on the documents of origin, then examinations shall be made in order to be sure that the goods are subject to assessment under the "Commercial" or, as the case may be, "Quota" Tariff and the documents of origin must not be returned to the owner of the goods. If the latter declares that the missing packages will be delivered later, the Customs House must, on his written request, deliver to him a copy of these documents, with a note on the same explaining the circumstances.

XVI. The documents indicated in sections I to X of these regulations, delivered at Customs Houses with parcel declarations will be recognised as proof of origin of goods imported in parcel parcels. Certificates of origin covering goods sent by parcel post should specify the postal numbers of the parcels. For goods, covered in transit, delivered in advance direct from Customs Houses (Section 411 of the Customs Code, 1912) respectively, proof of origin may also be presented by the receipt on the same basis as is established for the presentation of proof of origin of goods imported according to declaration.

XVII. For goods imported without inspection documents in the case provided for in Sections 397, 398, 399, 401, 402 and 417 of the Customs Code, proof of origin will be accepted on the same basis as is established for goods imported according to declaration.

XVIII. Documents of origin, as also other documents, after payment of Customs duties on the goods, shall be sent to the Imperial Customs Chamber with the inspection documents.

XIX. In the absence of proofs of origin, or non compliance of the same with these regulations, the goods will be assessed for duty according to the rates established for goods of German, Austrian and Turkish origin.

XX. Exceptions from the stipulations of these regulations may be made in exceptional cases on the special authorisation, in each separate case, of the Minister of Finance.

ANNEX TO SECTION X.

List of foreign goods for which, on direct importation from the country of origin, certificates of origin are not required.

Asphalt; antimony; amplex, acids; cotton, raw; eggs, exhausted; coffee; bones; cedar wood; dyed and bleached fabrics (silk, cotton, wool); dyed, raw; food; medicinal mineral waters from allied and neutral countries; refined-salt; products derived from; sugar and; sulphuric acid and various kinds of paper; unrefined sugar, cloves, and other such spices; pyrites; pyrites, iron; rubber; sulphur; Chalk; unrefined sulphur, acids; sulphuric acid; wax; bones' dig. unrefined; various minerals and extracts; oil; iron.

Hides and skins, undressed; of bulls, cows, calves, horses, buffaloes, horses, swine, pigs; skin of fish or amphibious animals.

Fur and skins, dressed.

Machine tools for machinery.

Wooden parts of machines and apparatus.

Natural substances, in rectangular or circular shape, mounted or not.

(Grinding and polishing equipment, and articles manufactured therefrom; graphs, surfaces for chromatography) various; laboratory, polishing and various equipment;

of the Department of Health and Human Services, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health, Division of Health Policy and Statistics, Washington, DC 20492.

[illegible]

• Naphthalene und -oliphonischeamide

Esters and amide derivatives of the anionic series 1.

Frequency of hydrogen:

Wang, J. and J. Wang, 2003, *Journal of*

Metallurgische und mechanische Eigenschaften des Stahls

Abstract: The authors report on a study of the effects of a 10-week, 12-session, self-help program on the self-esteem of 100 adolescents with a history of sexual abuse. The program was designed to help adolescents understand and express their feelings, develop coping skills, and build self-esteem. The results of the study showed that the program had a significant positive effect on the self-esteem of the adolescents. The authors discuss the implications of the findings for future research and practice.

Copper, aluminum, nickel, cobalt, lithium, cerium and other rare earth metals, beryllium, molybdenum, vanadium (dissolved silver), bromine, iodine, and all other rare earth metals—all the above in bar, refined and others.

Manufactures of the foregoing metals and alloys, viz., articles not ornamented, in relief, and engraved, and stamped articles, even if combined with wood, iron, tin plate, leather, or other common

Chlorine values in the sample are analysed.

Iron and steel boiler makers' unions, such as steam boilers, and similar apparatus, boilers, turbines, tanks, hoppers, sections of bridges; also all completed kinds of manufacture of sheet iron or steel.

^aIron and steel manufactures (unspecified), worked, welded, polished, ground, brazed or otherwise fabricated from the same material, of wood, or of copper or similar alloys.

Ware of copper or copper alloys, aluminium, nickel, cobalt, kunzite, malachite, etc., of shayandis, kunzite, silverite, Bortonia metal, etc.

Manufacture of wire of steel, ferroalloy, nickel, cobalt, or other metal, in coils or other forms, of all kinds.

Abstracts in brief of all studies published in the journal are included in the brief and for a

materials, prepared from iron, steel, copper, copper alloys, etc., etc.; also rubbers or plastics provided with cores or with combined blades; knife blades, and forks without handles, finished or not;

...with the ...
...and ...

Macropus and *Peromyscus*, complete or incomplete, fixed together on the parts:

[illegible]

Thermochromic measuring systems (crystals, sensors, reflectors, and indicators);

Paper pulp prepared by chemical process (woodless, pulp made from sugar, straw, peat, etc.);

Wool and hair, untreated, washed; wool, clean, dry and waste;

Felts or felted pieces of cotton, paper or mixed with wool, for use in bookbinding and workshops.

Twins of Mavala body or steel, for steel, leaving response, whether imported separately or with the body.

John and Helen make the most into things for washing or packing.

Blackish-belted albatrosses are common

Folies as folded squares of wool, for use in fastenings.

Woolen manufactures for use in factories (excluding dye and green dyes and dyed hair, tweed, millinery, hats).

No. 1999-96-W.-II.—The following Order in Council is published for general information:—

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL.

The 36th day of June, 1936

By the Lords of the Bishop's Most Honourable Privy Council

Whereas it is provided by section 2 of the Customs (Exemption Provisions) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation or Order in Council made under section 2 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1878, as amended by the Act now in force, may, where a state of war exists, be varied or added to by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas it is provided by section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Restriction) Act, 1904, that any Proclamation made under section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, may, whether the Proclamation was made before or after the passing of the Act now in force, be varied or added to, which a state of war exists, by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas by a Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May, 1918, and made under section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1875, and section 1 of the Expansion of Areas Act, 1900, and section 1 of the Customs (Expansion Prohibitions) Act, 1914, the importation from the United Kingdom of certain articles to certain or all destinations was prohibited:

And whereas by subsequent Orders of Council the said Proclamation was amended and added to in certain particulars:

And whereas there was this day read at the Board a recommendation from the Board of Trade to the following effect:—

That the Proclamation, dated the 20th day of May, 1916, be amended and added to by subsequent Orders of Council, should be further amended by making the following amendments in and additions to the Schedule to the same:—

(1) That the following headings should be deleted:—

- (c) Absorbents;
- (c) Asbestos;
- (c) Black plates and black sheets and/or lath-thick;
- (a) Gaseous gases or rubbers;

Chemicals, drugs, etc., the following:—

- (a) Anthracene oil;
- (a) Coal tar, all products (except acetone) obtainable from and derivatives thereof, suitable for use in the manufacture of dyestuffs and pigments, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures containing such products or derivatives;

- (c) Cresols;
- (a) Green oil;
- (a) Sulphuric acid;

(a) Fibre;

(a) Jute piece-goods;

Metals and alloys:—

(a) Steel plates and sheets 1 inch thick and over;

- (c) Oil, emulsion, except wood tar oil;
- (c) Pitch, coal tar;
- (c) Pitch, resin;
- (c) Pitch, wood;
- (c) Pitch derived from fish, gossamer, oils or fatty acids;
- (c) Resin and mixtures resin;

Shipbuilding materials:—

(c) Iron plates and structural materials for shipbuilding;

(c) Steel-sheets;

(c) Syngas which may be used as fuel for steam, and mixtures produced from coal syngas.

(2) That the following headings should be added:—

- (a) American cotton line, varnished or blacked;
- (a) Black plates for making exported re. boxes;
- (a) Cast iron pipes;

Chemicals, drugs, etc., the following:—

(c) Anthracene oil and mixtures and preparations containing anthracene oil;

(a) Coal tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof, suitable for use in the manufacture of dyestuffs and pigments, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives (except anthracene oil and green oil and mixtures and preparations containing these oils);

(c) Cresols and cresols oils (except wood tar oil) and mixtures and preparations containing such cresols or cresols oils;

(c) Green oil and mixtures and preparations containing green oil;

(a) Sulphuric acid and mixtures containing sulphuric acid;

(a) Galvanised corrugated and galvanised flat sheets;

(a) Iron and steel plates and sheets (except black plates for making exported re. boxes, re. plates, corrugated, and lead-coated sheets);

(c) Japanese tissue paper;

(a) Jute piece goods and jute goods mainly composed of jute;

(a) Molasses;

(a) Motor ploughs and motor tractors for agricultural use;

(c) Packed grass and bales;

(c) Pitch and all mixtures, preparations and compounds of which pitch forms an ingredient;

(c) Potable spirits of a strength of less than 40 degrees above proof;

(a) Quinine both anhydrous;

(c) Shipbuilding materials, the following:—

(c) Structural materials for shipbuilding;

(a) Small tools, the following:—

Boeing cutlery;

Chisels;

Filles;

Hacksaws;

Lathe tools;

Misleading tools;

Milling cutlery;

Scissors;

Scoring tools;

Shaving tools;

Thread pulling tools;

Twist drills;

(a) Steelbands composed wholly or partly of steel;

(c) Syngas which may be used as fuel for steam.

Now, therefore, these Landships, having taken the said recommendation into consideration, are pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be approved.

Description of article.	Duty.
Electric Flat Iron (as Laundry Iron)	P.
Electric Heating Grid	P.
Electric Heater or Radiator (portable)	P.
Electric Heated Hot Plate	P.
Electric Heated Heating Pot (as Hollowware)	P.
Electric Heated Tea Pot (as Hollowware)	P.
Electric Stoves (as Stoves and Ranges)	P.
Electric Trolley for table use (as Hardware)	P.
Envelope Fasteners—Steel	P.
Fans—Electric	N.P.
Fish Oil (as Glycerine) for soap-making	N.P.
Fish-iron—Electric (as Laundry Iron)	P.
Foralene Fan Dryer	P.
Garden Hose	P.
Goods imported into Bond for re-export	N.P.
Gold-button Shirts	N.P.
Gold-Electric Heating	P.
Grater or Grinders—Electric (portable)	P.
Helm, Remounted (Patent Leather)	P.
Holders, Cell (metal) for tubes (as Hardware)	P.
Hot-water, Electrically heated	P.
Instant Foodstuffs as Japan	N.P.
Japanese Porcelain (mainly of paper and bamboo)	N.P.
Lacquered Underclothes Hardware in Japan (as Wood Manufactures)	P.
Ladies' Hair Brushes or U.S.A., chiefly made of Goss exported from England	N.P.
Leather, Patent (Embossed Hides)	N.P.
Leather Roll Lanes, used for joining Drilling Belts, etc.	N.P.
Leather Carving—Substrate for hangings and covered. Head Goggles (not Gun) made of wood pulp or other such materials of special preparation	P.
Machines—Agricultural, Implements and parts thereof	N.P.
Machines—Electric Sewing-machines	P.
Machines—Over-Edge Sewing	P.
Machines—Tubes—Belgium (Cotton or Flax and Cotton mixed)	P.
Metals—Copper, Tinplate	N.P.
Metal Tridents—Small (as Toys)	P.
Mops	N.P.
Motors (Engines and Motors) for Agricultural Motor Pumps	N.P.
Hydraulic (prepared for the table)	P.
Oil Containers or Tanks, Brass (used for ordinary oil lighting or heating lamps)	P.
Oil—Fish (as Glycerine) for soap-making	N.P.
Over-Edge Sewing Machines	P.
Paints—Brush Handles, when made of Ash or Hickory (as Tool Handles)	N.P.
Paints—Japanese (mainly of paper and bamboo)	N.P.
Patent Leather (Embossed Hides)	N.P.
Percolators—Cotton (as Hollowware)	P.
Pickles and Vegetables, Canned, Sealed—Dried and Preserved when product of	N.P.
Pills—Dissolving	N.P.
Pins—Drawing	P.
Pumice and Pumice	N.P.
Rack Believes (as Hardware)	P.
Refrigerators	N.P.
Shedding Pot—Electrically heated (as Hollowware)	N.P.
Soft Pasteurizers (American) imported as Parts of Pasteurizers	N.P.
Solution Cooled Cans	P.
Steel Envelope Fasteners	P.
Stoves—Electric, as Stoves and Ranges	P.
Taps, (For Sewing)	N.P.
Tea Pot—Electrically heated (as Hollowware)	P.
Tenons—Electric, for table use (as Hardware)	P.
Tenons—Agricultural (Agricultural) Drives by Motor Power	N.P.
Tenons—Small, metal (as Toys)	P.
Turnbuckles—Steel drop forged, and cast (for use in connection with Gunboats)	N.P.
Used Engineering work and Railway Carriage work	N.P.
Unfinished Hardware—Lacquered, as Japan (as Wood Manufactures)	P.
Vegetables and Pickles—Canned, Sealed—Dried or Preserved when product of	N.P.
W.M. Janssens	N.P.
Vine Carrels	P.
Wicker Baskets (Japanese)	N.P.
Wigs, excepting those made of wooden sticks and Cotton twigs and Hair thereof	N.P.
Woolen Ore (containing 68 per cent of Tin)	N.P.

No. 7585-W. 31.—In execution of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Ordinance, 1916 (IV of 1916), and in pursuance of the Departmental Resolution No. 5025-W-11, dated the 13th July 1916, an exhibit is hereby notified, the Government-General in Council is pleased to prohibit the import of all goods from and the export of all goods to any of the trading concerns mentioned in the annexed schedule:

Salberg, Mollat & Company, Larnaka.
 Salbeck, Menet, Larnaka.
 Salbeck, Peters, Larnaka.
 Sager and Worsen, Larnaka.
 Shari, Mohamed, Teluk.
 Shari, Mohamed Ben el, Amri.
 Simon, Hamed, Larnaka.
 Soudry, (Kewdry, Samuel) Soudry, Mardabadi and Eliaz, Larnaka.
 Soumy, Heli, Mardabadi of Larnaka.
 Soumy, Hamed el, Larnaka.
 Spackamp, Hamed, Almar.
 Teyson, Max L., & Company, Teluk.
 Tuzi, Abdel Wahid, Larnaka.
 Wazni, John, Larnaka.
 Zaidah, Abdelrah el Amri, Larnaka.
 Zagan, Hamed, Larnaka.
 Zagan, Taki, Larnaka.
 Zermamoun, Almar.
 Zwartfeld, W., Larnaka.

Portuguese East Africa.

Ameli Moore, Porto Amalia; Palma and Rio.
 Becker, E., Beira.
 Bolsona, B., Lourenco Marques.
 Britton & Koeber (East Africa Agency), Lourenco Marques.
 Brounava, C., Beira.
 Bruckkamp, Lourenco Marques.
 Bruckman, Lourenco Marques.
 Christophides, Christa, Porto Amalia.
 Cox, Alice, Francisco.
 De Sousa, Lara Mervin, Palma; Rio and Porto Amalia.
 De Sousa, Tomaz, Palma; Rio and Porto Amalia.
 Dennis, Alexander, Lourenco Marques.
 Dorn, Ludwig, & Company, Chirico; Tete and Quelimane.
 Dorn, Paul.
 Fawcett (East Africa) Gesellschaft.
 Deutsche Ost-Africa Linie.
 Felgenhauser (Alma Ferguson), L.O., Lourenco Marques.
 Follmer, H., Quelimane.
 Fugassa, J.U. (Alma Felgenhauser), Lourenco Marques.
 Ferreira, Joaquim, Quelimane.
 Figueira, Antonio, Palma; Rio and Porto Amalia.
 Francis, John, Lourenco Marques.
 Faria, Lourenco Marques.
 Goethay, H., Lourenco Marques.
 Halpern & Company.
 Hask, Jacob, Porto Amalia; Palma and Rio.
 Hart & Schaberg.
 Huetten, A., Quelimane.
 Hoffman, Hugo, Lourenco Marques.
 Hoffman, Oswald.
 Hudson, Walter, Beira.
 Hugler, Bern.
 Imail, Juan, Porto Amalia; Palma and Rio.
 Jung, Louis & Company.
 Kesh, J. R., Lourenco Marques.
 Kesselhut, H. G., Lourenco Marques.
 Kusch, T., Rio.
 Kuschel, H., Tete.
 Lander, F., Rio.
 Leffelsch, F., Lourenco Marques.
 Mares & Harting.
 Metel, Beira.
 Noidel, F., & Company, Rio.
 Noidel, Paul, Palma; Rio and Porto Amalia.
 Oldenburg, E., Palma; Rio and Porto Amalia.
 Orvencia, Arthur Koppal.
 Peltner, H., Beira.
 Petersen, H. B., Quelimane.
 Pickard, W.D., & Company.
 Pini, Albert, Lourenco Marques.
 Pini, Kurt, Lourenco Marques.
 Reginald Pouchard, Mozambique.
 Rousseau, J., Lourenco Marques.
 Ruster, Dr., Lourenco Marques.
 Russell, Leslie, Lourenco Marques.
 Saps, Ferdinand and Eugene.
 Salois, Arthur Francisco, Beira.
 Salois, Herman, Lourenco Marques.

"La Gaceta Argentina."

Laguarda, F., & Company, Piedad 365, Montevideo, Uruguay.

Lahorra & Company, Cádiz, 61, Dalmeida, 142, and P. Morales 5187, Buenos Aires, Argentina;

and O. Oñiza del Plata 1137, Montevideo.

Lalor & Company, Carrizosa, 404, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and Calle. Misiones, 1812,

Montevideo.

Larquet, Joaquín C., (partner of Durrer and Derold), Uruguay.

Latorre, A. G. G., Buenos Aires.

Lépez Marín, (of "La Gaceta Argentina").

Lépez, L. D., & Company, Calle Mala, 317, Buenos Aires.

Llano & Gredler, Calle Cagalla, 460, Buenos Aires.

Miller & Co., Calle Barro Colorado, 132, Buenos Aires.

Monge, Fernando, Puerto Deseado, Patagonia.

North German Lloyd.

Ortizain & Koppal, Argentina.

Ortiz & Company, Buenos, 165, Montevideo, Uruguay.

Ortiz, (of Sociedad Financiera Industrial del Atlántico).

Pérez, Domingo, Argentina.

Quirós, Ricardo, Montevideo, Uruguay.

Rabe Walder & Company, Misiones, 1078, Montevideo, Uruguay.

Rabe, Margueta S. de (partner of Rabe Walder & Company).

Rabe, Otto, (partner of Rabe Walder & Company).

Raboin & Company, Cádiz, 124, and Bahadava, 802, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Raboin, E., & Company, San Martín 160, and Calle Argentina 214, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Rasch, A., Buenos Aires.

Rasch & Schupp, Calle Barro Colorado, 1125, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Reynolds Schmitt & Company, Calle Barro Colorado, 100, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Sociedad Anónima Argentina Industrial Agrícola, Argentina.

Sociedad Financiera Industrial del Atlántico, Buenos Aires.

Sociedad Tabac Monopoliaria, Lda., Calle Defensa, 161, Buenos Aires.

Sociedad Anónima Transport de Madera, Argentina.

Strodt & Company, R. Mito 142-5, Avenida México de Oro 1818, and Calle General Gervasio

1710, Buenos Aires.

Strodt & Noll, A. G., Calle Cagalla, 193, Buenos Aires.

Strodt, H., Junior, Calle Cagalla, 193, Buenos Aires.

Strodt, G. H., Miller & Co., Buenos Aires.

Strodt, F. H., (partner of Strodt & Company), Uruguay.

Strodt, H. G., (partner of Strodt & Company), Uruguay.

Strodt, H. G., (partner of Strodt & Company).

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Strodt, H. G., (partner of Strodt & Company).

Strodt, H. G., (partner of Strodt & Company).

Bolsa.

Barber, Alfred W., & Company, Cuchibambá.

Bolschack & Company, Otero.

Colman, Richard & Company, La Paz and Otero.

Dorval & Company, La Paz.

Hahnemann, Dulce & Company, Otero and Potosí.

Kilmer, John & Company, Santa Cruz.

Lépez, F. O. La Paz.

Lépez, F. O. La Paz.

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Lépez, F. O. La Paz.

Abrón, Edmundo, Bar de Alphonse, Bolivia.
 Alphonse, Antonio de, Bar de Alphonse, Bolivia.
 Alphonse & Company, Bar de Alphonse, 125, and Bar de Alphonse, 125, Bar de Alphonse.
 Bar, & Company, Bar de Alphonse de Alphonse, 125, Bar de Alphonse.

Freder, Pierre, Rio de Janeiro and Santos.
 Fretsch, Adolf, & Co., Rua de Apollin, 24, Pernambuco.
 Fuchs & Company, Para and Manaus.
 Ribeiro, Armando, Rua Voltaire de Petró, 40 and 42, Porto Alegre.
 Rombauer & Company, Rua Francisco de Indriana, 44, Rio de Janeiro.
 Rosa, Nery & Company, Florianópolis.
 Rotherchild & Co., Rua 13 de Novembro, 31, São Paulo.
 Rotta & Fick, Largo Monte Alegre, 4, Santos.
 Schar, Ernest, Pernambuco.
 Schreiner & Company, Rua Voltaire de Petró, 40-42, Porto Alegre.
 Schreiner, Roberto, & Company, Rua Guatunda, 147, São de Janeiro.
 Schult, Maxon.
 Schumann & Co., Para.
 Seligmann & Company, Para.
 Seeger and Company, Manaus.
 Simonsch and Morris, Rua de São João, 25, Pernambuco.
 Sinter, Alfredo, Rio de Janeiro and Santos.
 Sociedade Anônima Armazém Andromed, Santos.
 Falcão, Ema, (partner of Vazquez & Company), Para.
 Stulberg Meyer & Co., Avenida Rio Santos, 45, Rio de Janeiro, and São Paulo.
 Strauss, Ezechiel A., Manaus.
 Stender & Co., Bahia.
 Stehle, Heinrich, Heiler & Co., Geramoa.
 Stremlinger, E. & Company, Manaus.
 Studer, J. & Company, Rua dos Princesas, 21, Bahia.
 Sundback & Company, Rua das Princesas, Bahia.
 Tellerich & Company, Rua 7 de Setembro No. 154, Porto Alegre.
 Tomazini, A. & Company, Praça Telles II, Santos, Rua Almeida Furtado, São Paulo.
 Ulfen, August, & Company, Rua Conselheiro Dantas, 24, São de Janeiro; Rua Santa Antônia, 41, Santos.
 Vassoncelos, José de, & Company, Pernambuco.
 Vianna, Manoel, Rua 13 de Novembro, Pernambuco.
 Wagner, Schudlich & Company, (Oscar Albrun), Santos and São Paulo.
 Wagners, Para.
 Weinberg, Max, São Paulo.
 Weinberg Bros., Rua Estádio Medeiros, 74, São Paulo.
 Westphalen, Jack and Coy., Rua Cox & Morris, Bahia.
 Wild, Theodor & Company, São Paulo; Rio de Janeiro and Santos.
 Wolff, Rosa, Pernambuco.

Colô.

Arrigastaga, Sebastian, Valparaíso and Santiago.
 Company's Petróleo Ilumina, Bahia.
 Companhia Sulmers H. B., São. & Company.
 Cattan, Walter, Bocas 1089, Porto Arona.
 Davis & Company, Post 22, Valparaíso; Mercad 794, Santiago; Armas 835, Concepción; and
 Estación-buqueadero Antofagasta.
 Dausberg & Co., Antofagasta.
 Felsch & Company, Cañal 144, Valparaíso.
 Gildemeier & Company.
 Gildemeier, Hermann & Co., Santiago, Valparaíso and Talcahuano.
 Hagmann & Co., Valparaíso.
 Haritz, E. & W. & Company.
 Lange & Company, Cañal 456, Valparaíso.
 Leck, Winkler & Company, Valparaíso.
 Maass, Ernesto, Pl. Suero Romero, Porto Arona.
 Pearson and Zorio, Valparaíso.
 Rotta, Leopold, & Company, Valparaíso.
 Valparaíso's Gildemeier's Almacén Sociedad.
 Solvia, Eduardo, Company, Concepción, Concepción; Valparaíso.
 Shuman, H. B., Company, Valparaíso.
 Strickmann, H., Porto Arona.
 Strickmann & Company, Valparaíso.
 Thunemann & Company, Valparaíso and Santiago.
 Torda, H., Porto Arona.
 Torda, Vater, Antofagasta.
 Urra, Oscar, Porto Arona.
 Vauwerk & Company, Post 217-218, Valparaíso.
 Wagner Silva & Company, Valparaíso and Santiago.
 Weber & Company, Santiago and Valparaíso.

Colô.

Barto, Yvonne, Calle São Pedro 4, Barro, near Porto Rico.
 Barrios, J. F., & Company, Calle Street, 44, Havana.
 Beyer, Albert, Santiago, Bay, St. Havana.
 Gildemeier & Company, Calle San Ignacio, 24, Havana.
 Michelides & Irujo, Girona, 14, Havana.
 Paredon, M., & Company, Havana.
 Reiter, F., & Company, Girona, 14, Havana.
 Tizón, M., & Company, Havana.

Hann, Robert W., (of Branch & Robertson, Inc.)
 Harbison, William E., 78 Beaver Street, New York.
 International Mole & Ship Company, 49 Franklin Street, New York.
 International Import & Export Company, 338 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Isaacs, J., (of John Stein & Brothers).
 Jaffe, Max, 18 W. Elm Street, New York.
 Kahn, J. A., 52 Beaver Street, New York.
 Kacoon, D. C. & Company, 11 Broadway, New York.
 Kacoon, Otto C., (of D. C. Kacoon & Company).
 Kanger, H., Cotton Exchange, Calcutta, India.
 Kautz, Nathan & Kautz, 14 William Street, New York.
 Kautz, Mary L., (of Kautz, Nathan & Kautz).
 Kautz, William, (of Kautz, Nathan & Kautz).
 Kupper, Hermann C., 42 Murray Street, and 106 West 111th St., New York.
 Markus & Gertler, Ltd., 222 Princes Buildings, New York.
 McLean, George W., Inc., Insurance Exchange Building, 410 California Street, San Francisco, California.
 McLaughlin, A., 59 Broad Street, New York.
 Mace, Max, 100 Fifth Avenue, New York.
 Merchants Cotton Corporation, 48 William Street, New York.
 Miller, Carl, (of Miller, Schall & Company).
 Miller, Ernst, (of Miller, Schall & Company).
 Miller, Schall & Company, 48 William Street, New York.
 Miller-Schall, Frederick, (of Miller, Schall & Company).
 Muehl, Max, 15 William Street, New York.
 National Sun Corporation, New York.
 Nathan, Nathan, (of the Electric Bleaching Gas Company).
 Newman, E. & E., 15 Broad Street, New York.
 Newton, Helen C., 15 William Street, New York.
 Norfolk Trading and Insurance Company, Virginia.
 Oremus and Kopp, Pennsylvania.
 Perlmutter, Edward, (of Miller, Schall & Company).
 Petrus, Leopold, 17 Battery Place, New York.
 Petroleum Products Company of California, Inc., San Francisco, California.
 Rice, Louis J., (of Rice, Brown and Fenchel).
 Rieder Brothers & Company, 19 Bond Street, New York.
 Richter, Alfred, (of Ruder Brothers & Company).
 Roscher and Henschel Chemical Company, 108 William Street, and 14 Jay Street, New York.
 Rubin and George Agency Inc., 106 William Street, New York.
 Rubenstein, Bernard, 19 Beaver Street, New York.
 Schall, William, (of Miller, Schall & Company).
 Schermer & Company, 17 Battery Place, New York.
 Schlotzberg, G. F., 118 Ohio Buildings, Seattle, Washington.
 Schmidt, Paul, (of Rubin & George Agency Inc.).
 Schermer & Schell, 20 West Street, New York.
 Schuler, Ephraim & Company, 15 William Street, New York.
 Seely, John, 6, (of Zimmermann & Fenchel).
 Simpson & Company, 47 Beane Street, New York.
 Stein, John, & Eastern Cotton Exchange Building, 15 William Street, New York.
 Steinberg, L., New Inc., 103 Pearl Street, and 105 Water Street, New York.
 Northern Pacific Trading Company, Cotton Exchange Building, 15 William Street, New York.
 Stegmann, Edward, Junior (of Branch & Robertson Inc.).
 Superior Export Company Inc., 30 West Street, New York.
 Swan Export & Import Company, Baltimore.
 Ullrich, Ernst, 15 W. Elm Street, New York.
 Weber, Edward, (of Rubin & George Agency Inc.).
 Weinberger, Otto, (of Philip Bauer & Company).
 Weingarten, Aaron H., 15 William Street and 110 Broadway, New York.
 Zimmerman & Fenchel, 9 West Street, New York.
 Zimmerman, Leopold, (of Zimmermann & Fenchel).

Asia.

Japan.

Aches & Marsh Fire Insurance Company, 410 Shimo-Ebura, 55 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama;
 110 Yokohama, Koba.
 Aomori-shiwa Fuboku Akira Genshichi, 512 Tenjiku, Tokyo.
 Brown, H., & Company, No. 1, 15 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 10 Bond Koba.
 Brown, F., & Company, 145 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 47 Akabane-cho, Koba.
 Butler & Company, 410 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 114 Akabane-cho, Koba.
 Eschler, F., No. 1, 3 Nishikawaya-cho, Minamibashi-ku, Tokyo; 81 Koba.
 Iser, Werner, 4 Shimbashi Mitsubashi-cho, Koba.
 Koppman & Company, 151 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama; 40 Akabane-cho, Koba.
 Kohn, F. B., 81 Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
 Koshikawa, C. K., 4 Doshima, Nagasaki.
 Kuba Kato, Goshi Kuba, N-kawachi, Osaka; 3 Utsunomiya, Tokyo.
 Kurokawa, O., 104 Nishikawaya-cho, Yokohama, Koba.
 Kurokawa & Company, 100A Yamashita-cho, Yokohama.
 Otsuka & Company, 114 Higashimachi, Koba; 11 Inagaki-Dori, 5 Nishima, Koba.

Mattos, Antonio, Rua 24 de Julho, Lisbon.
 Mellet, José de Jesus, Lisbon.
 Mendes, A., Rua 24 de Julho, Lisbon.
 Mendes, José, Rua das Flores, 150, Oporto.
 Nogueira, J. M., Rua, Estremadura.
 Pires, José, Rua de Almeida, 11, Lisbon.
 Pires, Vasco Manuel da Costa, Rua das Panadeiras, 45, Lisbon.
 Phil, Emil, Rua Formosa, 90, Oporto.
 Pires, José, Rua, Estremadura.
 Pires, Manuel e Cia., Rua De Nova Almeida, 100, Oporto.
 Pinheiro, Alberto, Rua de Almeida, 110, Lisbon.
 Pires, Fernando & Baptista, (Antonio Leonardo Da Silva, Ruy; Bernardo Eugenio Tiam; Fernandes; Joaquin Perreira Baptista), 3 Orlada do Carmo Velho, e 60, Lisboa.
 Pires, Carlos, Rua de Belizante, 89, Oporto.
 Schmalzberg & Company, Rua de Santa Justa, Lisbon; Rua das Carmelitas, 100, Oporto.
 Schmidt, A., Funchal, Madeira.
 Schneider, Oswald, Rua Nova de Almeida, 11, Lisbon.
 Henrique Otero e Vago, Lisbon.
 Santos Schmalzberg Werke Ltda., Rua Augusta, 57, Lisbon.
 Silva, Francisco Eduardo Pereira Da, Avenida David Kinzig, 17-3, Lisbon.
 Sociedade Industrial De Têxteis e Vestimenta, Lda, Funchal, Madeira.
 Smith, Oas Van, Funchal, Madeira.
 Silva, W. & Company, Rua Infante D. Henrique, 15, Oporto.
 Taylor, Philip, Rua Velha da Ribeira, 10, Lisbon.
 Tava, Charles, Rua de Santa, 5, Lisbon.
 Van Portugal & Company, Rua da Cerveja, 70, Lisbon.
 Wall, G., Rua de S. Francisco, 4, Oporto.
 Wall, F., Funchal, Madeira.
 Wegmann, Arthur, Rua das Carmelitas, Oporto.
 Wegmann, Martin, & Company, Rua do Comercio, 49, Lisbon.
 Wegmann, Wm., & Company, Rua de Santa, 100, Lisbon.
 Wimmer, J. & Company, (Wegmann, Hans & Max Wimmer), Rua de Magalhães, 45, Lisbon.
 Wimmer, Louis D., Rua de Magalhães, 45, Lisbon.
 Wegmann, Otto, Rua de Largo do Corpo Santo, 5, Lisbon.
 Worn, Luis B., Rua de Almeida, 100; Rua de Santa, 100, Lisbon.
 Zama, Otto, Rua do Comercio, 49, Lisbon.

Spain.

Agencia Modinos Hering, Duquesa San Francisco, 1, Barcelona.
 Aires, Jacob, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
 Allgemeine Commercial Gesellschaft, (Thomson Heaton Hering), Ronda de la Universidad, 25, and Aragon, 20, Barcelona; Nicolas Maria Arana, 9, Madrid.
 Allgemeine Exportgesellschaft, Berlin.
 Amara & Co., Calle Apulia, 1, and Calle Solera, 14, Bilbao.
 Amara & Wiedel, Ronda de Catalina, 20, Barcelona.
 Ancona, Fernando, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
 Ancona, José, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
 Arribas, Gabriel, Calle Alameda, 20, Malaga.
 Arroyo, José, Atocha, 4, Malaga.
 Argente, Enrique, Las Palmas.
 Banco Alameda Trastancillo, Barcelona, and Madrid.
 Bagnara, Kaya & Martin, Malaga and Sevilla.
 Bolling, José (de José) }
 or }
 Bolling, José (de José) }
 Biza, Herrera, Malaga.
 Borchers & Navarro, Zurich, 18, Madrid.
 Biza, Enrique, Calle Pineda y Giron, 2, and Calle Ocho, 80, Valencia.
 Boyer, Elías De H. A., San José de Trinidad, Barcelona.
 Boyer, Edouard, Calle Pineda y Giron, 15, Valencia.
 Boyer, A., (Piero Saverio), Correo del Noroeste 21/2, and Alameda, 28, Malaga.
 Boyer, Antonio, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
 Boyer, Hugo, Paris, 4; Calle Colón, 80, Valencia.
 Buchard, Julia, Alameda.
 Baramita, Hermann.
 Baramita, Hermann and Fija } Aranda, 18, Vigo; Martine Patis, 11, Tap.
 Caza, Emilia, Valencia and Alameda.
 Chaves, Valeriano, Calle Alameda, 14, Malaga.
 Cifra, José Victor, Calle Pineda, 22, Ocho.
 Compañia Sordana De Electricidad, Calle San Pedro, 30; Avenida San Sebastian, Sevilla.
 Compañia De Alameda, Bilbao.
 Continental Tyre and Rubber Company, Calle Florida, 15, Madrid.
 Coppel, Carlos, Pineda, 17, Madrid.
 "Compañia Sordana," Madrid.
 Cruz, Angel, Tenerife.
 "Delante," Madrid.
 Deschamps Koller Dapit Gesellschaft, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.
 Durr & Leisten, Malaga.
 Ertak, Otto, Alameda and Valencia.
 "Eda Patis," Compañia de Ocho, 18, Barcelona.

RESOLVES.

Printed, the 15th August 1916.

No. 1913-WJL.—In the notification in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 4114-WJL dated the 29th June 1916, for the words "the Director of India (Commercial Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (E.I. of 1915)" read the words "the Director of India (Commercial Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (E.I. of 1915)."

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT

(Legislative)

NOTIFICATION

Governor's, August 25, 1916.

No. 22.—The Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort St. George will meet in the Council Chamber, Fort St. George, at 11 a.m. on Tuesday the 21st November 1916.

Under rule 41 of the rules for the conduct of business at meetings of the Legislative Council, persons desirous of introducing to the Council Chamber during the sitting should apply to the Secretary to the Council through a member of the Council; the applications should reach the Secretary by Saturday the 18th November 1916 at latest.

C. G. TODDINGTON,
Secretary to the Council.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE

Governor's, August 28, 1916.

No. 455.—Under article 508 of the Civil Service Regulations, M.E. Ry. P. Nagren Rao Pantale Gera, deputy collector, Chik guda, is granted postings leave for three months with effect from the date of relief.

Governor's, August 29, 1916.

No. 418.—Under article 508 of the Civil Service Regulations, M.E. Ry. V. Srinivas Achari Avergal, deputy collector, South guda, and Chairman, Madhav, is granted postings leave for two months with effect from 2nd September 1916.

APPOINTMENT AND POSTINGS

Governor's, August 28, 1916.

No. 457.—The following appointments and postings of deputy collectors are ordered:—

M.E. Ry. Gopala Acharyar, Srirameswaram, Acharyar Avergal, Thiruvadan, Chikabatom Gudur, to act as deputy collector, several guda.

M.E. Ry. Sankar Acharyar Srirameswaram, Acharyar Avergal, to general duty, South Arcot.

Mr. Richard A. Nason from general duty, South Arcot, to general duty, Avergal.

M.E. Ry. Subbarao Venkateswara Rao Pantale Gera, on return from leave, to the General Treasury.

Governor's, August 30, 1916.

No. 458.—M.E. Ry. Samanga Macrintha Rao and Javed Hanifa Khan, Ryeb, are appointed post-ponorary deputy collectors and are posted to the Tiruchopoly and Odeanai districts, respectively.

TRANSFERS

Governor's, August 28, 1916.

No. 419.—The following transfers of deputy collectors are ordered:—

Mr. Edward Henry Mitchell Jones from general duty, Chinglapet, to general duty, Madras.

Mr. Joshua Williams from general duty, Madras, to the Chinglapet Treasury.

M.E. Ry. Ramanga Appayyan Chinglapet Appayyan Avergal from the Chinglapet Treasury to general duty, Chinglapet.

ERRATUM

Governor's, August 28, 1916.

In Notification No. 228, dated 14th July 1916, published at page 796 of Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 14th July 1916:—

For "Muhammad Tammuz-ud-din Qasbi Khatun" read "Muhammad Tammuz-ud-din Qasbi Khatun".

NOTIFICATIONS

Colmarand, August 22, 1918.

No. 451.—It is hereby notified that the services of Shek Baldeviah, son of Baldeviah, late acting Street, Takkall sub-treasurer, Bangalore district, have been dispensed with and that he is ineligible for re-employment in any department of Government service.

Colmarand, August 22, 1918.

No. 452.—Under the powers vested in me by sections 4 and 5 of Madras Act II of 1917, sections 27, 28 and 29 of the Madras Forest Act of 1907 and section 5 of the Indian Forests Act of 1907 His Excellency the Governor in Council makes the following alterations in the fishing rules contained in notification 118, dated 23rd February 1916, published on pages 231, 202 and 203 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 21st March 1916. Those alterations shall take effect from the date of this notification and shall remain in force until 23rd February 1917.

Sub 3 (a).—Delete the last two sentences. (If any trout under eight inch in length is caught the owner of a license issued under these rules, it shall be returned to the owner as quickly as possible. Any license found in possession of a trout under eight inch in length shall be liable to the penalties prescribed).

Sub 11 (4) (a).—For the rule of license fees substitute—

	Rs.
For the season	150 to cover 250 fish.
For one week	45 "
For two weeks	15 "
For the week end (Friday evening to Monday morning)	10 "
For one day	5 "

Sub 11 (5) (b).—For "200" read "250".

Sub 11 (6).—After "Payers" and before "or" insert "or" through any other agency which the Collector may wish from time to time."

For "Payment" read "Fraygment."

Delete "in the Collector's account."

Sub 11 (7).—Delete "or unless it is presented to the Head Clerk of the District Forest office before mid-day on the day on which it is received or unless it is posted so as to bear the Commencement 23-18 a.m. delivery post mark on the day for which it is valid. In the case of licenses presented to the Head Clerk of the District Forest office on account of license tax, be accepted except on working office days. All applications for refund must be accompanied by a certificate from the person to whom the license was issued that he, or she, has not made use of the license."

J. P. HEDFORD,
Acting Secretary to Government

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

EXTENSION OF LEAVE

Colmarand, September 2, 1918.

The privilege leave for six weeks granted to M.R.P. Krishna Srinivas Appanna Aiyangar, Executive Engineer, and notified in Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 26th May 1918, will be extended to two months.

APPOINTMENTS

Colmarand, August 25, 1918.

M.R.P. J. Narayanaswami, Inspector, first grade, attached to the Department of Industries, (head-quarters, Madras), to be Sub-Engineer, with grade, temporary, from the 24th December 1917 to the 31st January 1919, and from the 31st May 1918 for as long as he continues in charge of his present appointment.

Colmarand, August 25, 1918.

M.R.P. Kanakachandrasekharan Sankaran Appayya Aiyangar, Officiating Executive Engineer, Tank Department Madras division, VI Circle, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer, Tank Extension Division, VII Circle. To relieve Mr. J. D. Nay, as soon as he obtains a permanent in the Indian Army Branch of Officers.

M.R.P. P. Venkateswaraiah Narada Rao, Executive Engineer, Kanara Division, is transferred to the charge of the Madras Forest Division. To relieve Mr. Harry Dawson Burdett as soon as he obtains a permanent in the Indian Army Branch of Officers.

Mr. P. Lakshminarayana Varanga George, Assistant Engineer in charge of the head-quarters sub-division of the Kanara division, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer, Kanara division, in succession to M.R.P. P. Venkateswaraiah Narada Rao.

Mr. Donald William Moffat, Assistant Engineer, on privilege leave, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer, Kanara Division. To relieve Mr. J. D. Nay.

Mr. J. S. Wintchell, Assistant Engineer, on privilege leave, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer, Madras drainage division, in succession to Mr. Charles Gordon Barber.

POSTING

Gazetted, August 23, 1916.

M. R. By. Suman Appa Subrahmanyappa Ayyar, Sub-Engineer, south grade, on return from leave, to the 1st Circle.

PROMOTIONS

Gazetted, August 20, 1916.

The following promotions are given to M. R. By. V. Venkataswami Ayyar, Overman, first grade, for the period from the 1st of May 1916 to the 15th June 1916 during which he held charge of the Mysorepur sub-division, Tenasserim division :-

To be Sub-Engineer, south grade, officiating, from the 1st to the 15th May 1916 and from the 1st to the 15th June 1916.

To be temporary Sub-Engineer on Rs. 250 from the 16th May 1916 to the 1st June 1916.

M. R. By. Subrahmanyappa Venkataswamiyappa Koteswami Pillai, Supervisor, first grade, temporary and Sub-divisional Officer, Tenasserim sub-division, General Construction Division (head-quarters, Bangalore), to be temporary Sub-Engineer on Rs. 250 for the following periods :-

(1) On the 17th May 1916.

(2) From the 6th June 1916 to the 15th July 1916 inclusive; and

(3) From the 1st August 1916 and for as long as he holds charge of a sub-division or its equivalent.

PERMITTED TO RETIRE

Gazetted, August 25, 1916.

Mr. John Jagals, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, will be permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 31st September 1916 forward.

S. R. MURRAY,

Joint Secretary to Government, F. W. D.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS

Gazetted, September 4, 1916.

Order under Sec. 4, Act I of 1914, The Executive Engineer in Charge hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0.48 acre, he the owner a title more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the acquisition of the land of the Mysorepur sub-division, under sections 1 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chingleput, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

5. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chingleput, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, not as yet, taken or possible, with survey or purchase number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Chingleput district, Chingleput taluk, No. 122. Subra estate.			
Dist., vol. No. 18-2.	Mandayya Subrahmanya	North, No. 18-1; south, No. 18-2 A and B; south, No. 18-2 B; west, No. 18.	1.000
Do. No. 18-3 B	Do.	North, No. 18-1 A; south, Nos. 18 and 18-2; south, No. 18-1 C and 18-2; west, Nos. 18-2 and 18-1 A.	0.12
Dist., vol. No. 18-2 B	Srinivasulu Pillai	North, No. 18-1; south, No. 18-1 B; south, No. 18-2 A; west, No. 18.	0.06
Same, vol. No. 18-2.	Kannuram Subrahmanya	North, No. 18-1 B; west, No. 18-1; south, No. 18-2; west, No. 18-1 B and 1 C.	0.04
No. 172. Suman Appa Subrahmanyappa estate.			
Vol. and Dist.	Thiruvallu Subrahmanya	North, all above; south, Mysorepur sub-division, south, Srinivasulu Pillai.	0.12
Vol., Srinivasulu Subrahmanya	Do.	North, Srinivasulu Pillai; south, Mysorepur sub-division, south, Srinivasulu Pillai; west, Mysorepur sub-division, south, Srinivasulu Pillai.	0.02
Do.	Srinivasulu Subrahmanya	North, Mysorepur sub-division; west, Mysorepur sub-division; south and west, Srinivasulu Pillai.	0.01
Do.	Subra Subrahmanya and Suman Appa Subrahmanya	Only as far as the above three lots.	
Total			0.19

COUNCIL, September 2, 1910.

Under section 5, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and containing 222 square fathoms or 210 of a roeb, be the same as 1200 more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for demarcating the pipeline at 20/4 of Sumbak road and constructing it at 20/4 of below B; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsil of Comandah is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

1. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsil office, Comandah, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, with its size, area or perch, with survey or plan of the same.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Comandah district, Comandah taluk, Sumbak village.			
Ryotwari, sub. B. No. 102-B.	Atapahy, Sumbak, and Comandah. Kari Singh, Sumbak, and Sumbak Sumbak.	North B. No. 102-B; west B. No. 102; south B. No. 102-B; east B. No. 102.	2107 square fathoms or 210 of a roeb.

Under section 5, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and containing 9-15 aro, be the same as 1200 more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for improvement in Vadapane tank; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsil Officer, Chingapat, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsil Officer, Chingapat, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, with its size, area or perch, with survey or plan of the same.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Chingapat district, Katarakal taluk, No. 101, Katarakal village.			
Same, sub. B. No. 101-B.	Fulli Sumbak and B. Sumbak. Sumbak Sumbak.	North, B. No. 101-B; west, B. No. 101-B; south, B. No. 101-B; east, B. No. 101-B.	2107 square fathoms or 210 of a roeb.
Ryotwari, sub. B. No. 101-B.	Thomson Sumbak and Sumbak Sumbak.	North, B. No. 101-B; west, B. No. 101-B; south, B. No. 101-B; east, B. No. 101-B.	2107 square fathoms or 210 of a roeb.
Sub. B. No. 101-B.	Sumbak Sumbak.	North, B. No. 101-B; west, B. No. 101-B; south, B. No. 101-B; east, B. No. 101-B.	2107 square fathoms or 210 of a roeb.
Do. B. No. 101-B.	Sumbak Sumbak.	North, B. No. 101-B; west, B. No. 101-B; south, B. No. 101-B; east, B. No. 101-B.	2107 square fathoms or 210 of a roeb.
Total ..			9-15

Under section 5, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and containing 9-15 aro, be the same as 1200 more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for digging a well at Vadapane tank; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsil Officer of Katarakal is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsil Officer, Katarakal, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, with its size, area or perch, with survey or plan of the same.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Katarakal district, Katarakal taluk, Katarakal village.			
Ryotwari, sub. B. No. 101-B.	Gubala Sumbak.	North, B. No. 101-B; west, B. No. 101-B; south, B. No. 101-B; east, B. No. 101-B.	2107 square fathoms or 210 of a roeb.
Do. B. No. 101-B.	Sumbak Sumbak.	North, B. No. 101-B; west, B. No. 101-B; south, B. No. 101-B; east, B. No. 101-B.	2107 square fathoms or 210 of a roeb.
Total ..			9-15

Under section 4, Act I of 1954, the Honorable the Revenue in Council hereby declares that the land comprised in the following schedule and measured 124 acres, in the state a little more or less, is reserved for the purpose, to wit, for the drainage of the National Grid South over Vachachobian and, under section 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Development Officer, Bangalore division, is requested to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to issue an order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Generaly Division, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

References

[illegible]

Government, August 26, 1916.

Under section 4, Act I of 1904, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 2.04 ares, to be more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing a field both in Vutapalem; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahildar, Dandi, is requested to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Deputy Collector, Tandi, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, more or less, with survey or previous number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
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Talukdar Dandi, Tandi taluk, Pimpriwadi village.

Govt. system, wet, S. No. 107 A-1-1.	Deputy Tahildar, Dandi.	North, S. No. 107, wet; S. No. 107 A-1-2, wet; S. No. 107 B-1, wet; S. No. 107 A-3.	AREA. 2.04
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Under section 4, Act I of 1904, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0.07 are, to be more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing a bath in Pithampur; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahildar, Amalapur, is requested to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahildar, Amalapur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, more or less, with survey or previous number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
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Talukdar Dandi, Amalapur taluk, Pithampur village.

Jergal, wet, S. No. 5.	Alfred Sahasraji of Mahasabli.	North, S. No. 14, both wet & dry, remaining portion of S. No. 8, wet; S. No. 1-3, wet; S. No. 4, Khatirgaon (Khatirgaon).	AREA. 0.07
Khatirgaon, personal (own wet, S. No. 5-5).	Alfred Sahasraji, wife of Sub-Sahaji.	North, S. No. 5-5, wet, remaining portion of S. No. 1-4, wet; S. No. 7, Khatirgaon (Khatirgaon), wet; S. No. 6, Khatirgaon (Khatirgaon).	0.01
Khatirgaon, personal (own wet, S. No. 5-5).	Do.	North, S. No. 5, wet, remaining portion of S. No. 1-4, wet and wet, S. No. 1-4.	0.01
		Total ..	0.07

Under section 4, Act I of 1904, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0.04 of an are, to be more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for digging a (koshi) field channel in Kote village; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahildar, Ramchandrapur, is requested to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahildar, Ramchandrapur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, more or less, with survey or previous number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
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Talukdar Dandi, Ramchandrapur taluk, Kote village.

Govt. system, Govt. S. No. 172.	Tahildar Sahasraji ..	North and wet, S. No. 172, wet; S. No. 172-2 and 172, wet; S. No. 172-3.	AREA. 0.04
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Under section 5, Act I of 1901, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 600 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing a field channel by the side of Akemidi-vanapaga channel; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahitiā, Rorua, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahitiā, Rorua, and it may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, more or less, with survey or plan and number.	Name of owner or occupant.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
District of Akemidi, Rorua sub-district, Akemidi-vanapaga village.			
Section, dry, No. 5-2-B.	Akemidi-vanapaga Village	North, E. No. 5-2-B; west, E. No. 5-2-B and 5-2-B; south, E. No. 5-2-B; west, E. No. 5-2-B.	about 600

Continued, August 18, 1916

Under section 5, Act I of 1901, the Right Honourable the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 600 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for repairing Akemidi-vanapaga channel; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahitiā, Rorua, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahitiā, Rorua, and it may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, more or less, with survey or plan and number.	Name of owner or occupant.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
District of Akemidi, Rorua sub-district, Akemidi-vanapaga village.			
Section, dry, No. 5-2-B.	Maia Rorua	North, No. 125-B; east, No. 5-2-B and 125-B; south and west, No. 125-B.	about 600

Under section 5, Act I of 1901, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 300 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing a field channel from pipe No. 141-6072 of Upelelepa to Akemidi-vanapaga channel; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahitiā, Rorua, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahitiā, Rorua, and it may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, more or less, with survey or plan and number.	Name of owner or occupant.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
District of Akemidi, Rorua sub-district, Upelelepa village.			
Section, wet, No. 428-B.	Children Rorua, not at Upelelepa of Upelelepa	North, No. 428-B; east, measuring portion of No. 428-B; south, measuring portion of No. 428-B; west, measuring portion of No. 428-B.	about 300

F. E. ROOPEAN,

Under Secretary to Govt. P. W. D. (Indigenous Branch).

Colombo, August 25, 1898.

Under section 4, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 3 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of quarters for the District Superintendent of Police, South Division; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Department Officer, Colombo, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Department Officer, Colombo, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, with or dry, town or panchayat, with survey or panchayat number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Kulaber district, Culaber taluk, Pothiyapatti village.			
Upstani, 4 ays, portion of S. No. 100-4.	Owner, Pothiyapatti Estate, Panchayat, Pothiyapatti, Pothiyapatti and Thirupuliyapatti.	North, S. No. 100-3; east, and north, S. No. 100-4; south, S. No. 100-5.	3 ays 2

Under section 4, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0.78 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a way over Melipala nagu; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar of Kandy is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar of Kandy, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, with or dry, town or panchayat, with survey or panchayat number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Kandy district, Kandy taluk, Melipala and Pothiyapatti villages.			
Melipala, 4 ays, S. No. 41.	Madam Kandi.	North, S. No. 41; east, Dampala nagu; south, S. No. 41.	0.40
Dampala, 4 ays, S. No. 41.	Dampala Kandi.	North, S. No. 41; east, S. No. 41; south, S. No. 41.	0.41
Do S. No. 41.	Melipala Kandi.	North, S. No. 41; east, Kandy Kandi; south, S. No. 41.	0.41
		Total.	0.78

Colombo, August 25, 1898.

Under section 4, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0.45 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for making a well for the quarters of the Police Sub-Inspector, Temment; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Department Officer, Colombo, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Department Officer, Colombo, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, with or dry, town or panchayat, with survey or panchayat number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Kandy district, Kandy taluk, Kandy village.			
Temment, 4 ays, portion of S. No. 54.	Owner, Kandy Estate, Kandy Kandi, Kandy Kandi, Kandy Kandi.	North, S. No. 54; east, S. No. 54; south, S. No. 54.	0.45



SUPPLEMENT TO PART I
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 36.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1916.

[PART, 2, 1916.]

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

[Revised]

Obtained, August 19, 1916.

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA CONVERSION
LOAN—1916-17**

POST OFFICE SECTION

**Loan repayable at par not earlier than
1931 and not later than 1936**

**INTEREST PAYABLE AT 4 PER CENT PER ANNUM
HALF-YEARLY ON 1ST APRIL AND 1ST OCTOBER**

**APPLICANTS ENTITLED TO CONVERSION RIGHTS IN RESPECT OF 3 PER CENT
AND 3½ PER CENT RUPEE LOANS**

Applications should be for Rs. 100 or multiples of that sum not exceeding Rs. 5,000 and will be received at any Post Office doing Savings Bank business from 15th June 1916 to 25th September 1916 inclusive. Any person may apply, whether a Savings Bank depositor or not.

Amounts applied for should be deposited in full with applications, and paper of equivalent value will be issued to applicants. Deposits may be in cash or may be provided either wholly or partly by withdrawal from existing Savings Bank accounts.

Income-tax will not be levied on interest on paper of new loan obtained through the Post Office and left in custody of the Post Office authorities.

Applicants will receive negotiable conversion rights entitling the possessor to exchange into new loan, up to an amount equal to their holding in new loan, Government of India 3½ per cent paper securities at Rs. 95 per cent of their face value, or 3 per cent paper securities at Rs. 92½ per cent of their face value.

1-5-16-1

Applications for conversion by holders of conversion rights will be received from 10th October 1916 to 31st January 1917 inclusive. Interest on converted securities will be paid in cash up to 30th September 1916 at time of conversion. Interest on new loan issued in lieu will run from 1st October 1916.

Applicants who do not wish to use their conversion rights may have them sold through the Post Office at the current market rate.

Copies of notice containing full particulars and application forms may be obtained at any Post Office doing Savings Bank business.

The application form attached may be used if desired.

FORM OF APPLICATION THROUGH POST OFFICES FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA 4 PER CENT CONVERSION LOAN OF 1916-17.

(To be presented at any post office where some Savings Bank business was done between 1910. This form may be obtained and used if required.)

I, _____ Please write very legibly.

hereby apply for Rupees _____

of the Four per cent Conversion loan of 1916-17 advertised in the Notification published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated the 8th June 1916.

To payment for the amount of loan applied for by me, _____
in cash Rupees _____

(1) I tender herewith _____
by cheque Rupees _____

(2) I authorize withdrawal of Rupees _____
from the amount at my credit
at the Post Office Savings Bank
and receive the same Bank
cheque.

Amount paid in cash
or by cheque, and
amount if any paid
by withdrawal from
the Savings Bank
balance should be
shown separately in
the space provided.
The necessary
stamp if any should
be secured.

Total .. _____

A. I request that the amount of loan allotted to me may be held by the
Accountant-General, Public and Telegraphs, on my behalf and the
interest thereon credited to me—

(1) My existing Savings Bank Account No. _____
open at the _____ Post Office.

(2) Since (1) is to be used through if the applicant has no account
already open.

(3) A Savings Bank account to be opened for the purpose
at the _____ Post Office.

Please fill up
either A or
B and secure
with the
stamp.

B. I request that the amount of loan allotted to me may be delivered in
Treasury Notes of the following denominations unless for
payment of interest at _____ Treasury.

I request that a warrant authorizing the conversion of 4½ per cent or 3 per cent revenue
securities of the Government of India for an amount equal to that applied for by me in the Four
per cent conversion loan of 1916-17 may also be delivered to me.

Name _____

Address _____

Date _____

Date of presentation at the
Post Office _____

(To be noted by the receiving
Postmaster.)

Register No. _____

(To be noted by the Head
Postmaster.)

Head Office Stamp,

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary,



SUPPLEMENT TO PART I

OF

THE PORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 34.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 3, 1896.

[Price, 6 pice.

Madrasam Translations of Notifications by Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

[பேரவையுத்தரணிகள்.]

தமிழ்மொழி, 1896 செப்டம்பர் 3-ம் நாள்.

1916-17-ലെ ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവണ്മെണ്ടുവക

മറററുന്ന കടം.

ആവാസ്കിസ് വകുപ്പ്

1916-17-ലെ இலங்கை அரசின் நிதியுதரணிகள் 1916-17-ல் அரசாங்கத்தால் கொடுக்கப்பட்டவை.

கனியத்தின் பற்றாக்கை அளவுபடுத்தி அதில் அரசாங்கத்தால் கொடுக்கப்பட்டவை 1916-17-ல் அரசாங்கத்தால் கொடுக்கப்பட்டவை.

மேலும் மேலும் அளவுபடுத்தி அதில் அரசாங்கத்தால் கொடுக்கப்பட்டவை 1916-17-ல் அரசாங்கத்தால் கொடுக்கப்பட்டவை.

அதற்காகவும் மேலும் மேலும் அதில் அரசாங்கத்தால் கொடுக்கப்பட்டவை 1916-17-ல் அரசாங்கத்தால் கொடுக்கப்பட்டவை.

சுற்றுலாப் போகும் வானிலுத்தலை சுற்றுலாப் போகும் வானிலுத்தலை
வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை
வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை
வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை வானிலுத்தலை

[illegible]

இருவரும் விவாகரத்து செய்திருப்பது அறிவிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளதால், இவர்களை மீண்டும் கட்டாயப்படுத்தி திருமணம் செய்து கொடுக்க அரசு முன்வருமா?

ഇതോടു ചേർന്നിട്ടുള്ള സാധനങ്ങൾക്കിനി ഉപയോഗിക്കാൻ അനുയോജ്യമായ സാഹിത്യ പ്രവർത്തനമാകുന്നു.

ഇന്ത്യ ഗവണ്മെന്റുകൾ ഉന്നത പരിരക്ഷയോടു കൂടെ പരിവർത്തനം ഉള്ള മിസ്രിക് മനുഷ്യ പട്ടാഭം 1918 - 17 ലെ നല്ല പരിവർത്തനം ഉണ്ടാക്കുന്ന കാരണത്താൽ താൻ അദ്ദേഹം അവിടുത്തെ ഇല്ലയെ സന്ദർശിച്ചപ്പോൾ മറ്റൊരാൾ അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതായ ഒരു പട്ടാഭത്തിൽ ഏതെങ്കിലും മറ്റൊരാളിന്റെ മേൽ പരിവർത്തനം.

പേര് _____

മേൽപരിവർത്തനം _____

ജീവൻ _____

ഇല്ലാത്തപ്പോൾ വെ
അങ്ങനെ നിൽക്കി.

നടന്നു കയർ _____

(നടന്നു കയർക്കുന്ന
കാലത്തേക്ക്)

(നടന്നു കയർക്കുന്ന
കാലത്തേക്ക്)

സംസ്ഥാനത്ത് ഉൾ

എൽ. സഡവിസ്കറാൻ,
അക്വിവിൽ കോളേജ്.

കി. വെ. കോളേജ്.

KERALA VARMA,

Malayalam Translator to Government.



THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority

No. 26.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1906. [Part, 1 & 2 p.

Part I.—Local and Municipal.

APPOINTMENTS

Calcuttamm, September 5, 1906

No. 890.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M. R. Hy. Meetha Rangappa Gaur, as a member of the District Board of Nilgiris.

No. 891.—In exercise of the power vested in him by sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M. R. Hy. K. Kottayappa Periasami Gaur, B.A., B.L., as President of the Madras Taluk Board with effect from 11th September 1906.

No. 892.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to re-appoint M. R. Hy. Arava Ramaswami Isambur Aravallu to be a municipal councillor of the municipality of Coimbatore.

No. 893.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 85 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undersigned conference to be municipal councillors of the municipality of Nediyakhalam:—

- (1) M. R. Hy. Vilagam Srinivasa Chetty, Saheriyar Aravallu.
- (2) Shakkil Pillai Ravutur Sahasr Abmal Dalpad-Ga Ravutur Sahasr Sahasr.
- (3) M. R. Hy. Kandaswami Nayakar Thiruvattakam Kamuraja Pandiya Nayakar Aravallu.
- (4) M. R. Hy. Alagappa Chettiar Sahasr Chettiar Aravallu.
- (5) Shakkil Isamb Sahasr Sahasr-ul-lah Sahasr Sahasr.
- (6) Periya Mita Guruv Ravutur Sahasr Sahasr Ravi Ravutur Sahasr Sahasr.
- (7) M. R. Hy. S. Marudamalai Aravallu Ravutur Aravallu.
- (8) M. R. Hy. Aravallam Srinivasa Pandayandi Srinivasa Aravallu.
- (9) M. R. Hy. Srinivasa Mallayya Chettiar Srinivasa Chettiar Aravallu.
- (10) M. R. Hy. Ramaswami Gaurah Chettiar Chettiar Aravallu.
- (11) M. R. Hy. Srinivasa Sahasr Sahasr Sahasr Aravallu.

No. 894.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. Akula Srinivasayya Rao Pandita Gaur to be a municipal councillor of the municipality of Vengaloor.

No. 895.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 14 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1894, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. Veludurai Mangayam Aravallu, Revenue Divisional Officer, Villupattinam, to be Chairman of the municipality of Nediyakhalam.

No. 896.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 14 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1894, the Governor in Council approves of the appointment by election of Mr. Chelliah Pothuvisetty, J.L.R., as Chairman of the municipality of Coimbatore.

No. 897.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 14 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1894, the Governor in Council approves of the appointment by election of the Hon'ble Mr. Bhavani Venkataswami Appa Narayana Appa as Chairman of the municipality of Salem.

No. 518.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 1.43 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for laying out a road in continuation of the Road now in Koonapoor to the Comandá Bhangpore; and, under sections 5 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Comandá, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Comandá, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, with its size, more or less, as given by the survey or previous number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Bhaktar District, Comandá taluk, Bhangpore village.			
Boundaries, village No. 1, P. 10, 11, 12.	S. V. Subramanian Naganatha and S. V. Subramanian Naganatha, right to the lands of Bhangpore and of the lands of the Taluk of Bhangpore.	North, railway line; east, railway line; south, Koonapoor taluk; west, police line.	1.43
Do.	S. V. Subramanian Naganatha and S. V. Subramanian Naganatha.	North, portion of railway line; east, railway line; south, portion of Koonapoor taluk; west, S. V. Subramanian Naganatha's lands.	0.21
Do.	Koonapoor Bhangpore and S. V. Subramanian Naganatha, right to the lands of Bhangpore.	North, S. V. Subramanian Naganatha's lands; east, railway line; south, railway line; west, portion of Koonapoor taluk; west, police line.	0.14
Total ..			1.78

No. 519.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0.1 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing a road from Bhangpore to the Taluk of Bhangpore; and, under sections 5 and 7, the Tahsildar of Comandá taluk, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar of Comandá taluk, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, with its size, more or less, as given by the survey or previous number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Bhaktar District, Comandá taluk, Bhangpore village.			
Do, S. No. 10-1-1.	Bhangpore Bhangpore Taluk	North, S. No. 10-1-1; east, south and west, S. No. 10-1-1.	0.1

No. 520.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 1.8 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for forming approaches to the proposed bridge over Koonapoor drain on the Chindia Vaidya road; and, under sections 5 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ceylon, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ceylon, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, with its size, more or less, as given by the survey or previous number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Ceylon District, Koonapoor taluk, Bhangpore village.			
Do, S. No. 10-1-1.	Vaidya Vaidya Naganatha and S. V. Subramanian Naganatha.	North, S. No. 10-1-1; east, S. No. 10-1-1; south, S. No. 10-1-1; west, S. No. 10-1-1.	1.8
Do, S. No. 10-1-2.	Vaidya Vaidya Naganatha and S. V. Subramanian Naganatha.	North, S. No. 10-1-1; east, S. No. 10-1-1; south, S. No. 10-1-1; west, S. No. 10-1-1.	0
Total ..			1.8

No. 304.—Under section 3 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 374 of an acre, to be the same or more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a roadway connecting Strathmore Road with Farness Road; and, under sections 3 and 5, the Assistant Commissioner of Survey is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take steps for the acquisition of the said land.

A plan of the land is kept in the office of the said office and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, with or by, name or particular, with survey or plan-book number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Extent of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
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Mafikeng District, Mafikeng Sub-District, Ficksburg Division.

Dep. S. No. 1011 part.	The Trustees of Bethelshof Mission.	North, No. 1043 part; east, No. 1007 part; 1011 part; 1008, 1042 and 1011 part; north, No. 1012 part and 1010 Division east; west, No. 1011 west and 1003 part.	0 0 1,100
Do. No. 1043 part.	Do.	North, Ficksburg Division; south, No. 1007 part; north, No. 1011 part; west, No. 1012 part.	0 1 1,100
Do. No. 1010 part.	Do.	North, No. 1010 part; south, No. 1010 and 1011; north and east, No. 1011 part.	0 0 100
		Total ..	0 1 2,300 or 0 220 aca.

No. 305.—Under section 3 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 5 aca, to be the same or more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a well at Dushanbota; and, under sections 3 and 5, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mafikeng, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take steps for the acquisition of the said land.

A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mafikeng, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, with or by, name or particular, with survey or plan-book number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Extent of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
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Mafikeng District, Mafikeng Sub-District, Dushanbota Division.

Dep. S. No. 105-B.	V. Pappas, Chief (Dushanbota).	North, S. No. 105-B; east, S. No. 101; north and west, S. No. 105-B.	0 0 5 or 0 0 5 aca.
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No. 307.—Under section 3 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0 0 55 aca, to be the same or more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing two walls; and, under sections 3 and 5, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tlokweng, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take steps for the acquisition of the said land.

A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tlokweng, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, with or by, name or particular, with survey or plan-book number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Extent of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
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Mafikeng District, Mafikeng Sub-District, Mafikeng Division.

Consolidated Dep. S. No. 22-B.	Kamman Tsofif and Consolidated other Mafikeng Division.	North, S. No. 22-B; east, S. No. 22-B; south, S. No. 22-B; west, S. No. 22-B.	0 0 55 or 0 0 55 aca.
Unconsolidated Dep. S. No. 10-B.	V. J. Madani and two others (part) and Mafikeng Division (part).	North and east, S. No. 10-B; south, S. No. 10-B; west, S. No. 10-B.	0 0 55 or 0 0 55 aca.
		Total ..	0 0 110 or 0 0 110 aca.

No. 108.—Under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 5.62 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for making a well, and, under sections 5 and 7, the Revenue Divisional officer, Pughat, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional officer, Pughat, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, town or panchayat, with survey or panchayat number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Extent of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
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Bakhat district, Pughat subd., Bhatpur village.

Registered in vol. 1st, 1st divisional office, dry, 1st of 2-1-10 of S. No. 2-1.	Owner and occupier, Raja Yashwanth Singh, Yashwanth Singh, Bhatpur village.	North and south, S. No. 2-1 (part); south, S. No. 2-1 (part); and 11-1; west, S. No. 2-1.	area 5.62
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No. 109.—Under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 47 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for forming approaches to the proposed bridge over Kundara drain on Thiruv. Vaduvu road; and, under sections 5 and 7, the Revenue Divisional officer, Pughat, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional officer, Pughat, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, town or panchayat, with survey or panchayat number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Extent of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
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Bakhat district, Pughat subd., Pughat village.

Dist. vol. No. 104-4 B-1.	Extensive landowners and Pughat village being owners by order of the Government.	North, S. Nos. 104 B-1, 104, S. No. 10-1, with S. No. 40; and, S. No. 10.	area 12
Do. No. 10 B-1.	Machin. Panchayat.	North, S. No. 40; and, S. No. 10; and, S. No. 10 B-1; and, S. No. 10 B.	10
Do. No. 10 C-1.	Do.	North, S. No. 40; and, S. No. 10; and, S. No. 10 C-1; and, S. No. 10 B-1.	8
Dist. vol. No. 41 B-1.	Cheruvu Panchayat.	North, S. No. 10; and, S. No. 40 B-1; and, S. No. 40 B-1; and, S. No. 40 B.	2
		Total ..	47

No. 110.—Under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 163 square yards, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for opening a new street in Bakhat village; and, under sections 5 and 7, the Revenue Divisional officer, Pughat, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional officer, Pughat, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, town or panchayat, with survey or panchayat number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Extent of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
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Bakhat district, Pughat subd., Pughat village.

Revenue, Pughat ..	Baron Appanna, son of Appanna Appanna of Bakhat.	North, S. Nos. 104 B-1, 104, S. No. 10-1, with S. No. 40; and, S. No. 10; and, S. No. 10 B-1; and, S. No. 10 B.	area 163
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No. 511.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1901, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and amounting to 126 acres, to be taken as a public work or use, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a road.

2. A piece of the land is kept in the effect of the Ishbailar of Dhamangalan and may be located at any time during office hours.

References

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Re. S. 22.—Under section 2 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0-247 of an acre, in the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for making a public well; and, under sections 2 and 7, the Mysore District Officer, Mysore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A glass of the said is kept in the office at the Revenue Divisional Officer, Malappuram, and may be procured at any time during office hours.

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Re Bid.—Under section 8 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1924, the Government in Council hereby declare that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0.13 of an acre, to be known as *Plot No. 1*, is required for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of the Board school house, and, under sections 6 and 7, the holder of the said land is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A glass of the food is kept in the office of the technician of NISAR and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Apostolov, A.

Description of land, and, if deep, state or geographical, with survey or latitude and/or	Extent of water or dry-land.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Year to be taken up.
<i>Arctostaphylos, Myrica, Salix, and other shrubs.</i>			
Government, App. No. 317 U. S.	Thirty Acres	North, Sec. 210 20-41 north, Railroad policy; west, Sec. 210 4, d.	1891
Do. 317 U. S.	Do.	North and 317, Sec. 211 20-71 north, Railroad policy; west, Sec. 212 4, d.	1891
Total ..			1891

RE 814.—Under section 8 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1900, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule is necessary for the purpose of the same as hereinafter set out, and is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a burial and burning ground, and, under section 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Bannard, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ramnagar, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

domenico

Description of land, wet or dry, lease or purchase, or its survey as purchased (see 7-10)	Name of owner or owner's agent	Description of the land required to be taken up	Amount taken up
<i>Forest of Forest, Miscellaneous land, Forest of Forest</i>			
Wet, waste	<p><i>First No. 1.</i></p> <p>Martins Forest, Fickelmann Forest, Chertemps Forest, John Forest and Thompson Forest</p>	<p>Wet, Redwood forest, belonging to Martins Forest and Chertemps Forest (No. 1), about 100 acres. Asbestos forest, belonging to Martins Forest and Chertemps Forest, about 100 acres.</p>	<p>100</p> <p>100</p>
No.	<p><i>First No. 2.</i></p> <p>Martins Forest, Fickelmann Forest, Chertemps Forest, John Forest, Thompson Forest, Fickelmann Forest, Thompson Forest, Fickelmann Forest and Thompson Forest. The following is the list of the land in the immediate vicinity of the first No. 1.</p>	<p>Wet, Redwood forest, belonging to Martins Forest and Chertemps Forest (No. 2), about 100 acres. Asbestos forest, belonging to Martins Forest and Chertemps Forest, about 100 acres.</p>	<p>100</p> <p>100</p>
Total ..			100

On Feb.—Under section 8 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor-in-Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule containing 276-2 acres, by the name of 1940 more or less, is so situated as to be required for the purpose of the Government of India and is accordingly under section 5 of the said Act, the Revenue District Officer, Mamukhal, is appointed to take possession of the land under the Act and directed to take notice of the acquisition of the said land.

2. A pint of the lead is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Namakkal, and may be resampled at any time during office hours.

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C. G. TOOMETER,
Active Secretary in Discharge

II—Outside the Madras Presidency.

Presidency or Province.	Isolated operations.		Presidency or Province.	Isolated operations.	
	Distances not shown, and Terms of 40,000 or more inhabitants.			Distances not shown, and Terms of 40,000 or more inhabitants.	
I. Mysore.	The whole province.		IV. The Punjab.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.
II. Bombay.	1. Frontier Districts— (a) Districts— Bawal, Dawa, (b) Towns and ports— Jawon, Pawla, Bawal, Dawa.		V. Burma.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.
	2. General Districts— (a) Districts— Bawal, Dawa, Bawal, Dawa, (b) Towns— Jawon, Pawla.				
	3. Southern Districts— (a) Districts— Bawal, Dawa, Bawal, Dawa, (b) Towns and ports— Jawon, Pawla, Bawal, Dawa.				
III. Bihar and Orissa.	4. North— Towns and ports— Jawon, Pawla.		VI. The United Provinces.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.
	5. South— Towns and ports— Jawon, Pawla.		VII. The Central Provinces.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.
	6. East— Towns and ports— Jawon, Pawla.		VIII. Hyderabad and Gujrat.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.
	9. West— Towns and ports— Jawon, Pawla.		IX. Central India.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.	(a) Districts— Rohtakpur, Tongaspell, Dharwad, Anahar, Bannat, Hanthawaddy, Hawala, Jawon, Mawla, Mpanangpa, Paga, Fawa, Pagan.

III.—NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

South India Railway.		
Mangalore.	Kovilpattanam.	Kovilpattanam.
Roos.	Solan.	Tanjavur.
Pottachi.	Madras.	Vandavasi.

No. 135-P.—Whereas the Honorable the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Mangalore in the Mangalore branch of the Mysore Railway, it is hereby notified that the following persons and other parties declared to be infected with plague are permitted to visit that place on the condition of the carrying of a valid certificate:

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1917, the Governor in Council prohibits the attendance at the said festival from the 15th October to 25th November 1918, inclusive, of persons from the said parts.

All persons proceeding to the said festival in contravention of this notification will be treated as such.

As 125-P.—Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Madhavaram Hills in the Madhavaram taluk of the Coimbatore District, if persons from the infected parts of the Coimbatore, Salem and Bellary divisions, the Mysore State and other parts declared to be infected with plague are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the annual Madhavaram Hills fair:

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1917, the Governor in Council prohibits the attendance at the said fair from the 15th to 30th October 1918, inclusive, of persons from the said parts.

All persons proceeding to the said fair in contravention of this notification will be treated as such.

C. G. TODDINGTON,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS BY COLLECTORS AND PRESIDENTS OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

Under section 18 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1904, M.B.No. Wannamali Subinspector Yerrachetty Aravali has been duly elected as a member of the Chingleput Taluk Board in the District of Chingleput.

Chingleput Collector's Office,
19th August 1918.

J. E. BRYANT,
Collector.

Under section 18 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1904, M.B.No. Chittoor Narayana Aravali has been duly elected as a member of the Chittoor Taluk Board in the District of Chittoor.

Chittoor Collector's Office,
20th August 1918.

H. L. BRADWOOD,
Collector.

Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1901, M.B.No. Yerram Chettyar Narayana Chettyar Subinspector Chettyar Aravali has been duly elected as a municipal councillor of the municipality of Chingleput in the District of Chingleput.

Chingleput Collector's Office,
19th August 1918.

Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1901, M.B.No. Tirupur Sanki Chettyar Subinspector Chettyar Aravali, a. a., has been duly elected as a municipal councillor of the municipality of Coimbatore in the District of Coimbatore.

Coimbatore Collector's Office,
19th August 1918.

A. S. CUMMING,
Collector.

Under section 18 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1904, M.B.No. K. S. Rangarajulu Appayya Aravali, a. a., p. a., of Chingleput town has been duly elected as a member of the Chingleput Taluk Board in the District of Chingleput.

Chingleput Collector's Office,
18th August 1918.

Under section 18 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1904, M.B.No. A. Parvathiamma Rao Gura of Nellore village, Nellore taluk, has been duly elected as a member of the Nellore Taluk Board in the District of Chingleput.

Chingleput Collector's Office,
19th August 1918.

P. C. DUTT,
Collector.

Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1901, as amended by Act III of 1907, M.B.No. Narayana Subinspector Rao Gura, a. a., has been duly elected municipal councillor for the Coimbatore municipality.

Coimbatore Collector's Office,
20th August 1918.

Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1901, as amended by Act III of 1907, M.B.No. Salem Palaniswami Rao, a. a., has been duly elected municipal councillor for the municipality of Coimbatore.

Coimbatore Collector's Office,
20th August 1918.

G. H. COSTERKELL,
Collector.

Under section 18 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1894, M.R. Dy. Dugganapati Venkayya Gura has been duly elected as a member of the Ongole Taluk Board in the district of Guntur.

Guntur Collector's Office,
29th August 1916.

Under section 18 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1914, M.R. Dy. Kothandarama Venkateswara Gura and M.R. Dy. Chundrabai Yennank Gura have been duly elected as members of the Taluk Board, Mannampet, in the district of Guntur.

Guntur Collector's Office,
29th August 1916.

N. E. MANJURIBABU,
Collector.

M.R. Dy. Kumbharai Kanna Nair Aravali has been duly elected as a municipal councillor of the Palghat municipality.

Malabar Collector's Office,
29th August 1916.

M.R. Dy. Amingundi P. Lal Cheluvilagam P. Lal Aravali, M.R. Dy. Suppa Thangar Sanku Thangar Aravali and M.R. Dy. Chelumbur Appa Srinivasa Appa Aravali, have been duly elected as municipal councillors of the Palghat municipality.

Malabar Collector's Office,
29th August 1916.

M.R. Dy. P. Lal Edara Kombi Aravali has been duly elected as a member of the Talghat Taluk Board.

M.R. Dy. P. Thirumala Sankaran Sankhadri Aravali has been duly elected as a member of the Malappuram Taluk Board.

Malabar Collector's Office,
29th August 1916.

F. B. STANS,
Collector.

M.R. Dy. D. Sita Sankish Gura has been elected as a member of the Elloor Taluk Board.

M.R. Dy. Vinnam P. Jai Hemantham P. Jai has been elected as a member of the Taluk Taluk Board.

Taluk Collector's Office,
1st September 1916.

H. W. LEIGH,
Collector.

Under rule 18 of the rules for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards, M.R. Dy. Ashwathi Venkata Rao Puzala Gura is declared to have been duly elected as a member of the Ponnur Taluk Board for the Perambalur circle, Ponnur Taluk.

Viluppuram Collector's Office,
29th August 1916.

Under rule 18 of the rules for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards, M.R. Dy. Kalanidhathi Jagannathan Gura Gura of Jalore is declared to have been duly elected as a member of the Tiruppur Taluk Board for the Srirangapatnam circle, Srirangapatnam Taluk.

Viluppuram Collector's Office,
29th August 1916.

H. A. M. VERNON,
Deputy Collector.

Under section 19 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, M.R. Dy. T. Kumbharaya Gura has been appointed, by election, as Vice-President of the Bellary Taluk Board.

Bellary District Board's Office,
29th August 1916.

A. F. G. MORGAN,
President.

Under the powers delegated to him in G.O. No. 574 L, dated 29th March 1909, the President, District Board, Chingleput, is pleased to re-appoint M.R. Dy. Madanmurali Cheluvilagam Venkateswara Aravali as a member of the Bellary Taluk Board.

Under section 18 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1914, M.R. Dy. Sura Subbarao C. V. Manikam Appa Aravali has been duly elected as a member of the District Board of Chingleput by the Bellary Taluk Board.

Chingleput District Board's Office,
29th August 1916.

Under the powers delegated to him in G.O. No. 574 L, dated 29th March 1909, the President, District Board, Chingleput, is pleased to appoint Mahomed Khan Taluk Subbarao as a member of the Tiruvallur Taluk Board.

Chingleput District Board's Office,
29th August 1916.

J. F. BRYANT,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, M.R. Dy. P. S. A. Anandabharan Chaitanya Aravali has been appointed, by election, as a member of the Coimbatore District Board by the Coimbatore Taluk Board.

Coimbatore District Board's Office,
29th August 1916.

A. B. CUMMING,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, M.R.P. V. Aranganathan Pottiah Gera and M.R.P. Mahan Sadas Gera have been appointed by election as members of the Gungun District Board by the Chingleput Taluk Board.

Gungun District Board's Office,
27th August 1916.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, M.R.P. A. Shanmugasundaram Postala Gera has been appointed by election as a member of the Gungun District Board by the Gungun Taluk Board.

Gungun District Board's Office,
28th August 1916.

N. MAHESWARAN,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, M.R.P. K. Sureshchander Postala Gera, Talukdar of Karandil, has been appointed by election as a member of the Karandil District Board by the Karandil Taluk Board.

Karandil District Board's Office,
31st August 1916.

H. G. STOKES,
President.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1894, the President, District Board, Nemmed, hereby resolves from office M.R.P. N. M. Marja Ahmed Iyer, member of Tiru Utham Panchayut, as he has absented himself for more than four months from the local area over which Tiru Utham Panchayut has authority.

Madras District Board's Office,
31st August 1916.

A. R. LOFTUS-TOTTENHAM,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1894, the Talukdars of Palghat and Perambur have been duly elected as members of the Malabar District Board by the Palghat Taluk Board.

Malabar District Board's Office,
31st August 1916.

F. S. EVANS,
President.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by His Excellency the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1894, the President hereby appoints the undersigned gentlemen to be members of the Salem Taluk Board:—

- (1) Mr. William J. Hatch.
(2) M.R.P. C. D. Appasa Chettyar, Vengalanganam.

Salem District Board's Office,
30th August 1916.

E. W. LEGG,
President.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1894, the President, District Board, Tiruchengode, hereby resolves from office M.R.P. Gera Jan Chettyar, member of Jayankondacholapuram Union Panchayat, as he has absented himself for more than four months from the local area, under section 100 (1) (i) of the said Act.

Under rule 20 of the revised rules for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards the President, District Board, Tiruchengode, hereby appoints M.R.P. Balasubramanyam Kappaswami Appa Aiyangar to be a member of the Namakkal Taluk Board.

Tiruchengode District Board's Office,
31st August 1916.

K. K. LEWIS,
President.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 100 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1894, the President, District Board, Vengalaganam, hereby reappoints the undersigned gentlemen to be a member of the Vengalaganam Taluk Board:—

- M.R.P. Channidipati Srinivasulu Postala Gera, Deputed Assistant to the Treasurer, Vengalaganam Estate.

Vengalaganam District Board's Office,
28th August 1916.

H. A. R. VERNON,
President.



THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

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MADRAS, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1946. (Part 1 of 4 p.)

Part 3-3.—Educational.

CONTINUED.

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HOME DEPARTMENT

(Continued)

NOTIFICATIONS

Collected April 18, 1916

85. 120.00

Notes for the lay of fan for work done in connection with industrial undertakings

Subject to the rules hereinafter mentioned, the Department of Industries gives general information and advice regarding industrial plant, administrative data in connection herewith, assists in the preparation of plans and in the purchase and erection of machinery and equipment for its systematic inspection.

2. The services of the departments are offered subject to the following general conditions—

(10) All fees or other charges (variable under the rules governing departmental assistance) are strictly payable in advance.

the liability of the corporation, and the liability of the shareholder, is not strictly payable in cash.

(2) All fines and other charges levied under these rules will be credited to Government.

(3) Reducible at loan will not generally be made, but, in the case of livestock, any supplies which may remain unused after the work is completed will be returned.

(iv) Though every effort will be made to meet the reasonable demands of the public as promptly as possible, the department offers no guarantee whatever in respect of time.

(c) The department cannot make itself responsible for the quality or condition of plant supplied by machinery agents, though it will do whatever lies in its power to safeguard the interests of its clients.

(c) The acceptance of the services of the department implies the acceptance of the general rules and conditions laid down in this notification.

I.—INFORMATION AND ADVICE

1. General information and advice is given free of charge so far as the information is available and advice can be given without local inspection.

2. In cases when information and advice can be given only after local inspection, such inspection may be arranged for on payment of a fee of Rs. 15 for every inspection when the inspection is made by a supervisor. If inspection by an officer of higher standing is required special rates will be charged the estimate of which may be obtained on application.

3. When such an inspection is made in connection with the installation of plant, but applicants do not desire to have the plant purchased or erected by the Department of Industries the inspection report will include a statement of the class of plant required and a sketch plan.

4. Applicants must understand that inspection reports cannot be regarded as working plans from which a plant can be erected. The only purpose they generally serve is to give applicants an idea of the approximate cost of the plant.

5. The department undertakes to work out estimates or prepare working plans if required, but only if the plant is to be erected by the department or the supplying firm. The charges leviable in this case are given in section II.

6. The department owns a certain amount of testing machinery and is prepared to undertake tests or make arrangements in connection with new machinery and new processes if applicants are available and if the tests are considered necessary.

7. In cases where tests or experiments are required as of general value, no fee will be charged and the results will be communicated to applicants in due course. When the tests are of a special character, a charge will be levied proportionate to the amount of work involved, but the results will then be communicated to the applicant only.

II.—FEES, CHARGES AND SERVICE OF MACHINERY

1. The department will, on demand, undertake the working of plant, the preparation of plans and the erection of machinery. In such cases, a deposit of not less than Rs. 250, or approximately 15 per cent of the value of the plant (whichever is greater), must be made.

The fee usually charged for this service is 24 per cent on estimate (plus Rs. 25 (which includes the inspection fee). If an inspection fee has previously been paid on receipt of the same estimate, the charge is reduced by Rs. 75. In addition to this fee, a small sum will be retained as an advance for contingencies (the balance being refundable on the completion of the work) and the remainder paid as advance to machinery agents for supply of plant.

2. If applicants wish to modify their orders or to abandon it after an inspection has been made, they will be charged Rs. 15; if, after plans have been prepared, they will be charged Rs. 15 for each set of plans. Provided no orders have been placed, the balance of advance will be refunded.

3. The department can take no responsibility for any losses arising from applicants changing their minds after orders have been placed.

4. Those terms apply only to the erection of plant costing less than Rs. 5,000 and cover only supervision. All materials and labour must be found by the applicant. If building work is to be supervised or if the plant is to cost more than Rs. 5,000, special terms will be arranged.

5. To encourage expedition, the Director has powers to allow a rebate up to 1 per cent on erection charges if the work is rapidly completed.

6. No plans will be prepared and no plant will be erected unless it is to be erected by the department or by the supplying firm.

7. Applicants may, if they wish, purchase the plant independently of the department and in such cases the preparation of plans and the erection of the plant will be undertaken on the same terms as above, subject to the condition that the plant shall be of the character indicated by the plans and estimates. If these are deviated from, the Director reserves the right of deciding to undertake erection. The same rule applies to plants already purchased or the re-erection of second-hand plants. Both new and second-hand plants will be retained at their new value for purposes of calculating fees. The Director, however, reserves the right of making an inspection of the plant to be made (section II. 10) and, notwithstanding such inspection, the Director may declare departmental ownership if he considers the plant unsuitable, badly designed, or in any way other way open to objection.

8. When the engineering services of the department are required for purposes other than the original erection of plant, they will be charged for as daily rates as follows:—

For a supervisor, Rs. 15 for the first day plus Rs. 7-8-9 for every subsequent day.

For a workman, Rs. 10 for the first day plus Rs. 5 for every subsequent day.

If there is any break in continuity, the first day's fee will again become chargeable for any subsequent visit.

III.—SUPERVISORY INSPECTION OF INSTALLATIONS

1. The department will arrange for the systematic inspection of installations. Inspections will be of two kinds, viz. "routine inspections" made at the convenience of the department and "special inspections" made on the urgent requisition of the applicant.

2. The fee for inspection will be determined on two scales, A and B, according to requirements.

3. Scale A provides for routine inspection. Under this scale an applicant is entitled to a selection of these inspections annually or such greater number as it may be determined to be required. In case of sudden breakdowns, special inspections will also be made, but scale A is intended to apply only to installations where the necessity for special inspections is not frequent. The Director of Industries may, at his discretion, cancel any arrangement under scale A at the close of the fiscal year if he considers that repetitions for special assistance have been unnecessarily frequent.

4. Scale B provides for the inspection of installations where the number of requisitions for special inspections is beyond that contemplated in scale A. Under scale B no routine inspections will be made and an application should be made every time an inspection is required.

5. The fee levied under scale A is Rs. 15 per annum for each installation.

6. Under scale B an initial fee of Rs. 15 will be levied which will cover the cost of inspection to the extent of the value, but no refund will be made if the value of the fee is not completely utilized. Inspections in excess of those covered by the initial fee will be charged for at the rate of Rs. 5 per visit.

7. No installation will be inspected unless a fee under one of the two scales is first paid. In case of non-payment, a notice will be issued by the department. If payment is then refused or subsequent violations of any kind will be given notice by special order of the Director of Industries and then, only on payment of such additional fees as he may prescribe.

8. The fee mentioned in rules 5 and 6 above will not cover any actual cost or any repair work carried out by the department which must be paid for in addition by the applicant.

9. The scale of fees above laid down ordinarily applies only to industrial plants of an initial value of Rs. 5,000 or less. When the value exceeds this figure, the Director has the option of increasing the fee if he considers that the machinery is of so complex a character as to require special attention.

10. Systematic inspection of a plant will be undertaken only after it has been ascertained and found to be in a good condition. If it is not in good condition, the applicant will be informed what repairs are required and systematic inspection will be undertaken only on completion of the repairs. If the applicant desires that the repairs should be executed under departmental supervision, a fee of Rs. 10 will be charged for such supervision.

11. The Director of Industries may, without incurring any expense, refuse to undertake systematic inspection of any plant or installation.

Governor, August 10, 1918

No. 102.—

IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE "LORD AND LADY FENTON SCHOLARSHIPS" ENDOWMENT FUND AT MADRAS.

It is hereby notified that the Governor of Port St. George in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, doth hereby order and direct that the names and certificates now in the hands of the Assistant-General of Madras and described in the schedule hereto shall as from the date of publication of this notification vest in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Madras and be held by him and his successors (subject to the provisions of the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, and to any rules which may from time to time be framed hereunder by the Governor-General of India in Council) upon trust for the purposes and subject to the conditions set forth in a scheme under section 5 of the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, for the administration of the said "Lord and Lady Fenton Scholarships" endowment fund.

Schedule.

Residual or preliminary assets of the Government of India of the 31st per cent loss of the face value of Rs. 15,000 as shown below:—

M. 191259 of 1894-95	for	Rs. 100
M. 64787 of 1914-95	for	" 1,000
M. 694113 of 1895	for	" 1,000
M. 626592 of 1895	for	" 200
M. 431580 of 1895	for	" 1,000
M. 622996 of 1895	for	" 200
M. 621449 of 1895	for	" 1,000
M. 626590 of 1895	for	" 200
254971 of 1903	for	" 1,000
M. 624578 of 1895	for	" 200
B. 696557 of 1900-01	for	" 15,000
251055 of 1900-01	for	" 900
M. 621655 of 1895	for	" 1,000
M. 624283 of 1895	for	" 200

Rs. 15,000

No. 161.—

IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE "LORD AND LADY PORTLAND SCHOLARSHIPS" ENDOWMENT FUND AT MADRAS.

It is hereby notified that the Governor of Port St. George in Council in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, has settled the scheme set forth in the schedule hereto for the administration of the endowments and money vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by Notification No. 162, dated the 29th day of August 1916, and that such scheme shall come into operation on the 15th day of September 1916.

Schedule.

1. The Director of Public Instruction, Madras, for the time being shall be the administrator of the said "Lord and Lady Portland Scholarships" endowment fund and the securities and money which were vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by Notification No. 162, dated the 29th day of August 1916.

2. From and out of the interest accruing on the said "Lord and Lady Portland Scholarships" endowment fund shall be provided, once in four years two scholarships each of the monthly value of Rs. 25 one of which shall be called the "Lord Portland scholarship" and the other the "Lady Portland scholarship."

3. The said scholarships shall be awarded to students of the junior Intermediate class of the Madras College for Women who have the intention of proceeding and prosecuting the studies prescribed for the Bachelor of Arts Degree Examination of the University of Madras and the said Lady Portland scholarship shall be awarded to a Hindu girl and the Lord Portland scholarship shall be awarded to an Indian Christian girl.

4. The said scholarships shall be awarded by the said Director of Public Instruction on the recommendation of the Principal for the time being of the said Madras College for Women to students of merit who are deemed to be in need of financial assistance to enable them to continue their studies.

5. Each of the said scholarships shall be tenable for five years.

6. The said scholarship or scholarships may be withdrawn by the said Director of Public Instruction at any time if the conduct and progress of the said scholarship holder or holders is or are not satisfactory.

7. If either of the said scholarships becomes vacant on account of want of a qualified candidate or for any other cause, it shall be awarded by the said Director of Public Instruction at the beginning of the succeeding year in accordance with the above rules.

8. All interest on the said endowment that may not be required for the purposes of the said scholarship or scholarships shall be accumulated and added to the corpus of the fund.

ACQUISITION OF LAND

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 3,086 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of the Banga elementary school, Ambur; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Vellore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Vellore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Schedule

Description of land, whether dry, open or partially, with survey or parcel number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Description of the land required to be taken up.	Extent in Sq. inches or.
North street district, Vellore taluk, Ambur village.			
Being in village panchayat, S. No. 104.	Changappa Nayaka	North, Banga elementary school and, Sannam, Raju's house; south, 14th street, west and Kengal road.	sq. ft. 1,348
Do.	Rameswami Nayaka	South, Banga elementary school; east, Raju's house; north, Raju's house; west, Changappa Nayaka's house.	1,738
		Total ..	3,086

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

EXAMINATIONS—2017

SPECIAL TEST EXAMINATIONS OF OFFICERS OF THE SALT, AREALI AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, JANUARY 1917

The President, Board of Examiners, notifies that the next examination of officers of the Salt, Areal and Customs Department will be held on Monday, the 10th January 1917, and succeeding days at the following centres in accordance with the revised Special Test Examinations published in the Port St. George Gazette of the 21st September 1916, Part I, pages 1018 to 1019:

(1) Bellary.	(10) Cuttack.	(19) Trichinopoly.
(2) Bangalore.	(11) Madras.	(20) Tuticorin.
(3) Cannanore.	(12) Nagasaki.	(21) Yelver.
(4) Coimbatore.	(13) Nellore.	(22) Waltair.

5. Candidates must send in their applications made out in English on printed forms, as far as such the Office of the Board of Examiners as to before the 11th December 1916, after which date no applications will be received on any account. Candidates' names on forms should be legibly written and two copies of which must also accompany them to be sent.

6. All candidates should obtain the required application forms from the office of the Assistant Commissioners.

7. The prescribed fee of Rs. 4 for each test, or branch of a test except Tests B-IV and E, must be paid into a Government Treasury or if at Madras, into the Bank of Madras, and the receipt given by the Treasury Officer attached to the application. On no account will the fee be returned to the Office of the Board of Examiners.

8. Each application should be sent direct to the undersigned post paid, registered and addressed as follows, all the necessary enclosures being actually forwarded to it.

[Applications for admission to the Special Test Examinations for Officers of the Salt, Areal and Customs Department, January 1917.]

To
The Secretary, Board of Examiners,
Chapack, Madras.

9. P.—Candidates anxious to ensure themselves that their applications have been received should enclose an addressed post-card in their applications. Each candidate should send in a separate card for admission to each. Each post-card will be returned to them in due course with an acknowledgment. No notice will be taken of any letter from any candidate enquiring whether his application has been received. Irregularly-stamped cards will be rejected.

10. Candidates for Test E should state whether the vernacular in which they desire to be examined are (1) their mother tongue or (2) their special language in their University Examinations or (3) a second language. The information required in the application form and the details of the format of the Tests A, B and C in which a candidate wishes to be examined should be clearly stated. Applications (whether in any particular will be returned, and if they are not accompanied with the necessary stamp, so as to reach this office within a week from the date of the above memorandum, they will not be accepted.

11. In paying fees into the treasury, candidates should specify the particular test or tests for which the fees are paid.

12. No notice will be taken of the application of any candidate who selects a centre which is not included in the list of centres given in paragraph 4 above.

13. The fee paid by candidates who may be found to be ineligible to appear for the above examinations will, on account, be refunded to them.

14. Subject to any changes that may be required, necessary, the examination will be conducted in the order of time and subjects shown in the enclosed table.

Date.	Time.	Subjects.	Test.
SAT.			
Monday, 9th January.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	General Law	Test A—General.
	1 1/2 p.m. to 3 p.m.	Salt Manual, Volume I	Test B—Salt.
Tuesday, 10th January.	10 a.m. to 12 noon	Salt Manual, Volume II	Test C—Salt.
	1 1/2 p.m. to 3 p.m.	The University of Salt and Customs	Test D—Salt.
Wednesday, 11th January.	10 a.m. to 12 noon	General Service Regulations and Civil Government Code	Test E—General.
	12 noon to 1 p.m.	Memoranda	Test F—Regulating.
	1 1/2 p.m. to 3 p.m.	Surveying and Landling	Test G—Surveying.
Thursday, 12th January.	10 a.m. to 12 noon	Mathematics	Test H—Mathematics.
	1 1/2 p.m. to 3 p.m.	Navigation	Test I—Navigation.
Friday, 13th January.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Survey Manual	Test J—Survey.
	1 1/2 p.m. to 3 p.m.	Customs Law	Test K—Customs.
Saturday, 14th January.	10 a.m. to 12 noon	Rules under the Customs Act	Test L—Customs.
Sunday, 15th January.	11 noon to 3 p.m.	Language	Test M—Language.

Arrangements will be made to hold examinations in D-IV if there are any candidates. The date and for this test will be notified later on.

Office of the Board of Examiners, Chapack,
Madras, 21st September 1916.

J. W. GHATGEAR,
Secretary.

HALF-YEARLY EXAMINATIONS

The usual half-yearly examinations will be held at Madras or in the vernacular as above about the 10th January 1917. Except by special permission, examinations in the vernacular will be held at Madras only.

3. The examinations that may be held are as follows:—

- I. The First and Second Standards for Assistant Collectors.
- II. Law and Transporter test for Police officers.
- III. Law test for Customhouse Magistrates.
- IV. Veterinary tests for—
 - (1) Europeans and Eurasians (Civil officers not belonging to the Indian Civil Service).
 - (2) Educational and Medical officers.
 - (3) Deputy Collectors, Subordinate Judges and District Magistrate.
 - (4) Candidates for the Provincial Civil Service.
 - (5) Police constables, Rank and Railway officers.
 - (6) Proficiency, High Proficiency and Honours.
 - (7) Higher Standard in Transport, Animals and Equipment.
- V. Law, Revenue and Office Procedures and Accounts for Forest officers.

4. Applications from private candidates and from candidates for the Provincial Civil Service should be addressed to the undersigned and should furnish the following particulars:—

Name and address, description, if any, language and test in which to be examined; appointment for which applicant desires to qualify.

5. All applications for examination for awards should be submitted, through the head of the department concerned three months before the date fixed for the examination, and the applicant should give the information asked for in the form prescribed for the purpose.

6. All other applications should reach the undersigned by 31st October 1916.

7. A fee of Rs. 15 for each examination is the remuneration of candidates not in the Government service should be paid into the treasury or Mr. Macdonald the Bank of Madras. The receipt should be forwarded to the undersigned with the application for examination, drawn, but in the case of Rank and Railway officers, through the heads of their departments. The fee paid for admission to any of the above examinations will not be refunded or held over to the next examination.

8. Officers in the service of Government should send in their applications through the heads of their departments.

9. As very great inconvenience has been caused by applications for examination being sent in after the prescribed date, the Board desires it to be distinctly understood that the date given above will be strictly adhered to.

Office of the Board of Examiners, Chennai,
Madras, 4th September 1916.

J. W. GUNATONBY,
Secretary.

NOTIFICATION

It is hereby notified that the new edition of *Madras-Debi*, published in 1915 by the French University, is the book referred to in the notice published, dated 2nd July 1914, appearing on page 427 of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 28th July 1914.

Madras, 11th August 1916.

J. H. MELVILLE,
Inspector of European and Training Schools.

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION FOR TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES—1917

NOTIFICATION

In the text-books prescribed in Courses for Elementary Lower grade:—

Substitute "Rajawade Natakam" for "Demagogy" by Bannerman Bant.

Madras, 21st August 1916.

J. H. MELVILLE,
Inspector of European and Training Schools.

THE PRESIDENCY COLLEGE

THE FORTNIGHTLY AND MONTHLY VERBALE PRIZE

SUBJECTS OF EXAMINATIONS—The First Fortnight and the Monthly Verbal Prize in respect of South Indian History.

Conditions

1. The competition is open to all students who have graduated from the Presidency College provided that (1) they were students in the Senior Department of the said College of at least two years' standing and (2) that at the time fixed for the competition they are graduates of not more than two years' standing.

2. The essay must be in Tamil.

3. The essay must be clearly and legibly written on thick English foolscap on one side of the paper only.

4. The writer will be required to attach to his essay a declaration in the following terms:—

"I hereby declare upon my honour that, in writing this essay I have not received assistance from any one, nor have I referred to works other than those mentioned below."

5. The essay must reach the Principal not later than the 31st August 1917.

6. The value of the prize is Rs. 100.

The Presidency College, Madras,
31st August 1916.

H. J. ALLAN,
Principal.

Appointments are invited from Indian candidates whose vernacular is Urdu for the post of headmaster in the Moulvi Muhammad Ali Secondary school at Annapurna on a salary of Rs 30 per month. Secondary School-leaving Certificate-holders are preferred.

Municipal Office, Annapurna,
31st August 1916.

K. KHAN-UD-DIN SAHIB,
Chairman.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

THE FIVE CELESTIALS OR FIVE TARIKAT: AND THE CELESTIALS' ADVENTURES. Notes on their Ascent and Descent, 1856. Royal two, cloth. Rs 3-12. (7 ss.)

MANUAL OF ELEPHANTINE BREWERY FOR INDIA, 1914, BY RAJ BAHADUR K. RAMA ANAND, M.A., B.L. Demy 8vo, cloth. Rs 2. (4 ss.)

DESCRIPTIONS OF THE TARIKAT. MANUSCRIPTS IN THE GOVERNMENT ORIENTAL MANUSCRIPT LIBRARY, MADRAS. Nos. 11. History and Customs and Religion and Philosophy (Venerabilium), 1916. Royal 8vo, bound Rs 2-2. (4 ss. 6 p.)

REVENUE OFFICE CALCUTTA FOR 1916-17. Royal two, bound Rs 12. (5 ss. 6 p.)

PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS. Revised up to the 31st March 1916. Folsup 8vo, cloth. Rs 2-8. (4 p.)

SCIENTIFIC EXAMINATION OF THE TARIKAT. Revised up to the 31st March 1916. Folsup 8vo, cloth. Rs 2. (4 p.)

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRY.—

RESEARCH No. 1.—On the industries conducted by the Department of Industries. Royal two. Price 8. (4 p.)

RESEARCH No. 2.—On the industries conducted by the Department of Industries. Royal two. Price 8. (4 p.)

RESEARCH No. 3.—On the industries conducted by the Department of Industries. Royal two. Price 8. (4 p.)

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RESEARCH No. 30.—On the industries conducted by the Department of Industries. Royal two. Price 8. (4 p.)



THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

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No. 35.1

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 6, 1906. 17 PAGES. 2 CENTS.

Part 23.—Miscellaneous Notifications.

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[illegible]

APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE OF ABSENCE, &c.

Discussion

Provisional.—With effect from the 1st June 1914 corresponding to the reduction of H.S. Ry. N.W. Coast of Mexico, Inc. District, from 5th to 10th grade—

M.S. Ry. Massogostan. Kishinev Station. Arjun, from 23rd grade, ex. 1st row, to 25th grade, 1st row.

M. E. By. Vlasovskiy Parkovoye Arroyo, from dirt road to #10 grade, sub. pr. 6w.

Monday, 9th August 1998.

C. M. SCHMIDT,
Deputy-Secretary of Agriculture

Keywords:

Appointments.—The Hon'ble the Officiating Chief Justice is pleased to make the following appointments:—

M. R. R. M. Kishorendra Ayyar, B.A., B.L., Assistant Inspector and Commissioner, High Court, Original Side, on petition, has been assigned 12. This appointment with effect from the 11th July 1933.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
20th August 1898.

No. 52. Applicant and Petitioner—U. R. Ry. Timonely Ananashov. Filed Substantive Petition Ananashov, U. R. Ry. First-grade Pleader practicing at Timonely, is appointed to act as District Clerk fourth grade, and is noted as Solicitor (Prisoner). To (John A. Harkness.)

High Coast of India at Madras,
22d August 1814.

No. 54. Appointment and Posting.—M.R.Sy. Parakkalagum Nannayya Moosa Arangal, B.A., 3d, first-grade Teacher pending at Kottigal, is appointed to act as District Muzil, fourth grade, and is posted to Madurai. (To join forthwith.)

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
4th September 1918.

C. G. MACKAY,
Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE.

SALT, ASSAM AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENTS.

Extension of Leave.—Under article 210 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. Clayton St. Easton Kenneth Taylor, Assistant Inspector, is granted an extension of privilege leave for two weeks from 14th August 1918.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 3rd September 1918.

Transfer etc.—M.R.Sy. Panchamatha Appay Dandiappa Appay Arangal, Inspector, is transferred from the Southern Customs Circle to the Northern Customs Circle, now Mr. S. K. Deanna, Inspector, as other duty. To hand over charge to his assistant and join immediately.

M.R.Sy. Sanku, Engineer Assistant, Assistant Inspector, Tuluvaru Sea Customs, is posted to the charge of the Southern Customs Circle.

Mr. Sanku, Tax Assistant Inspector, is transferred from the Cuddalore to the Tuluvaru Sea Customs. To join forthwith without awaiting relief.

M.R.Sy. Jakkirajam Panchapakeswara Hemachandra Arya, Sub-Inspector, first grade, is appointed to act as Assistant Inspector and posted to the Cuddalore Sea Customs. To join urgently on relief.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 4th September 1918.

H. F. THOMAS,
Secretary.

RAJAPUR DISTRICT BOARD, LAND REVENUE AND AGENCIES.

Leave.—M.R. G. Tattalagan, Assistant in Botany under the Government Lecturing Bursar at the Agricultural College, Coimbatore, is granted privilege leave for one month from 1st September 1918.

Board of Revenue (Ben. Sett. Sec., I. R. and Agri.),
Madras, 3rd September 1918.

T. RAGHAVIAH,
Secretary.

FOREST.

Posting.—(1) M.R.Sy. S. Thangabettu yudu, Ranger, third grade, on return from leave, is posted to Kalligudi range, Madurai Division. To join at once.

(2) M.R.Sy. S. Raja Rao, acting Ranger, sixth grade, will revert to his permanent post as Deputy Ranger, third grade, from the date of return of No. (1).

Madras, 29th August 1918.

H. D. BHATTY,
Commissioner of Forests, Madurai Circle.

Relief.—G. S. Lafrenais, Ranger, fifth grade, is relieved to Ranger, sixth grade, on 21. 9. The suspension will continue until he returns to duty.

Coimbatore, 8th August 1918.

Transfer.—M.R.Sy. G. P. Gurusubrahma Mahalingam, Ranger, fourth grade, South Madurai Division, is transferred to Pallakudi range, South Coimbatore Division.

Coimbatore, 15th August 1918.

Posting.—Mr. G. G. Robinson, Assistant Commissioner of Forests, is transferred temporarily from South Coimbatore to South Malabar, in order to complete his tour.

Coimbatore, 31st August 1918.

H. A. LATHEAM,
Acting Commissioner of Forests, Western Circle.

FIREWORKS.

Provision.—The provision of M.R.Sy. P. Ramaswami Appay to Government, third grade, temporary work, notified in Part II of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 19th July 1918, is modified up to the 15th October 1918 inclusive.

Coimbatore, 30th August 1918.

S. B. MURRAY,
Chief Engineer, F.W.D.

Leave.—Under articles 218 (a) and 208, Civil Service Regulations, Mr. J. Sankaralingam, B.Sc., temporary Upper Subordinate of the Public Works Department, is granted privilege leave for a fortnight from the 15th August 1918.

Madras, 2nd September 1918.

H. SNOWBALL,
Acting Secretary Engineer to Government.

Leave.—Under article 249 of the Civil Service Regulations (Fifth Edition, Revised) privileges leave for five weeks with effect from the 11th September 1914 at date of relief is granted to Honorary Lieutenant and Assistant Commissary, J. G. C. PHILLIPS, Sub-Engineer, second grade, and Assistant Engineer (outside 1000), North Forestry Division.

Madras, 4th September 1914.

J. M. LAUREY,
Superintending Engineer, F. Circle.

Transfer.—M. S. R. C. V. Subrahmanya Ayyar, Overcast, second grade, temporary rank, from the Madras to the Tiruchirappalli division for change of the Tiruchirappalli Harbour works.

(2) M. S. R. C. V. Subrahmanya Ayyar, Superintending Engineer, first grade, temporary rank, from the Tiruchirappalli to the Madras division. This entails his transfer to the Tiruchirappalli division ordered in this office No. 1381, dated 17th August 1914.

Tiruchirappalli, 1st September 1914.

O. T. MULLINGS,
Superintending Engineer, F. Circle.

Leave.—Under article 249 of the Civil Service Regulations, M. S. R. C. V. Subrahmanya Ayyar, Overcast, Technical project division, is granted privilege leave for two months and ten days with effect from the expiration of the 10th instant.

Madras, 2nd September 1914.

A. V. RAMALINGA AYYAR,
Superintending Engineer, F. Circle.

INDIAN FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Revenue and Accounts Section.

July and August 1915.

Acting promotions and transfers.

I. With effect from 11th July 1915, Mr. P. G. King, Assistant, third grade, having returned his privilege leave for one month and ten days from 29th July 1915—
None to act.

II. With effect from 1st August 1915, Mr. H. V. Hanumanth, Assistant, fourth grade, temporary rank (Ceylon division), having returned from privilege leave—
None to act as no one was appointed to act as Assistant.

III. With effect from 1st August 1915, Mr. N. S. Janki Ram Ayyar, Assistant, sixth grade, having joined the Revenue division as Assistant, on the expiry of his privilege leave (Ceylon division)—
Mr. E. Sathyanatha Mudaliyar, who has been temporarily appointed to act as Assistant, to revert as Head clerk of the division.

IV. With effect from 10th August 1915, Mr. P. G. King, Assistant, third grade, having returned from privilege leave—
None to revert as no one was appointed to act.

V. With effect from 11th August 1915, Mr. K. Rangaswami Ayyangar, temporary Assistant (Madras Revenue division), having returned from privilege leave—
Mr. M. S. Ramaswami Nayakar, Officiating Assistant, to revert to clerk, Assistant General's Office, Madras.

VI. With effect from 25th August 1915, Mr. C. Mahalingam Pillai, Assistant, sixth grade (Madras Project division), having returned from privilege leave—
Mr. G. Nani Reddi, Officiating Assistant, to revert as clerk of the division.

VII. With effect from 1st August 1915, Mr. G. E. Subhadra Rao, Assistant, fifth grade, having been relieved of sixth grade—
Mr. V. Marudai Mahalingam, Assistant, fifth grade, temporary rank, to be Assistant, fifth grade, provisional.

Mr. P. V. Varadachari Rao, Assistant, fifth grade, acting, to be Assistant, fifth grade, temporary rank.
Mr. A. S. Srinivas Rao, Assistant, sixth grade, to be Assistant, 2nd grade, acting.

Madras, 26th August 1915.

A. NEWMARKH,
Assistant General.

POLICE.

Leave.—Mr. William John Dumas Rowley, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Nageswaram sub-division, Nageswaram division, privilege leave for three weeks from or after 5th September 1915, under article 249 of the Civil Service Regulations.

Madras, 4th September 1915.

P. L. MOORE,
Deputy-Superintendent of Police.

GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS

PATENTS.

The following printed specifications of applications for patents, which have been accepted under section 8 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act of 1902, have been published and are to be inspected free of charge at the Madras Patent Office, Egmore. Copies of these specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Chancery House Street, Calcutta, at the price of eight annas per copy.

Directions for the guidance of inventors and others desiring to file Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1902 (prior to 1900), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1902 (prior to 1900). These should be obtained before an application is made to the Controller of Patents and Designs.

2025. B. Halder and N. Anand. Improved trap spring fastening device for Indian wooden doors.

2026. K. T. Duttan. Improved motor car basket.

2027. S. O. Walker. Achromatic earth latrine.

2028. T. C. Williams. Improvements relating to the manufacture of wire-reinforcing fibrous materials for use upon boats and ships.

2029. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co., Ltd. Improvements in wireless telegraph receivers.

2030. Harnett Separators, Ltd. Improvements in or relating to the concentration of ores.

2041. L. H. Smith. An automatic electric switch.

2042. R. O. U. Mosley. Improvements in the setting of lines, steel and other substances not easily reduced to the molten condition.

2043. H. B. Quayle. An improved method of packing glass accumulator boxes.

2047. J. Jenkins. Improved railway switch.

2048. J. Flint, G. Tolson and W. A. McArthur. An improved composition to be used as a substitute for air in the tyre of motor and other road vehicles.

2049. General Electric Co. Improvements in projection apparatus.

2050. Hansen and Fossdal, Ltd. Improvements in apparatus for cooking or heating liquids or gases or treating air or gases with liquids.

2051. E. J. Lutz. Improvements in the construction of joints for wooden buildings.

2052. W. H. Biddle. Improved method and apparatus for automatically compensating the pressure or contraction of wires, rods or the like.

2053. Bredelbach, Ltd. Improvements in igniting furnace step motion.

2055. J. Peterson. Power transmitting device.

2056. C. O. Henselink. Improvements in lock nuts.

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

Notices issued, 5th September 1915.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY

CORNER OF MARK STREET AND BRANLY ROAD, (CALCUTTA.)

Open in 7 WEEKDAYS AND SATURDAYS, FROM 10 A.M. TO 7 P.M.
SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS, FROM 3 P.M. TO 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a LENDING LIBRARY. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

Notices issued, 11th August 1916.

LOST

It is hereby notified that the undermentioned cheque books of this division have been lost and the cheques drawn from these cheque books should not be honoured in the treasury if presented for payment.

Cheque books for use in Madras.

No. 21818 (on the Book of Modern, Madras) with unused cheques 64 to 65; 25136, 25724, 25789, 25791, 25792, 25749 and incomplete cheque book No. 14693 (with unused cheques 5 to 65).

Cheque books for use in all districts.

68675, 68676, 68677, 68678, 68681, 68682, 68683, 68684, 68685, 68686.

J. D. WAT,
Revenue Engineer, P. R. S. Division, F. H. Office.

Madras, 19th August 1916.

NOTICE

It is hereby given that the annual cattle fair at Kaliguda in the village of Subrahmanya, Uppl. Jagadale taluk, North Coimbatore district, will be held this year as usual from 15 to 25th of November 1916.

Comp. Kunkle, 16th August 1916

P. KUNHAYAN NAMBID,
Revenue Assistant Officer, Pylone Division.

TREASURE TROVE.

It is hereby notified under section 2 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that treasure consisting of the undermentioned articles of the value of Rs. 18 was found about 20th December 1910 in the dry bed of Mahila, Lingam Nayaka, of Talukam in Pudukottai taluk of Coimbatore District—

Description of articles.	Weight.	Estimated value.		
		Rs.	As.	P.
Three gold pins and an ear-ring ..	1 1/2 lbs.	20	0	0
Two silver bangles ..	4 lbs. and 15 amsas.	5	0	0
Total ..		25	0	0

All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office at Chattrapatti on 19th December 1912 in view of the matter being required into and determined according to law.

Collector's Office,
19th Dec. 1912.

N. MAHESWARAN,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 2 of Act VI of 1878 that on 1st June 1912, a brass coin weighing 1/2 gold coin worth about Rs. 175 was found in the house of Nandhi village of Nandhi taluk, near the house of Nandhi and Chattrapatti. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office at Chattrapatti on 19th December 1912 at 11 a.m. in order that the matter may be required into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

Collector's Office,
19th July 1912.

M. K. MAHESWARAN,
Collector.

Notice is hereby given under section 2 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 that on or about 10 a.m. of the 6th August 1912 the undermentioned treasure is said to have been found in survey No. 509 near village of Kumbhagiri village, Thane taluk, by (1) Chattrapatti, (2) Gola Lingam, (3) Lingam Nandhi, (4) Raja Yellamma, (5) Chattrapatti.

Description	Weight.	Estimated value.		
		Rs.	As.	P.
One coin ..	1 1/2 lbs.	2	0	0
Two coins ..	1 1/2 lbs.	2	0	0
One coin ..	1 1/2 lbs.	2	0	0
Two coins ..	1 1/2 lbs.	2	0	0
Ring ..	1 1/2 lbs.	2	0	0
Gold bangles ..	1 1/2 lbs.	2	0	0
Total ..		27	0	0

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are requested to appear in person or by a duly authorized agent before the Collector of Kurnool at his office at Kurnool on the 14th October 1912 in view of the matter being required into and disposed of according to law.

Collector's Office,
14th May 1912.

H. G. SUDHAKAR,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 2, proviso (c) of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 that on the 12th day of April 1912 the golds waiting in use of the walls of the west gate, near a door constructed in Madras Harbour brought up from a depth of about 35 feet below present sea-level the undermentioned articles.

Description	Weight.	Estimated value.		
		Rs.	As.	P.
1. A brass figure of Buddha of the usual Burmese kind weighing ..	150	150	0	0
2. A brass figure of Buddha of the usual Burmese kind weighing ..	42	42	0	0
3. Two small brass bells weighing under ..	1	1	0	0

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear in person or by a duly authorized agent before the Collector of Madras at his office in the South Block Road at 11 noon on Monday the 13th October 1912, with a view to the matter being required into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Collector's Office,
13th May 1912.

H. A. R. VENKAT,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 2 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 that about the beginning of January 1912 treasure consisting of gold and silver coins, which were found valued at about Rs. 18-0-0 was found hidden in the pits land of Aranganthi Panchayat in North Arcot District.

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of North Arcot at his office on the 25th day of November 1912 in order that the matter being required into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

North Arcot Collector's Office,
25th Nov. 1912.

F. J. MURPHY,
Collector.

Under section 3 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, it is hereby notified that on 29th July 1918, a treasure consisting of 23 silver coins bearing Hindustani or Arabic inscriptions and weighing 27½ tolas, which is valued at about Rs. 38, was found in the village site of Banjapahadigan, a hamlet attached to the Panamattam village in Para Malak, Miris, in Travancore State, by one Benjamin Gaudin of the same village when he was digging a pit to sow some paddy seeds.

3. All persons claiming the treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Madras at his office in Madras on 10th January 1917 in view of their claims being required into and determined according to law.

E. W. LEIGH,
Collector.

Collector's Office,
10th August 1918.

It is hereby notified, under section 3 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that treasure consisting of the unaccounted articles and valued at about Rs. 12-6-6 was found by one Derappa Sattam Shengara while digging up the stump of a "daga" tree in the Illiyas temple square in Sankarathal village, Udipi taluk, South Canara District, in the Madras Presidency.

Description	No.	Weight	Value
Manufactured copper coins (new and ancient)	1	1	10
One-fourth anna	1	1	1
Three 4 anna-pieces of Tigris	1	1	1
Currency and half-dime tokens	1	1	1
Bulrush beads	1	1	1
Teeth (these are very much damaged)	1	1	1
Total	1	1	1

3. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of South Canara at his office at Mangalore on Wednesday, the 24th October 1918, in view of the matter being required into and determined according to law.

South Canara Collector's Office,
25th May 1918.

L. VIKRANT,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 3 of Act VI of 1878, that the unaccounted treasure was found on 14th December 1904 by one Kuttam while digging up for burying some sickle-pieces in R.N. 465-A situated on dry in Panamattam village, Guruvayur, belonging to Abad Malabar District.

Description	Weight in Imperial units of 16 tolas.	Value.
(1) Diamond	40	25
(2) Emerald	114	30
(3) Do.	30	30
(4) Pearl (broken into two pieces)	30	30
(5) Broken bell	12	5
Three plates with holes		
Doughnut		
Charakhal		
Broken pieces of lamp		
Tripod		
Water pot		
Broken tripod, big		
Do. small		
Akshatayilam		
Broken plates		
Small brass stick		

3. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof, are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Travancore at his office on 10th September 1918, in view of the matter being required into and determined according to law.

Travancore Collector's Office,
7th April 1918.

H. B. WOOD,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 3 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 that on 26th April 1918, the treasure described below was found concealed in a box underneath a mango tree which stood in the Madras premises of the village of Thottapattam, hamlet of Thuvandapahadigan, Kumbhari taluk, Travancore District, Madras Presidency.

Three small pieces of gold worth about 1½ annas and 1 hollow ball of gold worth Rs. 25.

3. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector at his office at Thottapattam on 10th November 1918 in view of the matter being required into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Thottapattam Collector's Office,
12th July 1918.

R. S. LLOYD,
Collector.

Photocopy showing Ulysses S. Grant and Duffie in each of the White House from August 1869 to 2nd September 1876

[illegible]

Statement showing Hagen Salazar and Punta in each selected place in the United Provinces for three weeks ending and beginning 1916.

District and place.	Reported during the week ending 2nd April 1956.					Reported during the week ending 9th April 1956.					Reported during the week ending 16th April 1956.				
	Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.	Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.	Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.
	Animals.	People.	Animals.	People.		Animals.	People.	Animals.	People.		Animals.	People.	Animals.	People.	
Aden and its stations	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (French)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (British)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Dutch)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (German)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Italian)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Japanese)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Korean)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Lithuanian)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Luxembourg)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Maltese)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Moldavian)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Netherlands)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Norwegian)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Polish)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Portuguese)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Romanian)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Russian)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Serbian)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Slovak)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Slovene)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Spanish)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Swedish)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Swiss)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Tunisian)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Turkish)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Ukrainian)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Yugoslavian)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Zimbabwe)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
Algeria (Total)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2

Madison, 4th September 1816.

W. A. JUSTICE, Mayor, I.M.A.,
Auditor, Commission

JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

INVESTIGATION OF POWER

Under section 102 of the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908 (I of 1908), and, section 108 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908), as amended by the Amendment Act, 1914 (XV of 1914), the High Court is pleased to direct that the undermentioned office shall, in cases in which an appeal is allowed under the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908 (I of 1908), take down the contents with his own hand in the English language:—

M. B. Ry. Sundral Rangaswami Acharyar Anagol, Revenue Divisional Officer, Chinnai.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
21st August 1916.

G. B. RANACHANDRA AFFAIR,
Ambedkar Case Book

Under section 234 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908) as amended by the Presidential Decree No. 1916 (IV of 1914), the High Court is pleased to direct that the under-mentioned officer shall, in cases in which approval is allowed, read out the evidence with his own hand in the English language:-

N. K. Ky. Sorokidal Gupala Ashviniyar Shikshasamithi Ashviniyar Anagol, District: Mysore

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
22nd August 1928.

P. S. SANKARANARAYANA AYYAR,
Director, Bangalore.

NOTIFICATION

Under the provisions of section 112 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the following draft addition to Rule 24, Order XXII or Schedule I of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, is published for the consideration of all persons interested; and it is hereby notified that the addition as well as any alterations or suggestions which may be required in respect of it, in the event of any objection being made, will be taken into consideration by the High Court on or after the 26th November, 1914.

Add the following proviso to clause 1 of Rule 2 of Order XXII, Schedule I of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908:-

¹² Provided that an examination of the affairs connected with the execution of a power by the Executor or the Deputy, shall not be the ground on which a writ of habeas corpus of the Court shall be obtained to be subject compliance with the requirements of this clause.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
19th August 1916.

C. O. KACHAT,

Under the provisions of section 111 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the following *Amendment* to Order V of Schedule I, Act V of 1908, are published for the information of all persons interested: and it is hereby notified that the said amendment as well as any objections or suggestions which may be received in respect of them, will be taken into consideration by the High Court as and when the Court sees fit.

— Submits the following for rules 23 and 24:—

Section 23.—Where the defendant resides out of British India and has no agent in British India empowered to accept service, the summons may be addressed to the defendant at the place where he is residing and sent to him by post, it there is postal communication between such place and the place where the Court is sitting.

Provided that, if by any arrangement between the East Government of the Province in which the Court is sitting the summons is to be sent by an officer of the Government of such territory, the summons may be sent to such officer in such manner as by the said arrangement may have been agreed upon.

24. Where—

(a) in the exercise of any foreign jurisdiction vested in His Majesty or in the Governor-General in Council, a Political Agent has been appointed, or a Court has been established or re-established, with power to exercise a jurisdiction vested by a Court under this Code in any foreign territory in which the defendant resides, or

(b) the Governor-General in Council has, by notification in the Gazette of India, declared, in respect of any Court situate in any such territory and not established or continued in the exercise of any such jurisdiction as aforesaid, that service by such Court of any summons issued by a Court under this Code shall be deemed to be valid service, or

(c) by any arrangement between the East Government of the Province in which the Court sitting the summons is made and the Government of the foreign territory in which the defendant resides the summons may be sent to such Political Agent or Court, or in such manner as may have been agreed upon by the proper officer of the Government of the foreign territory by post or otherwise, for the purpose of being served upon the defendant; and, if the summons is returned with an endorsement signed by such Political Agent or by the Judge or other officer of the Court or by the officer of the Government of the foreign territory that the summons has been served on the defendant in manner lawfully directed, such endorsement shall be deemed to be evidence of service.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
24th August 1916.

C. G. MACKAY,
Judge.

By virtue of the powers conferred by sections 5 and 7 of the Legal Practitioners Act, XVIII of 1879, and all other powers hereto enabling, the High Court hereby makes the following amendments to the consolidated and amended rules made by the High Court under the said Act and dated 24th August 1912 and published at pages 1226-1234 of Part II of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 16th August 1912, and republished at pages 2285-2292 of Part II of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 21st December 1915, viz:—

Read the provision in rule 27 as follows (1) and add the following as proviso (2) to the said rule:—

"Provided also that pleaders may take part in the management of *suites* registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, in the areas in which they practice; but no pleader so taking part shall receive any remuneration other than the ordinary profits without the special leave of the High Court."

(Signed)	ARTHUR KATHAM, Off. Chief Justice.	} Judges.
"	W. R. ARJUN,	
"	P. D. P. GUNAWARDEN,	
"	T. SAMUEL ATTAR,	
"	C. G. BRADEN,	
"	V. M. CHETTIYER THEVAR,	
"	T. V. SUNDARAJ ATTAR,	
"	G. NARAYAN,	
"	C. V. K. MALLAYARU THEVAR,	
"	K. SUNDARA ATTAR,	
"	W. W. FRIEDLER,	} Judges.
"	G. KUNDEKAR,	

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
24th August 1916.

C. G. MACKAY,
Judge.

The following will be substituted for the High Courts Circular No. 494, dated 12th March 1910:—

"No writ shall carry on any trade or business without the previous sanction of the High Court. Any writ carrying on a trade or business without such previous sanction shall be liable to suspension or removal from practice."

"Provided that pleaders may take part in the management of *suites* registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, II of 1912, in the areas in which they practice; but no pleader so taking part shall receive any remuneration other than the ordinary profits without the special leave of the High Court."

(Signed)	ARTHUR KATHAM, Off. Chief Justice.	} Judges.
"	W. R. ARJUN,	
"	P. D. P. GUNAWARDEN,	
"	T. SAMUEL ATTAR,	
"	C. G. BRADEN,	
"	V. M. CHETTIYER THEVAR,	
"	T. V. SUNDARAJ ATTAR,	
"	G. NARAYAN,	
"	C. V. K. MALLAYARU THEVAR,	
"	K. SUNDARA ATTAR,	
"	W. W. FRIEDLER,	} Judges.
"	G. KUNDEKAR,	

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
24th August 1916.

C. G. MACKAY,
Judge.

In partial satisfaction of the notification, dated the 11th July 1916, published at page 2073, Part II of the Port St. George Gazette, dated the 18th July 1916, the High Court hereby certifies that the judgment of Mr. R. W. Davies, J.D.S., for Civil Federal Trading ceased with effect from the 25th May 1916, instead of from the 18th July 1916; and that the Court of the Additional District Munsif appointed for Vengalpet ceased with effect from the 19th July 1916.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
25th August 1916.

C. G. MACKAY,
Registrar.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1912 AND OF THE
NATIVITY OF THE MADRAS CEMENT TANNERY, LIMITED.

NOTICE PURSUANT TO SECTION 147 (1) OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1912.

Whereas Mr. R. V. Sampannarasu Agent of the Madras Cement Tannery, Limited, stated in his letter dated the 19th March 1916 that the company was not carrying on business and whereas it appeared from the fact that further communications addressed to "The Madras Cement Tannery, Limited" at the registered office remained unanswered or were returned addressed through the Dead Letter Office but the said company was not carrying on business or in operation, a notice dated the 25th May 1916 was published on page 1091 of the Port St. George Gazette, Part II, dated the 25th June 1916, pursuant to section 147 (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1912, to the effect that at the expiration of three months from the date of that notice, the name of the said company would, unless notice was shown to the contrary, be struck off the register and the said company would be dissolved. The company not having shown such cause within the time allowed which expired on the 25th August 1915 the name of the company has, under section 147 (5) of the Act, been struck off the register.

Madras, 26th August 1916.

T. B. SETHU PAO,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

UNCLAIMED DOCUMENTS.

List of unclaimed documents in the office of the Sub-Registrar of West Madras for the
half year ending 30th June 1916.

Serial Number	Year and date of Registration.	Book and document number.	Value of document and notes.	Beneficiary.	Chequer.	Name of party who should take back his document.
1	25th January 1916.	Book I, 10.	Paid for Rs. 100	(1) Unclaimed balance, (2) Interest on share and (3) Amalgamation.	Unregistered No. 10.	E. Mathiasdass.
2	19th June 1915.	Book I, 14th.	Mortgage with interest for Rs. 100.	(1) East India Company, (2) East India Co. Ltd. (3) East India Co. Ltd.	(1) Public and (2) Registered.	See Public.
3	23rd June 1915.	Book I, 24th.	Loan on term of 10 years at Rs. 10.	Unclaimed balance.	Do.	Do.
4	7th June 1915.	Book IV, 16.	Mortgage of immovable.	Unregistered Chd.	Unregistered Chd.	Unregistered Chd.

If it will be shown to the satisfaction of the Registrar that the documents have not been taken back within the time specified from the date of registration, the documents will then with lying retained for one year and will be destroyed under section 50 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908.

சென்னை நகரப் பதிவுகாரன் துறையின் 1915-ம் ஆண்டு ஜூன் 30-ம் திகதிக்கு முற்பட்ட காலத்தில் கிடைக்காத ஆவணங்களின் பட்டியல்.

சீர்தர எண்	பதிவு செய்த ஆண்டு, திகதி.	புத்தகத்தின் எண், பக்கம்.	ஆவணத்தின் விவரம்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் பெயர்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் எண்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் பெயர்.
1	1914-ம் ஆண்டு ஜனவரி 25-ம் திகதி.	1 புத்தகம், 10-ம் பக்கம்.	ரூ. 100-க்கு கட்டிய பணம்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் பெயர்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் எண்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் பெயர்.
2	1915-ம் ஆண்டு ஜூன் 19-ம் திகதி.	1 புத்தகம், 14-ம் பக்கம்.	ரூ. 100-க்கு கட்டிய பணம்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் பெயர்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் எண்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் பெயர்.
3	1915-ம் ஆண்டு ஜூன் 23-ம் திகதி.	1 புத்தகம், 24-ம் பக்கம்.	10 ஆண்டுகள் காலத்திற்கு கட்டிய பணம்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் பெயர்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் எண்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் பெயர்.
4	1915-ம் ஆண்டு ஜூன் 7-ம் திகதி.	1 புத்தகம், 16-ம் பக்கம்.	ரூ. 100-க்கு கட்டிய பணம்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் பெயர்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் எண்.	பதிவு செய்யப்படாத ஆவணத்தின் பெயர்.

குறிப்பு: - பதிவு செய்யாத ஆவணங்கள் பின்பு ரூ. 18 தொகையைக் கட்டிவர 15 நாட்களுக்குள் திரும்பிப் பெறப்படும். உயிர்ப்பித்தல் செய்த பதிவுகாரனின் 3 வருஷத்திற்குள் காலம் செழுங்குப்படை தாதுகொள்ளப்படும்.

UNCLAIMED ENCUMBRANCE CERTIFICATES AND COPIES

Level of environmental sanitation and water supply is the effect of the Registrar of Maternal-Child Health.

[illegible]

Note.—No combinations with English and English flying combined for other than young will be discussed.

Engineer's Office, Madras-Chengalpoot,
19th August 1906

V. SUBBA RAO,
Secretary

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

* THE INNOVATION *

In possession of orders of this Court made in the matter of the undersigned insured persons' estates and respectfully dated as in the margin, it is noted that the said persons have been destroyed in respect of all the debts payable in the nature of their insurance.

Number of patients	Name of institution	Date of discharge
124 of 1918	M. V. Jahn	1918
143 of 1919	C. A. Persechini, Chicago	1919
168 of 1911	Herman of St. Louis South and Milwaukee Hospitals, St. Louis	1916
182 of 1914	C. W. Thompson, St. Louis	1916
187 of 1914	A. W. Farnum	1916
195 of 1914	F. Knappe, St. Louis	1916
204 of 1914	C. L. Longenecker, Milwaukee	1916
245 of 1915	Kenneth C. Knappe	1916
246 of 1915	C. J. Farnsworth, St. Louis	1916
314 of 1919	C. Davis, St. Louis	1916
338 of 1923	Miss Susan M. Schmitt, St. Louis	1916
376 of 1924	A. W. Farnum, St. Louis	1916
440 of 1911	M. V. Jahn, St. Louis	1916

Official Assignee's Office, Madras,
30th August 1934.

F. H. WILSON,
Chief Engineer.

NOTIFICATION

Under section 34 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1874, the High Court hereby directs that on account of the prevalence of plague the Court of the District Munsif of Tirupur in the Coimbatore District shall be closed for a period of six weeks from Monday the 4th September 1918.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
24th September 1919.

C. G. MACHAY,
Director

FACULTY MEMBERS

No. 12 of 1919 in the Court of the District Magistrate, Agartala.

2. *Neohemaphysalis ayra*, one of Rama Ayres, residing at Pombal, Bahia.

Acknowledgements

Krishna Appar and two others

1. *Advertiser (Deliver)*
 2. *Credentia*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (3) of section 22 of Act III of 1901, that the said petitioners has applied to the Court for being adjudged an insolvent and that the petition is posted to the 4th day of October 1906 for hearing.

District Sheriff's Court, Indianapolis,
19th August 1941.

3 BANGABWANI AYANGRAH,
District Head.

No. 1 of 1913 is the Child of the District Judge, Wilkes.

In the matter of the guardianship of (1) Valencia Biliagya and (2) Chircky Biliagya.

The pakhs are hereby informed that the *hakim*s have proposed for consideration of the Court a scheme of composition order section 21 of the Provincial Insolvency Act whereby they undertake pay their arrears at two (2) annas in the rupee on the principal amounts due. Their creditors

whereas notice came to Rs. 65,873-6-8 have already signified their consent to the Court. The other creditors are hereby notified that the petition stands posted to 20th September 1919 for hearing and that by that date all claimants should appear before Court in person or by pleader.

District Court, Bellary,
21st August 1919.

R. A. JENKINS,
Acting District Judge.

No. 4 of 1919 in the COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, BELMONT.

Lingamswami Ramaswami, son of Ramaswami, age 45, petitioner.
Lingamswami, residing at Southfields, Harpenden Hill.

Respondent.

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner has filed his petition in adjudication him as insolvent and that the 21st day of September 1919 has been fixed for final hearing. All persons who intend objecting to the petition are requested to appear on the said date in person or by pleader and they are to submit grounds of their objection in writing three clear days before the day of hearing, exclusive both of the day of giving such notice and of the said day of hearing.

District Court, Bellary,
20th August 1919.

R. A. JENKINS,
Acting District Judge.

No. 21 of 1919 in the COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CHENNAI.

Srinivasa Pillai, son of Venkataswami Pillai, residing in Melomangalam,
Chingleput Petitioner.
Chinnappa Naidu and others Respondents.

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 19 of Act III of 1907, the above-named petitioner has applied to be declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to 14th October 1919. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear either in person or by pleader on the said date.

District Judge's Court, Chingleput,
20th August 1919.

P. RAJASOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 25 of 1919 in the COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CHENNAI.

Govinda Narayanaswami Reddy, son of Govinda Reddy, residing in
Kudamur, haveli of No. 49 Marudpur, Tirunelveli Petitioner.
Tirunelveli Court and others Respondents.

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 19 of Act III of 1907, the above-named petitioner has applied to be declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to 14th October 1919. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear either in person or by pleader on the said date.

District Judge's Court, Chingleput,
20th August 1919.

P. RAJASOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 4 of 1919 in the COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CHENNAI.

In the matter of the insolvent Kallu Kannaiah.

Whereas a dividend is to be distributed, all creditors must prove their debts on or before 24th October 1919. The dividend will be declared without reference to claims not proved.

District Judge's Court, Chingleput, Tirunelveli,
20th August 1919.

A. KANAKA RAJU,
Official Receiver.

No. 44 of 1919 (No. 8 of 1919) in the COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CHENNAI.

In the matter of the insolvent Srinivasa Nallagudi.

Whereas a dividend is to be distributed, all creditors must prove their debts on or before 24th September 1919. The dividend will be declared without reference to claims not proved.

District Judge's Court, Chingleput, Tirunelveli,
20th August 1919.

A. KANAKA RAJU,
Official Receiver.

No. 55 of 1919 (No. 9 of 1919) in the COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CHENNAI.

In the matter of the insolvent Srinivasa Nallagudi.

Whereas a dividend is to be distributed, all creditors must prove their debts on or before 24th September 1919. The dividend will be declared without reference to claims not proved.

District Judge's Court, Chingleput, Tirunelveli,
20th August 1919.

A. KANAKA RAJU,
Official Receiver.

No. 11 of 1919 (O.S. No. 19 of 1919) in the COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, CHENNAI.

(1) Chingleput Srinivasa and (2) Chingleput Chinnappa Naidu. Petitioner (Chinnappa).
Venkataswami Naidu Naidu, etc. Respondents (Naidu).

Notice is hereby given that by an order of this Court, dated 21st August 1919, the above-named petitioners were adjudicated as insolvents.

Orderers of the above-named instruments should prove their debts on or before 30th day of September 1918 by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Treasury Rules, 1915.

Official Receiver's Court, Godavari, Rajahmundry,
22nd August 1918.

A. KANAKA RAJU,
Ottawa, Canada

No. 4 of 1904 (O.R., No. 48 of 1894) at the Office of the Official Receiver, Calcutta.

Whereas a final dividend is to be distributed, all creditors must prove their debts on or before 30th September 1934. The dividend will be declared without reference to debts not proved.

Official Benavise's Coast, Godavari, Rajahmundry,
20th August 1816.

A. KANAKA RAJU,
Chief Executive

No. 17 of 1915 (No. 5 of 1916 in the case of the District Court, Granada)
in the Court of the Original Jurisdiction, Granada.

Narayan Sahbhayrao and Rajkesh Aderga	..	..	..	<i>Petitioner (Latter).</i>
Mohan Wadgaonkar and others	..	..	..	<i>Creditor.</i>

Notice is hereby given that by an order of this Court, dated 30th August 1916, the above-named defendants were adjudged to be bankrupts. Creditors of the above-named defendants should prove their debts on or before 15th October 1916 by delivering or sending, by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1910.

Official Receiver's Court, Odessa, Safokhmandiy,
20th August 1918

A. KANAKA NATHU,
F. National Academy

No. 44 of 1905 (No. 4 of 1901 on the file of the Provincial District Officer's Court, Bangalore) of the Court of the District Officer, Bangalore.

Tegga Srinivas and Nallipati Venkateswara	"	"	Falguny (Dattar).
Ganaki Subbaraya, etc.	"	"	Quilms.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Court of Principal District No. 1 of Bayshore, dated 10 July 1920, the above-named petitioners were adjudged as insolvents. Creditors of the above-named insolvents should prove their debts on or before 15th October 1920 by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 4 of the 26th Class Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909.

Official Receiver's Court, Godehasi, Nagalandry,
21st August 1935.

A. KAMAKA RAJU,
Oral Surgeon

No. 15 of 1918 in THE COURT OF THE DEPUTY JUDGE, CHIEF.

Dinagwella Venkateswarajayasthi of Ongole ..	"	"	<i>Fairiesman.</i>
Raja Abba Raja Pura Mohamedali Sait and eight others ..	"	"	<i>Craftsmen.</i>

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner named above has applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands docketed on 8th October 1968.

District Court, Glasgow,
24th August 1938.

A. SAMBAMURTI AYYAR,
Acting Director, India.

No. 42 of 1953 IN THE COURT OF THE CHIEF JUSTICE, KENYA.

Nadigally Saravaliham	"	"	"	"	"	Involved (Polluter).
Tipparany Samastobam and others	"	"	"	"	"	Outlets.

Money is hereby given, that a second dividend is intended to be declared in the above matter, and that all creditors of the insolvent shall pay their claims by sending to this Court by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 8 of the Probate and Insolvency Rules as or before 4th October 1926 with vouchers in support thereof. In default, the dividend will be declared without regard to the claims not so verified.

Official Business's Copy, Kuma, Manikpote,
20th August 1916.

Re. SRINANTHI PANTULU,
Official Entries

No. 19 of 1912 in the CASES OF THE OFFICIAL REPORTS. Etc.

<i>Ixodary Kallappa</i>	"	"	"	"	"	<i>Festuca (Pillinger)</i>
<i>Kutarka Namburi Varipanda Rao and others</i>	"	"	"	"	"	<i>Oryza</i> .

Notice is hereby given that a second dividend is intended to be declared in the above matter and that all creditors of the insolvent shall prove their claims by sending to the Court by registered post an affidavit in Form No 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules on or before 20 October 1916 with vouchers in support thereof. In default, the dividend will be declared without regard to the claims not so proved.

Official Director's Court, El Paso, Mississippi,
28th August 1938.

DR. KRISHNULU PANTULU,
Chief Justice

No. 4 of 1916 in the Court of the District Magistrate, KARARAI.

Karappan Kuran, son of Pothanatha Kozai, Thiruvengadam,
Mudhalali Petitioner.
Sber-Khan Kallil and others Counter-petitioner.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner was adjudged an insolvent on 26th August 1916 and his further examination takes place on 19th September 1916. All his creditors are required to prove their claims, as soon as possible, by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Thiruvengadam, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Official Receiver's Court, Thiruvengadam, C. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHI ATTAYAR,
19th August 1916. Official Receiver.

No. 4 of 1916 in the Court of the District Magistrate, KARARAI.

K. Venkatesan Chetty, son of Nutharathana Chetty, Kanchi Na-
makhal Petitioner.
K. A. R. S. M. K. Karuppan Chetty and others Counter-petitioner.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner was adjudged an insolvent on 26th August 1916 and his further examination takes place on 19th September 1916. All his creditors are required to prove their claims, as soon as possible, by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Thiruvengadam, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Official Receiver's Court, Thiruvengadam, C. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHI ATTAYAR,
19th August 1916. Official Receiver.

No. 22 of 1916 (No. 4 of 1916 in the Court of the District Magistrate's Court, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM) in the Court of the Official Receiver, NORTH ARANT.

In the matter of the *Kanjikupathu Moolali*, deceased.

Kanjikupathu Moolali, son of Somasundara Moolali, Sengurthimale,
Kannur, aged about 40 years, residing at Chinnappa, Neyyattur
Sole, Thiruvananthapuram Petitioner.

Under section 16 (7) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, it is hereby notified that an order of adjudication was made in the above matter by this Court on 25th August 1916 and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible.

Claims may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to me an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Official Receiver's Court, North Arant, Chitties, V. SETHIVASARAGHAYA ACHARIYAR,
25th August 1916. Official Receiver.

No. 1 of 1916 in the Court of the District Magistrate, PATTANAPPEY.

Adthari Appala Nayudu Petitioner (Debtor).
Vedikkavilak Narayanaiah and twenty-six others Counter-petitioner.

Notice under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, is hereby given that Adthari Appala Nayudu, son of Pothanatha Nayudu, Orpala hope, residing at Pattanamparam, Pattanam taluk, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 15th day of September 1916 for hearing. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by valia.

District Magistrate's Court, Pattanam, P. T. JAGANNATHA ACHARIYAR,
15th August 1916. District Magistrate.

No. 6 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, KARARAI.

S. V. K. N. Ramaswami Chetty Petitioner (Debtor).
C. T. V. E. M. R. N. Ramaswami Chetty, son of Ramaswami Chetty,
residing at Kottai, Thiruvengadam Defendant (Debtor).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named respondent has by an order of this Court, dated 10th July 1916 been adjudged an insolvent and that all his creditors are required to prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver of Ramnad an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

District Court, Ramnad, of Madras, W. L. VENKATARAMAYYA,
10th August 1916. District Judge.

No. 8 of 1916 in the Court of the Additional District Magistrate, Salem.

Appayya Chinnappan Gounder, son of Kanna Gounder of Thiruveng-
adam, Thiruvengadam taluk Petitioner.
Mou Gounder and seven others Creditors.

This notice that an insolvency petition has been filed by the petitioner praying that he may be declared an insolvent, and that the petition stands posted to 15th October 1916 for hearing.

Additional District Magistrate's Court, Salem, A. VENKATARAMAYYA,
25th August 1916. District Magistrate.

No. 25 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Tanjore.

Devara Manikavas, son of Shali Abdul Kader Manikavas, residing at Pandugonda street, Nagapattinam Petitioner.
 (1) Sankaran, (2) Gopalanam, (3) Sankar, sons of Anai, residing at Nagore, Nagapattinam taluk and (4) Sankar Manikavas, son of Sankar Manikavas, residing in Karamangalam, Nagapattinam Respondents.

Notice is hereby given that the respondents (1) to (4) above, who are adjudged insolvent on 18th August 1916. All the creditors are required to prove their claims as soon as possible by following the mode by forwarding post to the Official Receiver, Tanjore, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

District Court, Tanjore,
25th August 1916.

J. R. HUGHES,
Acting District Judge.

No. 26 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Tanjore.

Subbarama Ayyar, son of Mahadeva Ayyar, residing in Nagapattinam, Petitioner.
 Sankaran Sulu, Sankaran Mani and another
 S. M. T. Sankaranarasana Chettiar, son of Sankaran Chettiar, residing in Nagapattinam street, Nagapattinam Respondents.

Whereas the petitioner has applied to this Court to declare the above Sankaranarasana Chettiar, insolvent, notice is hereby given under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907, that his application is posted for hearing on 12th September 1916. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

District Court, Tanjore,
25th August 1916.

J. R. HUGHES,
Acting District Judge.

No. 27 of 1916 (No. 3 of 1916 in the File of the Commissioner of the Court, Madras) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Tanjore.

Sankaran Ayyar Petitioner.
 Sankaran Ayyar and others Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Sankaran Ayyar, son of Sankaran Ayyar, residing in Thiruvallur, Madras taluk, has applied for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing on 12th September 1916. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

Official Receiver's Court, Tanjore,
12th August 1916.

G. S. PARAMAGANDRA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 18 of 1916 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Tanjore.

Thirumadhai Srinivasulu Petitioner (Debtor).
 Sankaran Vasudevan and five others Counter-petitioners (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the above petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent, that the petition stands posted to the 12th day of September 1916 and that any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear in person or by pleader before this Court on the day of hearing.

Principal District Munsif's Court, Tanjore,
25th August 1916.

L. NARAYANA AYYAR,
Principal District Munsif.

No. 19 of 1916 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Tanjore.

Paramasara Sanyas and Paramasara Sanyas Petitioner (Debtor).
 Ambika Subbait and seven others Counter-petitioners (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the above petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent, that the petition stands posted to the 12th day of September 1916 and that any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear in person or by pleader before this Court on the day of hearing.

Principal District Munsif's Court, Tanjore,
25th August 1916.

L. NARAYANA AYYAR,
Principal District Munsif.

No. 24 of 1916 (No. 3 of 1916 in the File of the District Court, Tiruvallur) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Tiruvallur.

Vasudeva Sankaranarasana Chettiar and another, North Car Street, Tanjore.
 only two Respondents.

Notice is hereby given that notices of the insolvents are required to prove their debts on or before the 15th day of September 1916; failing which, dividend will be declared and distributed without regard to their claims.

Official Receiver's Court, Tiruvallur, Tanjore,
25th August 1916.

A. SUBRAMANYA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 6 of 1914 in the Court of the District Judge, TRENCHMERE.

Indulances Padayachi and others, sons of Kotha Padayachi,
Kovvampati, Narsimhaiah
Timmayya Andam and others Petitioners,
Cross-petitioners.

All persons alleging themselves to be the creditors of the above-named petitioners are required to tender proof of their claims on or before 15th September 1916. If they fail to do so, a dividend will be declared without regard to their claims.

Official Receiver's Court, Trenchmery,
24th August 1916.

G. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHI ATTANAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 12 of 1915 in the Court of the District Judge, TRENCHMERE.

M. Ignat Brother, son of Mahomed Mann, Trenchmery, Andam
Fullam street, Trenchmery Petitioner,
Cross-petitioner.
T. Mahomed Muthulappa and others

All persons alleging themselves to be the creditors of the above-named petitioners are required to tender proof of their claims on or before 1st October 1916. If they fail to do so, a dividend will be declared without regard to their claims.

Official Receiver's Court, Trenchmery,
22th August 1916.

G. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHI ATTANAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 26 of 1915 in the Court of the District Judge, TRENCHMERE.

Krishna Goudan alias Kallappa Goudan and Kallappa
Goudan, sons of Kallappa Goudan, Vallapettanam Padu,
Narsimhaiah Petitioner,
Cross-petitioner.
Lakshmi Andam and others

All persons alleging themselves to be the creditors of the above-named petitioners are required to tender proof of their claims on or before 1st October 1916. If they fail to do so, a dividend will be declared without regard to their claims.

Official Receiver's Court, Trenchmery,
27th August 1916.

G. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHI ATTANAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 25 of 1915 in the Court of the District Judge, TRENCHMERE.

Arangan Pillai, son of Marudai Pillai, Kallapettanam, Madras taluk, Petitioner,
Cross-petitioner.
Senthappan Nandappa Pillai and others

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner was adjudged an insolvent on 24th August 1916 and his further examination takes place on 24th September 1916. All his creditors are required to prove their claims, as soon as possible, by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Trenchmery, an affidavit in Form No. 2 of the Indian Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Official Receiver's Court, Trenchmery,
25th August 1916.

G. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHI ATTANAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 23 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, TRENCHMERE.

Mahomed Mohamed Ibrahim, son of Khatib Khatir Ibrahim, Bangal
street, Worepuz, Trenchmery taluk Petitioner,
Cross-petitioner.
Abul Khatir Khatir and others

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner was adjudged an insolvent on 24th August 1916 and his further examination takes place on 1st September 1916. All his creditors are required to prove their claims, as soon as possible, by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Trenchmery, an affidavit in Form No. 2 of the Indian Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Official Receiver's Court, Trenchmery,
25th August 1916.

G. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHI ATTANAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 14 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, TRENCHMERE.

Arasandam Pillai, son of Kallappa Pillai, Kala street, Vore,
gum, Trenchmery taluk Petitioner,
Cross-petitioner.
Arasandam Pillai and others

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner was adjudged an insolvent on 24th August 1916 and his further examination takes place on 24th September 1916. All his creditors are

FUEIJO WORKS NOTIFICATION

UNCLAIMED SUM

Notice is hereby given that a sum of Rs. 1-4-6 as per details noted below due to M. K. R. Manoharabalan, Ayaz, late temporary upper subordinates, Manipalgarh, Aizawl, has been released in the basis of the direction and that it will be confined to Government if not cleared within three months from the date of the notification:—

Keywords: *work, stress, coping, organizational commitment, organizational citizenship behavior*

	St.	A.	B.
Amount withheld from his travelling allowance in October 1919 being the approximate cost of articles among articles in University
Value of the missing articles adjusted in January 1919
Balance	..	1	0

Madison, 18th August 1814.

M. O'BRIEN,
Executive Engineer, Medical Division

MARINE NOTIFICATIONS

NOTES TO READERS

Feb. 17, 1918.

The following is republished for information.

Presidency Post Office, Madison,
25th August 1816.

P. SCHLY,
for *Providence Plant System*

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

360 8599

CHINA SEA—BANGKOK—BIRMINGHAM—YANKEE HOTEL—CHARTERS' CHURCH.
Gentle Light Blue Road.

Referring to Special Notice to Mariners No. 408, notice is hereby given that the Outerbar Lower Buoy, Cockburn Channel, has been moved. This buoy is now marked in 12 fathoms water at low water of spring tides, and from the buoy, 1000 feet from Beacon House S. 10° W., magnetic, distance 2.4 miles. The characteristics of the buoy remain unchanged.

(By order of the Inspector-General of Customs)

The Maritime Customs, Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 20th July 1914.

W. F. Tynan,
Chief Executive

No. 88,000 2010

The following is republished for information.

Presidency Post Office, Madras,
24th August 1948.

F. HENRY,
Exe. President, Pers. Assoc.

[Excerpt from the "Cylon Government Gazette," No. 8339 of August 18, 1934.]

SAITAN—NORTH CORNER—KANNIYANTHALI TEMPLE—ALTAR OF SAIKON.

[Latitude 9° 48' N., longitude 42° 5' E.]

With reference to Notice to Mariners, dated July 17, 1924, the colour of the light at Kankesan-geed will be altered to red from Thursday, August 24, 1924.

Charts advised: Admiralty Chart—No. 518, Cape Horn to Comrad; No. 518, Falk Strait and Gulf of Missouri; No. 2217, Carlin North Coast.

Publications: *Leaf of India, Part VI, 1925, No. 815*; *Bay of Bengal Fleet, 1918, India* etc.

Circles—North Coast—Polar Plankton Loci—Alterations of Currents

(Latitude 9° 00' N, longitude 80° 15' W)

Notice is hereby given that the color of the light at Point Pedro will be altered to green from
 Thursday, August 24, 1916.

Chairs affected: Admiralty Chart—No. 539, Cape Canavie to Grenada; No. 554, Falk Strait and Gulf of Manar; No. 5127, Cayton North Coast.

Publications: List of lights, Part VI, 1915, No. 379; Day of Bengal Pilot, 1915, page 186.

Master Attendant's Office, Colombo,
1843 August 1918.

O. E. Pearson, Lieut.-Commander, R.N.,
Master, *Albatross*.

No. 38 of 1913.

The following is republished for information.

Presidency Port Office, Malacca,
12th August 1913.P. ICELEY,
for Presidency Port Office.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

RUE DE REPORT—LIGHT ON RAPPAH BRIDGE—CHINA RIVER LIGHTHOUSE.

Detailed Attention of Character of Light.

Serial Number of per light No.—587.

Name of Light—China River.

Position—On small bank which rises at low water springs and about half a mile from the edge of the delta according off the entrance to the China River in Thailand river.

Latitude N.—10° 17'.

Longitude E.—100° 17'.

Number and colour of light—One—white.

Character of light—Fixed and flashing.

Period of revolution or flash—Flash every five seconds.

Range visible in clear weather—14 miles.

Area of illumination (Range is magnetic and from sea level)—From N. 80° E. through North and West to S. 30° W.

General description of building, etc.—Steel screw pile structure painted red with white lantern.

Height in feet of centre of lantern above high water—24.

Height in feet of building from base of water—10 from top of wind bank.

Order of illuminating apparatus and auxiliary power—Lighthouse 1st Order. Flash 10,000.

Time established or altered—1870, 1882, 1913.
Remarks—Change in fixed light and flash every five seconds. Duration of flash 1/10th of a second.

Authority—Principal Port Office.

Note—From the 1st November to 31st December 1913 the colour light will be alternated and during this period a temporary light showing a white flash every 10 seconds will be exhibited from a light ship parked off with the main light. This light is placed on a small white island. The flashing will be on the edge of low China River flow two miles from the light house. The range of visibility of this light will be 12 miles and its flash every 10 seconds.

P. D. VALE, Comandante, R.N.M.,
Principal Port Office, Malacca.

Bangkok, 10th July 1913.

No. 40 of 1913.

LIGHT—WATER LIGHT—CHINA RIVER.

With reference to this office Notice to Mariners No. 25 of 1913, information has been received from the Port Office, Chongch, that the Dec. Port and Quarantine Buoy at the port will be replaced in position on or about the 15th September 1913.

Presidency Port Office, Malacca,
12th August 1913.P. ICELEY,
for Presidency Port Office.List of arrivals in the HIGGINS HANCOCK, etc., on the 2nd September 1913,
as reported at this office.

Ship's name.	Tonnage.	Master.	Destination.	Where to call.	Agent.
R.S. "Pohang"	1,197	J. A. Houghton	Bangkok	1st.	See & Co.
R.S. "Chongchong"	1,201	W. B. Price	Canton	1st.	See & Co.
R.S. "Pohang"	1,197	C. F. Smith	Bangkok	1st.	See & Co.
R.S. "Hightower"	1,201	A. T. Smith	Bangkok	1st.	See & Co.

Report on the arrival and departure from the Port of Malacca from the
27th August to the 2nd September 1913.

ARRIVALS.

Ship's name.	Owner's name.	Tonnage.	Master's name.	Where from.	Birth complete.
1913					
1913 1st	R.S. "Pohang"	1,197	J. A. Houghton	1st.	See & Co.
1913 2nd	R.S. "Chongchong"	1,201	W. B. Price	Canton	See & Co.
1913 3rd	R.S. "Pohang"	1,197	C. F. Smith	Bangkok	See & Co.
1913 4th	R.S. "Hightower"	1,201	A. T. Smith	Bangkok	See & Co.
1913 5th	R.S. "Pohang"	1,197	J. A. Houghton	1st.	See & Co.
1913 6th	R.S. "Chongchong"	1,201	W. B. Price	Canton	See & Co.
1913 7th	R.S. "Pohang"	1,197	C. F. Smith	Bangkok	See & Co.
1913 8th	R.S. "Hightower"	1,201	A. T. Smith	Bangkok	See & Co.

DEPARTURES

Date sailed	Vessel's name	Tonnage	Port of origin	Master's name	Where bound	Both supplied
1936 Aug. --	R.F. "Ela."	2,201	B.	A. G. Fraz	Bangor	No. 8 Wharf, South Quay.
23th do. --	H. F. "Quench"	1,501	B.	R. Smith	Port Isaac	No. 4 Wharf, South Quay.
24th do. --	R.F. "Yarrow"	2,594	B.	P. Stewart	Galicia	No. 4 Wharf, South Quay.
25th do. --	R.F. "Erythra"	2,201	B.	G. H. Jones	Bangor	No. 4 Wharf, South Quay.
26th do. --	R.F. "Clas. Gledin"	2,594	B.	J. H. Jones	London	No. 4 Wharf, South Quay.
26th do. --	R.F. "Gleda"	2,594	B.	C. H. Jones	London	No. 4 Wharf, South Quay.
27th do. --	R.F. "Fabyana"	2,201	B.	J. A. Jones	Bangor	No. 4 Wharf, South Quay.
28th do. --	R.F. "Fabyana"	2,201	B.	G. F. Smith	London	No. 4 Wharf, South Quay.

Port Office, Malaga,
2nd September 1936

A. E. BALFOUR, Commander, R.N.M.,
Serving the service of the Port.

REVENUE NOTIFICATION

NOTIFICATION

No. 2.—With reference to Government Notification No. 22, dated 8th August 1936, published on pages 151-153 of the Port of George Gazette, dated 1936, August 1936, Part I.—withdrawing the application of the provisions of the Andean Abolition Act of 1936, to those tapped, or to be tapped, down in pairs or other successive doublets, internally with lines, for the purpose of the manufacture of jewelry in the Malaga sub-industry, the Commissioner of Salt, Alkali and Separate Revenue hereby cancels Board's Notification No. 11, dated 15th July 1931.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Malaga, 29th August 1936.

E. F. THOMAS,
Secretary.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF CHROME LEATHER SANDALS FOR THE
SALT, ALKALI AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

Sealed tenders will be received up to 12 noon on Wednesday 17th September 1936 by the Secretary to the Commissioner of Salt, Alkali and Separate Revenue, Chapsack, Malaga, for the supply of 5,000 pairs of chrome leather sandals, men's or boys.

3. Tenders should be addressed to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Salt, Alkali and Separate Revenue, and should be superscribed "Tenders for the supply of chrome leather sandals of the description (a) machine-made sandals with brass-arrived soles, (b) hand-made throughout (a) both."

5. The sandals supplied should be as per sample which may be seen at the Central Storehouse, Bala Bridge Road, Malaga.

4. The tenderer should state the rate per pair at which he is prepared to deliver the sandals of each kind at the Central Storehouse, and should send a sample pair.

5. Each tender should be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 100 in cash or in currency notes. The deposit will be returned to unsuccessful tenderers.

6. The Board reserves to itself the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reason for so doing.

7. The successful tenderer will be required to deposit a sum not exceeding 5 per cent of the amount of the contract as security for the due fulfilment of the same. He will be allowed to include in this sum the amount of his initial deposit.

8. The successful tenderer will also be required to sign an agreement within seven days from the date of the commencement of the supply of his tender binding himself to supply the required number of sandals in two equal instalments, the first instalment within two months of the date of execution of his agreement and the remaining one at an interval of not more than one month. Failure to fulfil the terms of the agreement will entail forfeiture of the deposit.

9. Copies of the form of agreement may be seen at the office of the Board of Revenue, Separate Revenue, Chapsack, Malaga.

10. The sandals supplied will be examined by a committee who will have power to reject such of them as are not up to sample. All rejected sandals must be replaced within a week.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Malaga, 15th August 1936.

E. F. THOMAS,
Secretary.

[illegible]

C. A. F. HEDDERLEY, Major, I.M.S.,
Agricultural, Government Military Hospital

Madras, 24th August 1916.

GOVERNMENT OF TEXAS
 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
 DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH
 DIVISION OF VITAL STATISTICS
 BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
 1100 NORTH DALLAS STREET
 DALLAS, TEXAS 75202

Thinking was started at Archives of Navy and Hospital Systems

Stocks in heavily glass that ended trading, as daylight will be received up to 10 a.m. on Friday the 12th September 1918 by the Superintendent, Government Ophthalmic Hospital, for the supply of non-perishable articles in bulk, as detailed in the annexed schedule, for the Government Ophthalmic Hospital, Madras.

5. A separate header must be sent for each group or article.

3. Tickets will be opened by the Representative, Government Ophthalmic Hospital, Karachi's Road, Feroze, at the appointed time to the persons of these interested who may choose to attend.

4. Indices to be explicated showing the number of the group or article. Each index must contain not only the name, but the total value of each item of supply entered in a separate column, the same is which must be totaled up.

2. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit in Government promissory notes or Bank receipts equal to 5 per cent on the total value of the tender, and in default of such deposit, the tender will be rejected, nor will any tender be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders. No cash will be accepted. The deposit will be returned to unsuccessful tenders immediately.

6. The successful tenderer shall be required to deliver the crystals except myristole, stear, and wax and shell in bulk one week after acceptance of tender. Payment will be made as soon as possible after delivery.

3. The successful lead-out, after receiving indication that his teacher has been accepted, must supply the article in full before the promised date, failing which his earnest money will be forfeited to Government.

3. Receipt of the different orders must be furnished by each doctor along with his order. The receipt of the accepted order will be mailed and lodged in the office of the Superintendent, Government Dispensary Hospital.

* The Superintendant, Government Ophthalmic Hospital, reserves to himself the right to decline to accept the tender for any one or more of the articles tendered for by the successful tenderer without assigning any reason for doing so.

18. The Superintendent, Government Ophthalmic Hospital, also reserves to himself the right of rejecting tenders without assigning any reason for doing so.

11. Tenders containing rates manifestly below the market value of articles will be summarily rejected.

15. Every contract to be tendered must comply with the conditions, including which the tender will be rejected.

12. The teacher should attach a certificate to his tender or tenders to the following effect:—

¹⁴ I, the producer, agree to have the earnest money deposited to Government in case of my failure to undertake the trade."

Summary

Non-verifiable articles

[illegible]

Moscow, 24th August 1959.

H. KIRKPATRICK, Major, I.M.S.,
Superintendent, Government Ophthalmic Hospital

TENDERS FOR PURCHASE OF COTTON CUTTONS

Seamen prefer for the purchase of the waterproofed cotton suitcases which may accumulate in the Army Clothing Factory, Madras, during the current financial year, i.e., on the 31st March 1917, will be available by the Superintendant, up to 12 suits on Tuesday the 23rd September 1915.—

Dye white,	Cotton red,	Flax sheding.
Dye black,	Chest nutte black,	Tweeling.
Cotton staying.	Purple cotton black,	

Forms of tenders are obtainable on payment of Rs. 1 per set and samples can be inspected at the factory on work days between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. or will be forwarded to national tenders on application. Tenders must be sent under a sealed cover conspicuously marked "Tender for the purchase of noise eatings" and be accompanied by a ^{franchise bank} receipt for Rs. 15 as return money.

Army Clothing Factory, Haidan,
13th August 1946.

D. STUART PRINCE, 2nd Lt. Col.
for Distinguished Service

SALE OF GOVERNMENT ELEPHANTS

None or all of the following Government elephants will be offered for sale by auction at Walajna on the 29th October 1910.

It is possible, arrangements will be made to keep the mail train from Polkara in the morning and to Polkara in the evening for the convenience of mounting holders.

The deposits of unsuccessful bidders will be returned on or about _____.

Payment in full for confirmed sales is to be made

Calcutta, the amount of interest deposit being deducted.

The deposit of any purchase billings to pay the amount due on the prescribed date will be forfeited to Government.

No deposit may be returned until payment has been made.

Purchasers must take over their purchases on the 15th October 1915.

Government will not be responsible for any elephants sold but received on the 15th October 1915 and the purchaser of any unsold elephants must pay for the keep at Rs 5 per day with effect from that date.

If any purchase is not received by the 15th October 1915 its sale will be considered cancelled.

The elephants will be sold without any harness or other belongings and purchasers must provide their own chains, etc., for their purchases.

Purchasers must keep their own elephants abroad; Government animals cannot be depoted to assist any elephants in destination.

Government are not bound to accept the highest or any bid.

Purchase and name.	Report age.	Sex.	Purchase and name.	Report age.	Sex.
1. Indramani ..	24 ..	Female.	8. Subhiman ..	20 ..	Male.
2. Lakshmi ..	5 ..	Do	10. Vagari ..	5 ..	Female.
3. Deep ..	8 ..	Do	11. Narasani ..	5 ..	Do.
4. Kandasani ..	24 ..	Do	12. Dolly ..	5 ..	Do.
5. Sakshani ..	24 ..	Do.	13. Namani ..	8 ..	Male.
6. Sengala Ma ..	9 ..	Male.	14. Dampani ..	20 ..	Female.
7. ..	..	..	15. Dings ..	7 ..	Do.
7. Surala ..	24 ..	Female.	16. Lala ..	5 ..	Do.
8. Chikler ..	14 ..	Do.			

Note.—Walyara is a station on the South Indian Railway about 17 miles by road from Calcuttaw.

Calcuttaw, 21st August 1915.

H. A. LATHAM,
Acting Commissioner of Forests, Madras Circle.

AUCTION SALE

Notice is hereby given that shall land No. 4 of the Chingleput Division will be offered for sale by public auction at Nagapattinam on 1st October 1915 at 3 p. m.

2. Every person wishing to bid at the sale should deposit Rs. 10 before he can be allowed to bid.

3. The successful bidder should deposit half the amount of purchase money, failing which, it will be forfeit at his risk, he being held responsible for any loss and not entitled to the gain by such sale.

4. The sale is subject to the Executive Engineer's confirmation. If not confirmed, the amount deposited will be refunded to the party. If confirmed, the balance of purchase money should be paid within a week of the receipt of the confirmation and the best value seen.

Madras, 19th August 1915.

R. A. KRISHNAYANA ATTANGAR,
Executive Engineer, Chingleput Division.

AUCTION SALE

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the following surplus stock of the Public Works Department available at Nagapattinam will be sold by public auction at 3 p. m. on the 15th September 1915 by the Executive Engineer, Tanjore Division, in the compound of the Public Office at Nagapattinam:—

300-04 cwt. of coconuts dehusked,
350 cwt. of coconuts unhusked.

(1) Bidding bidders are requested to deposit a sum of Rs. 100 each in advance and then bid at the auction.

(2) The successful bidder should be prepared to pay the balance amount of the sale immediately after the close of the auction and remove the materials at once.

(3) The deposits of the unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them immediately.

(4) In case a co-auction of the materials be found necessary owing to the failure on the part of the successful bidder, the loss if any incurred thereby will be recovered from the amount of deposit paid by him in advance.

(5) The Executive Engineer reserves to himself the right whether to accept the highest bid or not.

Tanjore, 17th August 1915.

V. GOPALATTA,
Executive Engineer, Tanjore Division.

LEASE OF SUBURBS OF COCOANUT TREES FOR RUBBER-DRAWING FOR ONE YEAR

A public notice for the lease of coconut trees in the compound of the General Hospital, Madras, for rubber-drawing for a period of one year commencing from 1st October 1915 will be held in the premises of the General Hospital on Monday the 15th September 1915 at 10 a.m. by the District Medical Officer.

3. Persons who desire to bid at the auction shall deposit an earnest Rs. 10 beforehand.

5. The lease will be knocked down to the highest bidder subject to the condition that the selling officer will reserve to himself the right of rejecting the highest bid or any bid without assigning reasons for doing so and his decision will be final.

6. The successful bidder shall pay at once half the amount for which the usufruct of coconut trees have been sold and bought in by him and shall pay the remaining half in five monthly instalments.

7. The deposits of unsuccessful bidders shall, at the close of the auction, be returned to them.

BOARD OF REVENUE (LAND REVENUE—FOREST)

- CHAMPAIN LIST OF FOREST OFFICERS OF MADRAS PRESIDENCY (WITH CHART), corrected up to 1st August 1915. Imperial fco, paper cover. Area 1. (5 p.)
- CHAMPAIN LIST OF RANGERS AND DEPUTY RANGERS OF THE FOREST DEPARTMENT OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY. Corrected up to 1st July 1915. Imperial fco. Paper cover. As 1. (1 a.)
- FOREST CODE OF INSTRUCTIONS AND THE CODES OF OFFICE AND OTHER ORDINANCES AND THE REGULATIONS OF APPLICABLE WITH FOREST OFFICE. Additional (Imperial) embodying corrections up to 1st June 1915. Imperial fco, bound. As 1. (5 a.)

BOARD OF REVENUE (SEPARATE REVENUE)

- QUARTERLY LIST OF ESTABLISHMENTS OF THE MADRAS PALE, STRAITS AND SEPARATE REVENUE DEPARTMENTS, corrected up to 1st July 1915. Royal fco, paper cover. As 12 (2 a.)
- FOURTEENTH LIST OF OFFICIALS. Fourteenth list of officials. Area 1. (5 p.)

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT

- LOCAL FORM BOOK. 2nd edition. (Revised 1914). Fiftieth list of corrections. As 1. (5 p.)

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT

DEPARTMENT OF INSTRUCTION—

- Bulletin No. 18. Form supply for small forms. Area 1. (5 p.)
- Bulletin No. 24. Glass formers. Area 1. (5 p.)
- PRINCIPAL CHAIRMAN, MADRAS COUNCIL FOR 1915-17. Duty fco, paper cover. As 15. (2 a.)
- TEACHERS' CHAIRMAN, MADRAS COUNCIL FOR 1915-17. Royal fco, bound. As 15. (2 a.)
- MADRAS INSTRUCTION CODE. (Revised 1915). Royal fco. Paper cover. As 3-5 (1 a.)
- HEADMASTER CHAIRMAN, MADRAS COUNCIL FOR 1915-17. Duty fco. Paper cover. As 15. (1 a.)
- TEACHERS' CHAIRMAN, MADRAS COUNCIL FOR 1915-17. Duty fco. Paper cover. As 15. (1 a.)
- AMOUNT OF THE ROLLS RELATIVE TO FELLOWSHIP FRANCHISES IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY. Corrected up to 31st March 1915. Royal fco, paper cover. Area 4. (1 a.)
- EXAMINATIONS CYCLES. Calendar for 1915-17. Duty fco, paper cover. Area 12. (1 p.)

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

- GENERAL STATUTES BOOKS AND ORDERS, TWO VOLUMES, 1915. Royal fco. Cloth. Vol. I. As 2 (4 a.); Vol. II. As 4-5 (5 a.); Vol. III. As 6 (7 a.); Vol. IV. As 7 (8 a.).
- COMBINATION OF ACTS PASSED BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF INDIA OR COUNCIL IN NEW YORK 1915. Royal fco. English As 2-5. (5 p.)
- LOCAL DEBTS AND OTHER RULES UNDER STATUTES APPLICABLE TO THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY. 1915 Edition. Revised supplement to Volume I. As 2. (5 p.) Revised supplement to Volume II. As 2-5. (1 a.)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACTS

- ACT XX OF 1915. BOMBAY PAPER COMMISSION (AMENDMENT). Footstep fco. English. As 2. (5 p.)
- GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915 (S. 2 of 1915, c. 41). Royal fco. As 1. (5 a.)
- ACT No. II of 1915. INCORPORATION. MASTERS UP TO 1st APRIL 1915. Royal fco. English. As 2. (1 a.)
- ACT No. VIII of 1915. TARIFF. MADRAS UP TO 1st APRIL 1915. Royal fco. English. As 4. (1 a.)
- ACT IV of 1915. TARIFF (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. As 2. (5 a.) and footstep fco. Tamil. As 1-5. (5 p.)
- ACT V of 1915. INCORPORATION (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. As 2-5. (5 p.)
- ACT VI of 1915. PAPER (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. As 2-5. (5 p.)
- ACT VII of 1915. MADRAS OFFICIALS. Royal fco. English. As 2-5. (5 p.)
- ACT VIII of 1915. PAPER COMMISSION (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. As 2-5. (5 p.)
- ACT IX of 1915. PAPER COMMISSION (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. As 2-5. (5 p.)
- ORDINANCE No. IV of 1915. THE STATUTES RELATIVE TO FELLOWSHIP FRANCHISES IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY. Corrected up to 31st March 1915. Royal fco, paper cover. As 1-5. (5 p.)
- ACT No. V of 1915. EXAMINATIONS. English, Royal fco. As 2-5. (5 p.) Footstep fco. Tamil, Telugu, Canara, Malayalam, Hindustani and Urdu. Each As 1-5. (5 p.)

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS ACTS

- ACT II of 1914. MADRAS INSTRUCTION CODE (AMENDMENT). English. Royal fco. Area 1. (5 p.)
- ACT III of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
- ACT IV of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
- ACT V of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
- ACT VI of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
- ACT VII of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
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- ACT IX of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
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- ACT XI of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
- ACT XII of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
- ACT XIII of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
- ACT XIV of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
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- ACT XVIII of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
- ACT XIX of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)
- ACT XX of 1914. MADRAS CIVIL CODE. (AMENDMENT). Royal fco. English. Area 1. (5 p.)

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Comm.

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VACANCIES.

Wanted a *Zeitschrift* graduate with a fair knowledge of English for the Epigraphical Section's place on No. 75. During the period of probation for one year (or less if found necessary), he will draw Rs. 50, and Rs. 75 on confirmation, when he will have to sign a declaration binding himself for five years' service with a penalty of Rs. 1,000 in default. After five years' approved service he will be considered for the higher grade of Rs. 100-5-100. Applications will be received till the 15th September by the undersigned whose office has been transferred to Madras from 1st October 1915. The applicants should state their age, special qualifications if any for research work and access character references.

M. KRISHNA SASTRI,
Assistant Archaeological Superintendent for Epigraphy.

Commenced, 12th August 1916.

Advertisements are invited from candidates who have passed the Lower School Certificate Test of the College of Engineering, Madras, to fill up the following permanent posts in the Office—
(a) Three appointments of Sub-Overseers on the seventh grade, pay Rs. 25 each per mensem.
(b) Five appointments of Sub-Overseers on the eighth grade, pay Rs. 34 each per mensem.

I. D. VENKATARAMA IYER,
Superintending Engineer, III Circle.

Ends, 12th August 1916.

Wanted a shorthand writer and typist for the Collector's Office, Tirupattur. Pay according to qualifications. Note that those who are qualified under the Government rules need apply. Applications with copies of testimonials, giving full particulars as to age, examination qualifications, past service, etc., should reach the undersigned before 15th September 1916.

Tirupattur Collector's Office,
12th August 1916.

S. A. S. VENKAT,
Acting Collector.

Wanted immediately 500 shobas for field service. Form "B" Pay to be settled in person. Rate 50 paise each in pay, with free rations and field service clothing in the field. Money advanced in lieu of rations while in India. Men should at once apply in person to the Assistant in the Office in Charge Supply, Fort St. George.

S. P. MURTHY, Major,
Assistant to the Officer in Charge Supply, Southern Region.

Fort St. George, Madras,
12th August 1916.

Advertisements are invited for the post of a temporary draftsman-cum on No. 30 in the office of the undersigned. Note that those who have passed the Revenue survey draftsman's test or who have had sufficient experience as draftsmen in the survey party need apply.
3. The appointment is likely to last for not less than six months.

Office of the Special Deputy Collector in land acquisition
and Public Works, Tirupattur,
12th August 1916.

M. TAMIL-UD-DIN,
Special Deputy Collector.

Advertisements are invited from duly qualified candidates for the post of a Minor Irrigation Officer in the South Arcot district on a salary of Rs. 60-0-0-100, the increment being withheld. The post will be held on a temporary footing for the present and is likely to be made permanent.
4. Applicants should reach this office on or before the 25th September 1916.

South Arcot Collector's Office,
25th August 1916.

M. ABUL-UD-DIN,
Collector.

Advertisements are invited from candidates for the post of a Probationary Revenue Inspector in this district. Candidates must have passed the B.A. Degree examination and should be below the age of 28. Applicants should reach this office on or before the 25th September 1916 and should contain particulars as to—
(1) Age; (2) Character and nationality; (3) Experience in public service; and (4) Vernacular languages known.

Madras Collector's Office,
25th August 1916.

M. YOUNG,
Collector.



SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 36.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 3, 1918.

[Pages, 2 plus.]

MADRAS PORT TRUST

MINUTES OF A BOARD MEETING, No. 10 OF 1918-17, HELD ON THE
16th AUGUST 1918.

PRESENT:

Mr. H. R. G. Mitchell, Esq., *Ap. Chairman.*

Mr. G. W. E. Ceyne, Esq., I.C.S.
Commander C. W. Sharma, R.N.M.
Mr. A. Mortland, Esq.
Mr. R. Todd.
Mr. J. J. Sanyal.
Mr. A. P. Sanyal.
Mr. J. H. Thayer.

Khan Bahadar Mahomed Akbar Khatun
Bahadur Shah.
M.E. Ry. Muz Sahib C. Ramaswami Chett
Guru.
M.E. Ry. Rao Bahadur P. Thangayya Chett
Guru, Esq.
M.E. Ry. C. Rajah Muzam Ammal,

125. Read, approved and resolved the minutes of the proceedings of the previous meeting held on Friday the 6th August 1918.

127. Read note by the Acting Chairman and the Deputy Port Commissioners on the subject of the rules governing the entry of motorable sailing vessels into the port.

Resolved that Government be asked to sanction the following rule:—

(1) *Under Section 8 (1) (a) of Indian Ports Act 1908.*—No motorable sailing vessels of 100 tons register and upwards are prohibited from entering or leaving the anchorage harbour of Madras under full steam. Such vessels must obtain the sanction of the Port Trust tug.

Under Section 35 (1) of Indian Ports Act, 1908.—Tonnage charges for sailing vessels within Port limits Rs. 15 per ton.

128. Read note by the Acting Chairman submitting a report from the Deputy Port Commissioners regarding a collision between the tug "Triton" and the tug "Fishbird" etc.

Resolved that the Acting Chairman's proposals be approved.

129. Read Government Notification No. 1125-1, dated 15th August 1918, referring for remarks letter from the Government of India, Railway Department, desiring to hold a Conference to discuss the remedies for relieving congestion on the railways during busy season.

Read note by the Acting Chairman and draft letter to the Chief Secretary to Government.

Resolved that the draft reply to Government be adopted.

130. Read and approved draft letter by the Acting Chairman to the Chief Secretary to Government, Madras Department, submitting for sanction a reorganisation of the present pooling funds for paying the Collector of Madras for the instalment of certain Compositions paid to the Trust for the construction of Harbour Works here.

H-789-1

141. The audit report of the Assistant-General on the Port Trust accounts for the year 1915-16, having been completed was ordered to be recorded.

142. Read note by the Deputy Port Commissioner recommending one month's privilege leave to Mr. H. Garland, Harbour Master, from 14th August and proposing certain arrangements during his absence.

Resolved that one month's privilege leave to Mr. Garland, Harbour Master, and the arrangements proposed during his absence be sanctioned.

143. Read note by the Deputy Port Commissioner recommending, for reasons given, the grant, under the rules for Foreign employees, of a gratuity of Rs. 75 to Kordak, business of the pilings establishment, who has become unfit for further service.

Resolved to sanction the gratuity.

144. Read note by the Trust's Chief Engineer reporting sanction for allowances paid to certain of his Office staff during the absence of clerk T. S. Rameswami Ayyar.

Resolved that the allowances paid be sanctioned.

145. Read letter, dated 5th August 1916, from Mr. K. Chirappali Reddy, B.A., Assistant Engineer, applying for a month's extension of three weeks' privilege leave granted to him in Board's Resolution No. 107 of the 11th July 1916.

Resolved that the additional leave be granted.

146. The following statement comparing harbour dues collected in and up to the end of July 1916 with those for the corresponding period of the previous two years was ordered to be recorded—

Statement showing the amount of dues collected during the month of July 1916.

	1914.			1915.			1916.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
I. Harbour receipts—									
(1) Dues on imports ..	41,358	18	11	46,674	18	12	47,072	6	0
(2) Dues on exports ..	39,905	7	0	40,531	16	8	40,548	14	0
(3) Transit dues, imports ..	51,979	1	8	10,247	2	8	9,920	31	0
(4) Storage, exports ..	185	8	0	1,175	8	8	220	8	0
(5) Rent for storage space ..	687	0	0	1,248	7	12	1,843	8	2
(6) Harbour terminal charges ..	5,347	8	11	4,875	3	0	4,655	22	3
(7) Dues ..	36,322	4	0	38,378	11	15	32,648	8	0
(8) Passengers' charges ..	497	11	8	468	18	6	268	15	8
(9) Dues on cargo ..	19	0	0	139	14	8	347	14	0
(10) Hire of harbour wagons ..	.....			1,694	0	8	150	7	8
II. Receipts for and payments—									
(1) Rents of properties ..	5,794	8	0	4,115	7	9	4,838	7	0
(2) Overhaul fees ..	2,134	8	8	1,757	8	0	480	0	0
(3) Passenger tolls ..	1,581	14	2	.....			145	8	10
(4) Taxes and penalties ..	.....			.....			3	0	0
(5) Railway tolls ..	2,310	0	6	2,310	0	0	1,678	0	0
III. Balance—									
(1) Water sold in boats ..	1,405	8	0	1,891	15	10	1,205	8	1
(2) Do. in water ..	958	8	8	875	8	5	368	0	0
(3) Sale of unsalvaged goods ..	.....			—	0	8	183	10	8
(4) Other sales ..	.....			.....			.....
IV. Contributions to revenue—									
(1) From Port Trade ..	.....			.....			.....
(2) From Government ..	.....			.....			.....
V. Interest—									
(1) Interest on investments ..	458	0	11	1,098	8	7	.....	
VI. Miscellaneous—									
(1) Profit on investments ..	.....			.....			.....
(2) Commission on Corporation timber licence fees ..	174	2	8	892	8	6	868	14	0
VII. Items remaining unbalanced ..	1,138	1	0	.....			.....
Total ..	1,41,288	8	7	1,58,855	8	6	99,394	11	7
<hr/>									
	Average of 1914-1915.			Average of 1915-1916.			Increase or decrease in the last two years.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
April ..	1,19,678	12	8	74,255	8	4	74,315	7	11
May ..	1,21,898	18	0	82,358	1	8	82,350	6	10
June ..	1,24,531	8	10	82,982	14	3	1,04,026	3	4
July ..	1,48,138	0	7	1,50,832	8	4	88,554	13	7
Total ..	4,94,244	0	5	3,73,888	11	1	3,80,489	19	8

147. Received a set statement of estimate furnished since the 9th August 1916.

148. Received Administration Report of the Aden Port Trust for the year 1915-16.

149. Received Proceedings of the Madras Trade Association from 1st March 1916 to 22nd February 1917.

180. Received G.O. No. 229 M., dated 31st July 1915, sanctioning the resolution of the Trust's trustees due to the extent of Rs. 15-14-0 on certain goods proposed by the Chairman during the fortnight ending 21st July 1915. *See Board's Resolution No. 120, dated 22nd July 1915.*

181. Forwarded G.O. No. 170, Madras, dated 31st July 1915, approving the Board's proposal to issue in future an annual expenditure of Rs. 25-13-4 *Adiyathu* to Madras Port Fund on account of the annual rental of telephone lines. *See Board's Resolution No. 10, dated 7th July 1915.*

182. Securities and cash held by the Bank of Madras for the Madras Port Trust on the 31st August 1915 were ordered to be recorded as follows:—

	Government securities.		Cash balances.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Revenue Account	250.		5,84,258	18 20
Provident Fund Account	5,65,800		15,592	4 5
Deposit Account	15,750		878	16 8
Edna Sellers' Home Charity Account	57,280		3,818	8 3
Donald Davidson's Fund Account	25,500		838	7 4
Fireworks Fund Account	50,000		1,500	12 3
Maritime Trust Advances Account	250		60,230	8 4

Port Trust Office, Madras,
31st August 1915.

H. E. G. MITCHELL,
Acting Chairman, Madras Port Trust.



SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 562

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 3, 1906.

[Paper, 6 pica.]

METEOROLOGICAL RESULTS

FROM THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY REGISTER.

1906.	Barometer reduced to 32° F.	Thermometers				Rain Fall in Inches.	Humidity.	Wind.				Direction of surface wind.	
		Calculated Daily Means.		Observed Extremes.				Prevailing direction.	Daily velocity.	Depth of run.	Cloudy sky.		
		Day.	Night.	Max.	Min.								
day.	Barom.	Day.	Night.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	S.S.W.	Miles.	Feet.	Per.	Direction.	
1st Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
2nd Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
3rd Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
4th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
5th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
6th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
7th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
8th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
9th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
10th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
11th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
12th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
13th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
14th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
15th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
16th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
17th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
18th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
19th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
20th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
21st Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
22nd Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
23rd Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
24th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
25th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
26th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
27th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
28th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
29th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
30th Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	
31st Jan.	30.118	88.0	70.0	88.8	70.0	100.0	74	S.E. by E.	90	11	31	Drifted from S.W.	

The Standard Barometer and Thermometer are read at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 4 p.m., and 8 p.m., and the daily means are obtained by the application of hourly corrections, deduced from twenty years' observations. The station of the Barometer is twenty-two feet above the level of the sea, and the receiver of the Rain Gauge is two feet from the ground. The wind, rain and general weather registered are for the current Civil Day—from midnight to midnight.

The total quantity of rain collected since January 1st is 10.40 inches, the average for the same period being 10.05 inches.

MADRAS Observatory, 26th September 1906

R. LA JONES,
Deputy Director.



SUPPLEMENT TO PART II
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 361

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 2, 1916.

[Price, 2 pice.

ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING
2ND SEPTEMBER 1916.

DISTRICT REPORTS.

GANDAM.

Water-supply sufficient except in few taluks. Harvests moderate in bet and betula 30-1 feet deep. Ploughing; transplantation of paddy proceeding but delayed in parts for want of water. Standing crops fair. Harvested sugarcane and groundnuts, cotton fair. Pasture sufficient, fodder scarce in two taluks. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair. More rain is still required along the coast.

VIJAYAPUTAM.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Sowing of black-ground and green-ground commencing, of chillies proceeding and of tobacco maturing, transplantation of paddy commencing, proceeding or maturing and of cotton proceeding. Standing crops thriving. Harvested combs, jute, hemp, sugarcane and groundnuts; cotton generally fair. Pasture generally sufficient, fodder generally available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

GODAVARI.

Water-supply sufficient. Godavari 4 feet above normal. Ploughing; weeding; sowing of pulses, preparing tobacco seed-beds and transplantation of paddy and chillies in progress. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, cottons poor to fair; groundnuts, jute, hemp and sugarcane, fair; maize fair to normal and hemp, normal. Pasture sufficient except sparse; availability of fodder not reported. Condition of cattle good but anthrax prevalent in one taluk and disease (not specified) in two others. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

KRISHNA.

Water-supply sufficient. Kistna 4-2 feet above normal. Ploughing for dry crops and weeding of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested sugarcane and cottons; cottons poor. Pasture sufficient, fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but disease prevalent in two taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

GUNTUR.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing of dry crops, preparing land for later crops and transplantation of paddy and weeding proceeding. Standing crops fair. Pasture sufficient, fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but disease prevalent in several taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects good.

KURNOOL.

Water-supply sufficient. Tungabhadra 2-3 feet above normal. Sowing of paddy, cotton, millets, jute, groundnuts and weeding proceeding in parts. Standing crops good. Pasture sufficient, fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but disease prevalent in parts of some taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

BANGALAPALLE.

[Report not received.]

DISCUSSION

Water supply sufficient. Flooding: severe in cotton, beans, sorghum and paddy and trans-
plantations of cotton and tobacco; swelling of rapeseed and paddy; marking rapeseed field, pre-
siding, heading crop but; but early crops are in danger of rain. Grains: wheat, rice
in part of the field but damage is not serious. Harvested: sorghum, cotton, rice, rapeseed, beans
sufficiently before maturity. Condition of traffic good, but lowland-mouth, rapeseed and soybeans
in part of the field but damage is not serious. Employment: adequate.
Cattle: adequate. Poultry: fair.

RESULTS

*Water supply sufficient; raising of horse past and of seeds and weeding of beet, radish, cucumber and kumra proceeding; planting crops good. Pasture sufficient, fodder available. Condition of fields good. Employment available. Grains stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

ADVANTAGES

Water supply sufficient except in parts. Throughout, raising of poultry proceeding or completed in parts; of hares, game, concentrating or processing of livestock, hares, small and cattle proceeding. Transportation of poultry and game in parts. Weeding of poultry vaccination and of bags prepared. Studying of eggs, game, and of hares. Harvested eggs, sufficient for future sufficient; fodder sufficient. Conditions of cattle generally good. Employment available. Three-stocks sufficient. Fresh milk, 60%.

CRISDAPAM

Water supply sufficient. Floods in two areas. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, ladino, cotton, maize, rice and sorghum and translocation of paddy to other fields. Irrigated crops that had recent rains have thrived; in some areas the yield is high. Irrigated ladino, across normal; paddy and maize, fair. Fodder sufficient; fodder available. Cudroton of work generally good but some is spread in parts of five tillage. Employment available. Grain-crocks sufficient. Poultry sale.

實證上討論

* Watersupply sufficient except in one tank and in parts of two others. Freshness in those rivers. The maximum depth of water over the Sellers and Sargent sections was 4-6 feet and 18 feet respectively. The supply in the Kanger reservoir adequate. Flooding; mowing of paddy, wheat and sorghum and translocation of paddy proceeding in parts. Standing crops in part. Harvested Indrag, mung, pigeon and sesam; cotton fair to normal. Peasants discontent; labor restless. Confidence of public generally good; but discouraged, blackmarket, and epidemic typhus prevail in parts. Foodstuffs available. Grain-mills deficient. Prospects good.

1991: 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848,

[illegible]

RELATIVES

Books make excellent gifts. Evidently available.

BOTH ABOUT

Water supply sufficient except in two tanks, Kigita, Trachemys glauca. Flooding; sowing of paddy, mungbean, sorghum, rice, cotton and groundnut. No transmigration of any kind; no marketing of rice, groundnut, sorghum, paddy, cotton, mungbean, sorghum and indigo processing. Numerous crops growing in the area, provided they are not in the flood zone. No mungbean, sorghum, paddy, cotton or rice. Pigeons sufficient; fiddler crabs available but not in tank. Condition of soils variable and fertilizer available. Groundwater sufficient. Prospects fair.

CLUTCOG.

Water supply generally sufficient except in parts. Fertilizing; sowing of cotton, high strains, burrington and maize; processing of groundnuts; marketing of cashew-nuts, of mango, guava and seedling of mango, fig and guava; and processing of rubber, from generally good. Cattle and sheep generally well fed, and generally well milked; cotton bolls in season. Fodder generally sufficient; fodder available except in parts. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Brute-stock generally sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

NORTH ABST.

Water supply sufficient except in North Island. Ploughing; sowing of turnips, potatoes, groundnut, wheat, linseed, peas, clover and program of intensification of poultry and breeding of groundnuts, sugarcane and other processing crops. Fencing stock generally. Increased poultry, egg, rabbit, pig, sheep, and cattle raising. For Government, 100,000 lbs. of cotton available. Quantity of wheat generally good. Employment available. Trade index sufficient. Prices generally fair.

FALSE

Wide-supply sufficient except in parts of four tables. Threshing; sewing of paddy, rag, shawl, coats, oil-seeds, green-hair and sugarcane and transportation of paddy and rag; canoeing or paddling. Stealing from fur to fish. Starvation paddy, shawl, coats and rag; others fair to scarce; of ginger, poor to fair. Fishes sufficient; fowls available. Condition of cattle generally good. Ammunition available. Coal-tar sufficient. Privateers cond.

COMPARATIVE

Water-supply sufficient. Twelve feet of water in the Quarry at Ende. Sowing of shallow, ragi, horsegram, thrust, groundnut, cotton and pulses; translocation of potato, ragi and chickpea and planting of sugarcane proceeding. Seedling crops like: illustrated sugarcane and plantain, cotton, sorghum, ragi, soybean and mung, etc. to normal. Pests and diseases, mainly amiloid. Conditions of cattle good. Employment available. Grain stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TRICHINOPOLY.

Water-supply sufficient. Rice was the Grand Anand's best. Sowing of paddy, ragi, maize and cotton and transplantation of paddy proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested crops fair; cotton fair to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TAMBORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in one taluk. Height of water over the crest of the northern and southern branches of the Lower Anand 17 feet. Sowing of paddy commencing; all ragi and maize, and transplantation of paddy proceeding. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested crops; cotton fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good; but sickness and malnutrition sometimes prevail in parts of one taluk. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

TUDUKKOTTA.

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing; sowing of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available except in parts. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects good.

MADEIRA.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts. Average discharge from the Tamirai main canal not reported. Ploughing and sowing of dry crops, transplantation of paddy and weeding proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested crops; ragi and maize; cotton fair. Pasture generally sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good; but malnutrition prevails in one village. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects good.

KANNAD.

Water-supply insufficient except in parts. Ploughing; sowing commencing; proceeding of weeding. Standing crops good. Harvested crops; cotton, maize and ragi; cotton fair. Pasture sufficient but scanty in three taluks; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TENNEVELLY.

Water-supply sufficient except in one taluk. No flow was the Sivakumaran conflict; but discharge adequate. Ploughing and sowing of dry and wet lands; sowing of dry crops and transplantation of paddy and weeding proceeding. Standing crops good; but paddy in parts of one taluk withered. Harvested crops; ragi and paddy; cotton fair; ragi, poor to fair; maize poor. Pasture sufficient except in parts; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

MAFARAR.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops good. Harvested first crops; cotton fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SOUTH CANARA.

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing, transplantation sowing completion. Standing crops fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TRAVANCOR.

Water-supply and pasture sufficient. Harvest begins. Condition of cattle good.

COCHIN.

Water-supply sufficient. Harvest progressing. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good.

THE NILGIRIS.

Water-supply sufficient. Pruning, weeding and transplantation of main crops and sowing commencing. Standing crops fair. Harvested tea and coffee; cotton fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle fair. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SEASON TELEGRAM TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, SIMLA.

Week ending 2nd September 1916.—Rainfall all Saurar; light Gunter, Bellary and Madras; fair Coimbatore, Kurnool, Nellore, Chingleput, Chittoor, Tennevelly and Travancore; heavy Cochin and Nilgiris; good elsewhere. Standing crops fair to good generally but withering or withered in small portions of two districts for want of rain and damaged in part of another by rain. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops proceeding in parts; cotton fair to normal generally. Sowing of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops proceeding normally. Condition of cattle generally good. Water-supply insufficient in parts of Coimbatore, Amavapur, Nellore, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Bellary and South, sufficient elsewhere. Pasture sufficient except in parts of three districts. Fodder generally available. Prospects steady.

DEPT. OF REV. SERV., SECY., LAND REVENUE & AGRI.,
GOVT. OF MADRAS, Madras,
28 September 1916.

T. RAOMAYAN,
Secretary.

RAINFALL AND PRICES OF THE STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 2nd SEPTEMBER 1936.

District.	Rainfall in 1936.					Prices of Wheat (in 50 bush) and Barley.											
	In the week.		Up to the end of the week from 1st April.			Wheat.			Barley.			Oats.			Maize.		
	mm.	Average of 10 years ending 1935.	in.	Average of 10 years ending 1935.	in.	Average in.	Last week.	This week.	Average in.	Last week.	This week.	Average in.	Last week.	This week.	Average in.	Last week.	This week.
Ghana	Accra	3.9	12	..	28.5	8.4	8.0	7.8	12.9	10.1	10.4	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bechem	1.9	8.8	..	65.6	8.4	8.0	8.0	10.7	10.1	10.2	..	34.2	14.1	22.9	15.8	16.6
	Bole	1.0	..	..	22.1	8.8	8.0	8.8	10.7	10.3	10.1	17.0	10.1	10.1	..	17.0	17.4
	Bole	1.0	1.4	..	22.1	8.4	8.8	7.7	10.1	10.7	10.4	16.6	15.8	15.8	..	15.8	16.7
	Bole	0.1	1.4	..	10.3	10.2	7.8	7.8	..	10.7	10.7	10.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.7
Dahomey	Abomey	0.8	1.1	..	10.1	9.5	8.0	8.0	..	10.7	10.7	10.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.7
	Abomey	..	..	..	11.0	..	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	0.3	0.8	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	10.7	10.7	10.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.7
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cote d'Ivoire	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Senegal	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sierra Leone	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Liberia	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sierra Leone	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sierra Leone	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sierra Leone	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Abomey	..	..	..	10.1	9.5	7.8	7.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

A = Army.

B = British.

C = Average of the 10 years ending 1935-36.

D = Average of 10 years.

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